

# Family Thesaurus

Subject headings used in the “Australian Family & Society Abstracts” database

October 2014 edition



## Thesaurus development

As part of its mandate to promote, encourage and coordinate research into factors affecting family life in Australia, the Institute of Family Studies setup the Australian Family Studies Database project in 1983. The Australian Family & Society Abstracts database and Family Thesaurus are outcomes of this project.

Family Thesaurus was first published in 1984 with a basic social science terminology selected from the first 1000 documents indexed in the database. Other thesauri and dictionaries were consulted, as were subject specialists at the Institute. A major review and revision preceded the publication of the second edition in 1987 which included the addition of 180 new terms and 150 cross references or non-used terms and the deletion of 160 no longer required terms. More attention was paid to scope notes, and dates were added to mark the introduction of new terms.

The third edition published in 1991, contained 135 new terms and 56 cross references, and introduced a history note to assist users to locate earlier documents when terms had been changed to reflect current practice. The database was first issued as a printed volume, with the last print version - the 6th edition - published in 2001. It is now available online only, and is updated yearly.

Approximately 3000 new records are added each year. Source documents include journal articles, conference papers, books, book chapters, government reports, research reports, unpublished papers, statistical reports, theses, resource kits and videos. Full text articles and reports published on the Internet have become an important source of literature in the last decade.

## Thesaurus structure

Family Thesaurus is arranged in an alphabetical sequence showing the hierarchical relationship of each main term to other terms. Non-used terms or cross-references are listed to guide users to the preferred terms. Main terms are shown in bold and non-used terms in a lighter typeface.

The Thesaurus facilitates post-coordinated indexing, whereby complex subjects are represented by several different headings, rather than one single heading. Post-coordinated systems rely on the use of boolean operators - such as and, or, not - to combine the separate headings for searching.

In constructing terms, punctuation is used minimally and hyphens avoided where possible. For phrases, direct order or natural language is preferred.

**Scope Note (SN)** - defines the intended meaning or usage of the term in Family Thesaurus and thus acts as a guide for those indexing documents for Family Database and for searchers retrieving them.

**History Note (HN)** - explains changes in the use of a term.

**Date (DT)** - identifies the date the term was introduced, and thus the date from when the term was used as a Family Database term. Terms without dates have been used to index all the records in the database.

**Broader Term (BT)** and **Narrower Term (NT)** - BT indicates a term that is similar but more general than the main term, and NT indicates a more specific term. The broader/narrower term relationship is reciprocal. When indexing documents for Family Database, the most specific terms that best describe the content of a document are chosen thus selecting a broader term will not automatically retrieve documents where the narrower term has been applied.

**Related Term (RT)** - indicates a thesaurus term that is related conceptually but not hierarchically like the broader/narrower term relationship. Related terms are always reciprocal and should be considered for use as other appropriate search terms.

**Use (USE)** and **Used For (UF)** - USE references direct the reader from non-preferred terms or synonyms to the preferred thesaurus term, while terms preceded by a UF designation are non-preferred terms. UF terms include synonyms and variants of thesaurus terms.

**Abduction**

UF: Kidnapping  
BT: Crime  
RT: Assault  
RT: Relocation  
RT: Terrorism

**Ability**

NT: Skills  
RT: Achievement  
RT: Competence  
RT: Gifted  
RT: Intelligence  
RT: Learning  
RT: Qualifications  
RT: Student assessment  
SN: Physical or mental quality or state of being able to perform a given task.

**Aboriginal child removal**

UF: Stolen Generations  
RT: Cultural assimilation

**Aboriginal customary law**

BT: Culture  
BT: Customary law  
BT: Law  
RT: Indigenous Australians  
RT: Kinship system

**Aboriginal land rights**

USE: Land rights

**Aboriginal reconciliation**

RT: Attitudes  
RT: Community relations  
RT: Indigenous Australians  
RT: Social justice

**Aboriginality**

UF: Identity (Aboriginal)  
BT: Identity  
RT: Indigenous Australians  
RT: Kinship system

*Aborigines*

USE: Indigenous Australians

**Abortion**

RT: Birth  
RT: Contraception  
RT: Family planning  
RT: Foetuses  
RT: Gynaecology  
RT: Infanticide  
RT: Pregnancy

