Children who bully often show other problematic behaviours

- Attention deficit/hyperactivity disorder
- Conduct problems
- Oppositional defiant disorder
- Depressive disorder

Bullying is considered a stepping stone for criminal behaviours

50% of all children who bully have police contact as an adult

Family factors can contribute to bullying behaviours

- Permissive child-rearing
- Use of physical punishment
- Inconsistent and lax disciplining style
- Low levels of parental affection and sensitivity
- High levels of family conflict
- Low family cohesion and care

Parental involvement in school = fewer school-related problems

SOURCE
Children who bully at school, CFCA <www.aifs.gov.au/cfca>

DESIGN
Australian Institute of Family Studies
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