**Absenteeism**

NT: Truancy  
RT: Leave of absence  
RT: Working conditions  
RT: Working hours

**Abuse**

BT: Social problems  
NT: Aged abuse  
NT: Alcohol abuse  
NT: Child abuse  
NT: Child emotional abuse  
NT: Child physical abuse  
NT: Child sexual abuse  
NT: Drug abuse

NT: Emotional abuse  
NT: Economic abuse  
NT: Institutional abuse  
NT: Parent abuse  
NT: Ritual abuse  
NT: Sexual abuse  
NT: Substance abuse  
RT: Crime  
RT: Family violence  
RT: Victims  
RT: Violence

**Academic achievement**

UF: Educational achievement  
BT: Achievement  
RT: Education  
RT: Educational aspirations  
RT: Gifted  
RT: Intelligence  
RT: Learning  
RT: Learning problems  
RT: Student assessment

**Academic personnel**

UF: Academics  
BT: Personnel  
BT: Professional personnel  
RT: Tertiary education  
RT: Universities

*Academically gifted*

USE: Gifted

*Academics*

USE: Academic personnel

**Accidents**

NT: Traffic accidents  
RT: Disasters  
RT: Drowning  
RT: Emergency services  
RT: Injuries  
RT: Safety

**Accommodation**

NT: Caravans  
NT: Housing  
RT: Refuges  
RT: Residential institutions

**Accountability**

RT: Ethics  
RT: Evaluation  
RT: Social responsibility  
RT: Standards

**Accreditation**

UF: Certification (Professions)  
RT: Education  
RT: Professions  
RT: Qualifications  
SN: Accreditation of professions, courses and institutions.

**Achievement**

NT: Academic achievement  
RT: Ability  
RT: Competence  
RT: Evaluation  
RT: Motivation  
RT: Social mobility  
RT: Standards

**Acquaintance rape**

BT: Rape

**Acquired brain injury**RT: Alcohol abuse  
RT: Disabled  
RT: Injuries**Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome**

USE: AIDS

**Action research**UF: Participatory action research  
BT: Research  
RT: Methodology**Adaptive behaviour**

USE: Adjustment

**Addiction (Alcohol)**

USE: Alcohol abuse

**Addiction (Drug)**

USE: Drug abuse

**ADHD**

USE: Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder

**Administration**

USE: Management

**Administration (Government)**

USE: Public administration

**Adjustment**UF: Adaptive behaviour  
BT: Behaviour  
RT: Change  
RT: Coping behaviour  
RT: School transition  
RT: Wellbeing**Adolescence**

USE: Adolescents

**Adolescent attitudes**BT: Attitudes  
RT: Adolescents  
RT: Children's attitudes  
SN: Attitudes of, not towards, adolescents.**Adolescent behaviour**BT: Behaviour  
RT: Adolescent development  
RT: Adolescents  
RT: Child behaviour**Adolescent development**BT: Development  
RT: Adolescent behaviour  
RT: Adolescent health  
RT: Adolescents  
RT: Child development  
RT: Personal development  
RT: Physical development  
RT: Puberty**Adolescent fathers**UF: Teenage fathers  
BT: Fathers  
RT: Adolescent mothers

RT: Adolescents

RT: Youth

**Adolescent health**BT: Health  
RT: Adolescent development  
RT: Adolescents  
RT: Youth health**Adolescent mothers**UF: Teenage mothers  
BT: Mothers  
RT: Adolescent fathers  
RT: Adolescents  
RT: Youth**Adolescent survivors**UF: Adolescent survivors of child abuse  
BT: Victims  
RT: Adult survivors  
RT: Child abuse  
RT: Child sexual abuse  
SN: Adolescents who have experienced abuse earlier in childhood**Adolescent survivors of child abuse**

USE: Adolescent survivors

**Adolescents**UF: Adolescence  
UF: Teenagers  
RT: Adolescent attitudes  
RT: Adolescent behaviour  
RT: Adolescent development  
RT: Adolescent fathers  
RT: Adolescent health  
RT: Adolescent mothers  
RT: Boys  
RT: Children  
RT: Girls  
RT: Juvenile delinquency  
RT: Life stage transitions  
RT: Parent child relationship  
RT: Runaways  
RT: School leavers  
RT: Secondary students  
RT: Youth  
SN: Aged 13-17.**Adoption**UF: Child placement  
NT: Intercountry adoption  
RT: Adoptive parents  
RT: Family  
RT: Foster care  
RT: Guardianship  
RT: Information access  
RT: Out of home care  
RT: Surrogacy (Birth)  
RT: Surrogate mothers**Adoptive parents**BT: Parents  
RT: Adoption  
RT: Biological children  
RT: Biological parents  
RT: Intercountry adoption**Adult children**BT: Adults  
RT: Children  
RT: Family relations  
RT: Former child migrants  
RT: Intergenerational relations

RT: Parent child relationship  
RT: Parents

### **Adult development**

BT: Development  
RT: Adults  
RT: Aged  
RT: Ageing  
RT: Middle aged  
RT: Moral development  
RT: Personal development  
SN: Physiological, psychological and sociological growth or maturation occurring throughout an adult's lifetime.

### **Adult education**

BT: Education  
NT: Continuing education  
NT: Parent education  
RT: Continuing professional education  
RT: Mature age students  
RT: Personal development  
RT: Retraining  
SN: Providing or co-ordinating purposeful learning activities for adult.

### *Adult students*

USE: Mature age students

### **Adult survivors**

UF: Adult survivors of child abuse  
BT: Victims  
RT: Adolescent survivors  
RT: Child abuse  
RT: Child sexual abuse  
RT: Emotional trauma  
RT: Repressed memory  
RT: Sexual assault  
RT: War

### *Adult survivors of child abuse*

USE: Adult survivors

### *Adultery*

USE: Extra marital relationship

### *Adulthood*

USE: Adults

### **Adults**

UF: Adulthood  
NT: Adult children  
NT: Aged  
NT: Middle aged  
RT: Adult development  
RT: Life stage transitions  
SN: Aged 18 years and over.

### *Advancement*

USE: Promotion (Occupational)

### **Advertising**

RT: Mass media

### **Advocacy**

NT: Child advocacy  
RT: Community participation  
RT: Community services  
RT: Consumer protection  
RT: Empowerment  
RT: Guardianship (Disabled)  
RT: Helping behaviour  
RT: Legal aid  
RT: Legal services

RT: Lobbying  
RT: Mentoring  
RT: Peak bodies  
RT: Self representation (Law)  
SN: Full and active support for, and representation of, an individual, group, cause or idea.

### *Aetiology*

USE: Causal factors

### *Affairs*

USE: Extra marital relationship

### **Affection**

BT: Emotions  
RT: Love

### **Affirmative action**

RT: Employment  
RT: Employment discrimination  
RT: Equal opportunity  
RT: Equal pay  
RT: Racial discrimination  
RT: Sex discrimination  
RT: Women's rights  
SN: Programs directed to promoting equality of opportunity in employment.

### **Afghans**

BT: Ethnic groups

### **Africans**

BT: Ethnic groups

### **After school care**

UF: Before school care  
UF: Outside school hours care  
BT: Child care  
RT: Family day care  
RT: Self care  
SN: Care of school aged children outside school hours.

### **Age differences**

UF: Developmental differences  
BT: Differences  
BT: Individual differences  
RT: Age discrimination  
RT: Ageing  
RT: Development  
RT: Generation differences  
RT: Marriage age  
RT: Physical development  
SN: Age comparisons of behavioural, developmental, attitudinal, and cognitive variations between individuals or groups.

### **Age discrimination**

BT: Discrimination  
RT: Age differences  
RT: Employment discrimination  
RT: Equal opportunity  
RT: Occupational segregation  
SN: Discriminatory attitudes or practices on account of an individual's age.

### **Age pensions**

UF: Old age pensions  
BT: Pensions  
RT: Aged  
RT: Retirement  
RT: Superannuation

**Aged**

UF: Elderly  
 UF: Old age  
 BT: Adults  
 NT: Frail aged  
 RT: Adult development  
 RT: Age pensions  
 RT: Aged abuse  
 RT: Aged care  
 RT: Aged health  
 RT: Ageing  
 RT: Elderly citizens' clubs  
 RT: Gerontology  
 RT: Intergenerational relations  
 RT: Life expectancy  
 RT: Nursing homes  
 RT: Older workers  
 RT: Respite care  
 RT: Retirement  
 RT: Retirement villages

**Aged abuse**

UF: Elder abuse  
 BT: Abuse  
 RT: Aged  
 RT: Economic abuse  
 RT: Family violence  
 RT: Human rights  
 SN: Includes physical, psychological and material abuse, active and passive neglect, and violation of rights of the aged.

**Aged care**

RT: Aged  
 RT: Aged health  
 RT: Carers  
 RT: Community care  
 RT: Frail aged  
 RT: Home based care  
 RT: Palliative care  
 RT: Residential care  
 RT: Respite care  
 RT: Self care

**Aged health**

BT: Health  
 RT: Aged  
 RT: Aged care  
 RT: Ageing  
 RT: Alzheimer's disease  
 RT: Dementia  
 RT: Frail aged  
 RT: Health services

**Ageing**

UF: Population ageing  
 RT: Adult development  
 RT: Age differences  
 RT: Aged  
 RT: Aged health  
 RT: Demographic trends  
 RT: Demography  
 RT: Gerontology  
 RT: Life cycle  
 RT: Life stage transitions  
 RT: Middle aged  
 SN: Applied where the focus is on the process of growing older.

**Aggression**

BT: Behaviour

RT: Anger  
 RT: Bullying  
 RT: Violence

**Agriculture**

UF: Farming  
 BT: Industry  
 RT: Farmers  
 RT: Rural communities  
 RT: Rural conditions

**AID**

USE: Artificial insemination by donor

**AIDS**

UF: Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome  
 UF: HIV/AIDS  
 BT: Diseases  
 RT: Sexual behaviour  
 RT: Sexually transmitted diseases

**Alcohol**

UF: Liquor  
 RT: Alcohol abuse  
 RT: Alcohol use

**Alcohol abuse**

UF: Addiction (Alcohol)  
 UF: Alcoholism  
 UF: Drinking problems  
 UF: Drunkenness  
 BT: Abuse  
 BT: Social problems  
 RT: Alcohol  
 RT: Alcohol use  
 RT: Drug abuse  
 RT: Risk taking  
 RT: Self harm  
 RT: Substance abuse

**Alcohol use**

RT: Alcohol  
 RT: Alcohol abuse  
 SN: Consumption of alcoholic beverages.

**Alcoholism**

USE: Alcohol abuse

**Alienation**

BT: Emotions  
 NT: Parental alienation  
 RT: Loneliness  
 RT: Pessimism  
 RT: Social isolation  
 SN: Withdrawal or estrangement from persons, objects or positions of former attachment.

**Allergy**

BT: Diseases  
 RT: Asthma

**Allowances**

USE: Benefits

**Allowances (Family)**

USE: Family allowances

**Allowances (Student)**

USE: Student allowances

**Allowances (Youth)**

USE: Youth allowances

### *Alternative care*

USE: Out of home care

### **Alternative dispute resolution**

UF: Circles of justice

UF: Court diversion

UF: Non-adversarial justice

RT: Arbitration

RT: Conciliation

RT: Conflict resolution

RT: Family dispute resolution

RT: Family group conferencing

RT: Grievance procedures

RT: Legal procedures

RT: Legal services

RT: Mediation

RT: Restorative justice

SN: Offered increasingly in Australian society as an adjunct to the formal justice system especially for groups which may not be well served by the court system.

### **Alternative lifestyle**

UF: Communal settlements

UF: Counter culture

BT: Lifestyle

RT: Communities

RT: Culture

RT: Household production

RT: Subculture

### **Alternative medicine**

UF: Herbal medicine

BT: Medicine

RT: Paramedical care

### *Alternative schools*

USE: Independent schools

### **Alzheimer's disease**

BT: Diseases

RT: Aged health

RT: Dementia

### *Ambition*

USE: Aspirations

### **Americans**

BT: Ethnic groups

NT: Native Americans

### **Anger**

BT: Emotions

RT: Aggression

### **Annulment**

UF: Nullity of marriage

RT: Marriage

RT: Remarriage

SN: A decree of nullity is granted under the Marriage Act 1961 when the conditions of a valid marriage are found not to exist.

### *Anorexia nervosa*

USE: Eating disorders

### *Antenatal care*

USE: Maternity services

### *Antenatal screening*

USE: Prenatal screening

### *Antenatal testing*

USE: Prenatal screening

### **Anthropology**

BT: Social sciences

RT: Culture

### **Antisocial behaviour**

UF: Deviant behaviour

UF: Maladjustment

BT: Behaviour

NT: Abuse

NT: Juvenile delinquency

NT: Paedophilia

NT: Torture

RT: Behaviour modification

RT: Behaviour problems

RT: Crime

RT: Offenders

SN: Conduct that differs from the norms, standards or expectations of society.

### **Anxiety**

BT: Emotions

RT: Fear

RT: Mental health

RT: Neuroses

RT: Personality traits

RT: Stress

### *Apartment houses*

USE: Housing

### **Appeals**

RT: Consumer protection

RT: Courts

RT: Grievance procedures

RT: Jurisdiction

RT: Social services

RT: Tribunals

SN: Requests to a higher court or regulatory body to reconsider the judgement of a lower court or body.

### *Applied science*

USE: Technology

### *Appraisal*

USE: Evaluation

### **Apprenticeships**

RT: Employment

RT: Students

RT: Technical education

RT: Vocational education

RT: Youth employment

### **Arabs**

BT: Ethnic groups

### **Arbitration**

NT: Industrial arbitration

RT: Alternative dispute resolution

RT: Conciliation

RT: Conflict resolution

RT: Law

RT: Legal procedures

RT: Mediation

### **Area studies**

UF: Regional studies

RT: Methodology

RT: Regional differences

RT: Regional planning

RT: Research

RT: Small area statistics

SN: Studies of political or geographical areas, generally involving more than one discipline.

*Armed forces*

USE: Defence force

**Armenians**

BT: Ethnic groups

**Arranged marriage**

BT: Marriage

**Arrest**

RT: Police

**Artificial insemination by donor**

UF: AID

BT: Artificial insemination

BT: Assisted reproduction

RT: Embryo transfer

RT: Gamete donors

RT: In vitro fertilisation

RT: Infertility

**Artificial insemination**

BT: Assisted reproduction

NT: Artificial insemination by donor

RT: Embryo transfer

RT: Embryos

RT: Fertility

RT: Gamete donors

RT: In vitro fertilisation

RT: Infertility

RT: Pregnancy

RT: Reproduction (Biological)

**Art**

BT: Arts

RT: Architecture

RT: Drama

RT: Music

**Arts**

BT: Culture

NT: Art

NT: Drama

NT: Music

RT: Creativity

**Asians**

BT: Ethnic groups

NT: Cambodians

NT: Chinese

NT: Filipinos

NT: Indians

NT: Indochinese

NT: Indonesians

NT: Japanese

NT: Koreans

NT: Laotians

NT: Malaysians

NT: Pakistanis

NT: Sri Lankans

NT: Thais

NT: Timorese

NT: Vietnamese

**Aspirations**

UF: Ambition

NT: Educational aspirations

NT: Occupational aspirations

RT: Motivation

SN: Individual desires to achieve goals and ideals.

**Assault**

BT: Crime

NT: Sexual assault

RT: Abduction

RT: Family violence

RT: Homicide

RT: Violence

*Assessment*

USE: Evaluation

*Assessment (Students)*

USE: Student assessment

*Assets*

USE: Property

*Assets test*

USE: Means test

*Assimilation (Cultural)*

USE: Cultural assimilation

*Assistance seeking*

USE: Help seeking behaviour

**Assisted reproduction**

NT: Artificial insemination

NT: Artificial insemination by donor

NT: Embryo transfer

NT: In vitro fertilisation

RT: Fertility

RT: Gamete donors

RT: Genetics

RT: Infertility

RT: Medical technology

RT: Reproduction (Biological)

RT: Surrogacy

**Associations**

UF: Clubs

UF: Societies

BT: Organisations

RT: Cooperatives

**Asthma**

BT: Diseases

RT: Allergy

**Asylum seekers**

RT: Mandatory detention

RT: Refugees

**At risk children**

BT: Children

RT: At risk groups

RT: Child abuse

RT: Child welfare

RT: Intensive home based family support services

RT: Risk factors

**At risk groups**

BT: Groups

RT: At risk children

RT: Complex needs

RT: Disadvantaged groups

RT: Early intervention

RT: Homelessness

RT: Isolated groups

RT: Poverty

RT: Risk factors

RT: Social problems

SN: Groups or individuals identified as possibly having or potentially developing a problem (physical, mental or social) requiring further evaluation or intervention.

**Atheism**



RT: Religion

### **Attachment**

BT: Behaviour  
NT: Bonding  
RT: Emotions  
RT: Interpersonal relationship  
RT: Intimacy  
RT: Parent child relationship  
SN: Behaviour exhibited by an individual attracted to and dependent on a specific person or object for emotional satisfaction.

### **Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder**

UF: ADHD  
RT: Behaviour problems  
RT: Hyperactivity  
RT: Learning problems  
SN: Behaviour characterised by inattention and /or hyperactivity-impulsivity.

### **Attitude change**

BT: Change  
RT: Attitudes  
RT: Social change

### **Attitudes**

UF: Public opinion  
UF: Social attitudes  
NT: Adolescent attitudes  
NT: Children's attitudes  
NT: Parent attitudes  
NT: Political attitudes  
NT: Teacher attitudes  
NT: Work attitudes  
RT: Aboriginal reconciliation  
RT: Attitude change  
RT: Attribution  
RT: Behaviour  
RT: Community education  
RT: Community participation  
RT: Discrimination  
RT: Optimism  
RT: Perception  
RT: Personality  
RT: Pessimism  
RT: Preferences  
RT: Public opinion polls  
RT: Racial discrimination  
RT: Response style  
RT: Stereotypes  
RT: Stigma  
RT: Subculture  
RT: Values

### **Attribution**

RT: Attitudes  
RT: Causal factors  
RT: Perception  
RT: Personality  
RT: Self perception  
SN: Making inferences about the causes underlying a behaviour in an attempt to understand the behaviour.

### **Autism**

RT: Cognitive development  
RT: Communication  
RT: Interpersonal relationship  
RT: Bail  
BT: Court procedures  
RT: Arrest

### *Autonomy*

USE: Independence

### *Aversion therapy*

USE: Psychotherapy

### *Awards (Wages)*

USE: Industrial awards

### *Babies*

USE: Infants

### *Bachelors*

USE: Single people

### *Background check*

USE: Pre-employment screening

### **Banking**

UF: Banks  
RT: Capital  
RT: Credit  
RT: Finance  
RT: Interest rates  
RT: Money  
RT: Savings

### **Bankruptcy**

UF: Business failure  
RT: Business  
RT: Debt  
RT: Finance

### *Banks*

USE: Banking

### *Barristers*

USE: Legal practitioners

### *Battered children*

USE: Child physical abuse

### *Battered wives*

USE: Family violence

### *Before school care*

USE: After school care

### **Behaviour**

UF: Conduct  
NT: Adjustment  
NT: Adolescent behaviour  
NT: Aggression  
NT: Attachment  
NT: Behaviour problems  
NT: Bullying  
NT: Child behaviour  
NT: Coping behaviour  
NT: Deviant behaviour  
NT: Help seeking behaviour  
NT: Helping behaviour  
NT: Hyperactivity  
NT: Nonverbal communication  
NT: Risk taking  
NT: Sexual behaviour  
NT: Violence  
RT: Attitudes  
RT: Behaviour modification  
RT: Individual differences  
RT: Language  
RT: Leadership  
RT: Lifestyle  
RT: Motivation  
RT: Participation

RT: Personal development  
RT: Personality  
RT: Play  
RT: Psychology  
RT: Response style  
RT: Role  
RT: Values

#### *Behaviour change*

USE: Behaviour modification

#### **Behaviour modification**

UF: Behaviour change  
RT: Behaviour  
RT: Behaviour problems  
RT: Intervention  
RT: Psychotherapy  
RT: Self control  
RT: Self help techniques  
RT: Social control  
RT: Therapy

#### **Behaviour problems**

UF: Disruptive behaviour  
UF: Misbehaviour  
UF: Misconduct  
UF: Problem children  
BT: Behaviour  
NT: Problematic sexual behaviour  
RT: Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder  
RT: Behaviour modification  
RT: Bullying  
RT: Antisocial behaviour  
RT: Juvenile delinquency  
RT: Risk taking  
RT: School refusal  
RT: Truancy

#### *Beliefs*

USE: Ideology

#### **Benefits**

UF: Allowances  
BT: Social services  
NT: Family allowances  
NT: Sickness benefits  
NT: Supporting parents benefits  
NT: Unemployment benefits  
NT: Workers' compensation  
NT: Youth allowances  
RT: Emergency relief  
RT: Fringe benefits  
RT: Income management  
RT: Income support  
RT: Means test  
RT: Pensions  
SN: Government allowances intended to support people in the short term.

#### **Bereavement**

RT: Death  
RT: Grief  
RT: Loss

#### **Best practice**

RT: Evaluation  
RT: Service delivery  
RT: Standards  
SN: Principles and practice aimed at achieving world-class results in program development, service delivery and at the organisational level.

#### *Betting*

USE: Gambling

#### *Bias*

USE: Discrimination

#### **Bibliographies**

UF: Booklists  
UF: Reference lists  
BT: Information services  
RT: Directories  
RT: Literature reviews  
SN: Complete or select lists of literature on particular subjects.

#### **Bilingual education**

BT: Education  
RT: Multilingualism

#### *Bilingualism*

USE: Multilingualism

#### **Bioethics**

BT: Ethics  
RT: Biology  
RT: Medical technology  
RT: Medicine

#### **Biological children**

UF: Biological children of foster parents  
BT: Children  
RT: Adoptive parents  
RT: Adoptive parents  
RT: Siblings  
SN: The birth children of parents who foster or adopt a child

#### *Biological children of foster parents*

USE: Biological children

#### **Biological parents**

UF: Birth parents  
UF: Genetic parents  
UF: Natural parents  
BT: Parents  
RT: Adoptive parents  
RT: Foster parents  
RT: Gamete donors  
RT: In vitro fertilisation  
RT: Paternity  
RT: Surrogacy (Birth)  
RT: Surrogate mothers  
HN: Term replaced 'birth parents' March 2009.

#### **Biology**

UF: Sociobiology  
BT: Science  
NT: Ecology  
NT: Genetics  
RT: Bioethics

#### **Birth**

UF: Childbirth  
NT: Caesarian section  
RT: Abortion  
RT: Birth centres  
RT: Birth education  
RT: Birth history  
RT: Birth order  
RT: Birth rate  
RT: Birthplace  
RT: Exnuptial births  
RT: Home birth  
RT: Infants  
RT: Life cycle

RT: Maternity services  
RT: Multiple births  
RT: Pregnancy  
RT: Reproduction (Biological)  
RT: Stillbirth  
RT: Surrogacy (Birth)  
RT: Unintended pregnancy

### **Birth centres**

RT: Birth  
RT: Home birth  
RT: Hospitals  
RT: Maternity services  
RT: Pregnancy

### *Birth control*

USE: Contraception

### *Birth defects*

USE: Congenital abnormalities

### **Birth education**

UF: Childbirth education  
BT: Education  
RT: Birth  
RT: Parenthood education

### **Birth history**

UF: Birth intervals  
UF: Child bearing age  
RT: Birth  
RT: Birth order  
RT: Birthplace  
RT: Delayed childbearing  
RT: Family planning  
RT: Mothers  
SN: A woman's live births including age at first birth, and the span of years that a woman bears children.

### *Birth intervals*

USE: Birth history

### **Birth order**

RT: Birth  
RT: Birth history  
RT: Children  
RT: Family size  
RT: Family structure  
RT: Inheritance  
RT: Multiple births  
RT: Only children  
SN: The sequence in which children are born into a family.

### *Birth parents*

USE: Biological parents

### **Birth rate**

UF: Births  
UF: Fertility rate  
RT: Birth  
RT: Contraception  
RT: Demographic trends  
RT: Demography  
RT: Family formation  
RT: Family size  
RT: Population growth  
RT: Population size

### *Birth registration*

USE: Name registration

### **Birthplace**

RT: Birth  
RT: Birth history  
RT: Demography  
RT: Ethnicity  
RT: Family background  
RT: Immigration  
RT: Migrants  
RT: Non English speaking background

### *Births*

USE: Birth rate

### **Bisexuality**

BT: Sexuality  
RT: Heterosexuality  
RT: Homosexuality  
RT: Transsexualism  
RT: Transvestism

### *Blended families*

USE: Step-families

### *Blind*

USE: Visually impaired

### *Blue collar workers*

USE: Unskilled labour

### **Boarding houses**

BT: Housing  
BT: Residential institutions

### **Body image**

RT: Body weight  
RT: Diet  
RT: Eating disorders  
RT: Obesity  
RT: Physical characteristics  
RT: Self perception

### *Body language*

USE: Nonverbal communication

### **Body weight**

UF: Weight  
BT: Physical characteristics  
RT: Body image  
RT: Eating disorders  
RT: Health  
RT: Obesity

### **Bonding**

BT: Attachment  
RT: Father child relationship  
RT: Infants  
RT: Mother child relationship  
SN: The process occurring in the first hours and days after birth, which establishes through physical contact the instinctive relationship between parent and child.

### *Booklists*

USE: Bibliographies

### **Bosnians**

BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Europeans

### **Boys**

UF: Males  
BT: Children  
RT: Adolescents  
RT: Masculinity  
RT: Men

RT: Sons

**Breastfeeding**  
RT: Nutrition  
RT: Pregnancy

**British**  
BT: Ethnic groups

*Brothers*  
USE: Siblings

**Buddhism**  
BT: Religion  
RT: Buddhists

**Buddhists**  
RT: Buddhism  
RT: Ethnic groups

**Budgets**  
RT: Economic policy  
RT: Expenditure  
RT: Finance  
RT: Financial counselling  
RT: Financial management  
RT: Personal finance  
RT: Public finance

**Building design**  
NT: Housing design  
RT: Building

**Building**  
UF: Construction  
RT: Building design  
RT: Housing

*Bulimia*  
USE: Eating disorders

**Bullying**  
BT: Behaviour  
NT: Cyberbullying  
RT: Aggression  
RT: Behaviour problems  
RT: Child physical abuse

**Bureaucracy**  
BT: Organisations  
NT: Public service  
RT: Public administration

**Burmese**  
BT: Ethnic groups

*Burnout*  
USE: Stress

**Bushfires**  
BT: Disasters

**Business**  
NT: Small business  
RT: Bankruptcy  
RT: Capitalism  
RT: Companies  
RT: Consumption (Economics)  
RT: Economics  
RT: Finance  
RT: Industry  
RT: Management

*Business failure*  
USE: Bankruptcy

**Caesarian section**  
BT: Birth

**Cambodians**  
BT: Asians  
BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Indochinese

**Cancer**  
BT: Diseases  
RT: Terminal illness

**Capital gains tax**  
BT: Taxation  
RT: Capital  
RT: Income tax  
RT: Property

**Capitalism**  
BT: Political ideologies  
RT: Business

**Capital**  
BT: Finance  
RT: Banking  
RT: Capital gains tax  
RT: Economics  
RT: Income  
RT: Money  
RT: Property  
RT: Wealth

**Caravans**  
UF: Mobile homes  
BT: Accommodation

*Cardiac diseases*  
USE: Heart diseases

*Care givers*  
USE: Carers

*Care time arrangements*  
USE: Shared care

**Career choice**  
BT: Careers  
RT: Occupational aspirations  
RT: Occupations  
RT: Vocational guidance  
RT: Work experience

*Career education*  
USE: Vocational education

**Careers**  
NT: Career choice  
RT: Dual careers  
RT: Employment  
RT: Occupational aspirations  
RT: Occupations  
RT: Professions  
RT: Promotion (Occupational)  
RT: Recruitment  
RT: Vocational guidance  
RT: Work experience  
SN: Includes career development.

**Carers**  
UF: Care givers

RT: Aged care  
RT: Community services  
RT: Family  
RT: Family responsibilities  
RT: Foster parents  
RT: Home based care  
RT: Physical dependency  
RT: Respite care  
RT: Social support networks  
SN: Principal providers of care including domestic activities, nursing and personal care to the elderly, chronically ill or disabled.

#### *Cars*

USE: Motor vehicles

#### **Case law**

BT: Law  
SN: Law established by judicial decisions in particular cases, instead of by legislation.

#### **Case management**

BT: Management  
RT: Health services  
RT: Needs assessment  
RT: Social services  
RT: Social work  
RT: Treatment  
SN: Evaluation of the health or social service needs of an individual, development of a service plan, referral, and follow up.

#### **Case studies**

BT: Measures  
RT: Genealogy  
RT: Longitudinal studies  
RT: Methodology  
RT: Research

#### **Casual employment**

UF: Casual labour  
UF: Contract labour  
RT: Labour market  
RT: Part time employment  
SN: Seasonal and other short term employment.

#### *Casual labour*

UF: Casual employment

#### **Causal factors**

UF: Aetiology  
UF: Causality  
UF: Influence  
RT: Attribution  
RT: Effects  
RT: Methodology  
RT: Research  
RT: Risk factors

#### *Causality*

USE: Causal factors

#### **Censorship**

RT: Human rights  
RT: Freedom of information  
RT: Freedom of speech

#### **Census**

RT: Demography  
RT: Methodology  
RT: Statistics  
SN: A canvass of a given area resulting in the compilation of demographic, social and economic information pertaining to that population at a specific

time.

#### **Cerebral palsy**

BT: Congenital abnormalities  
RT: Disabled  
RT: Disabled children  
RT: Physically disabled

#### **Cerebrovascular diseases**

UF: Stroke  
BT: Diseases

#### **Ceremonies**

NT: Funerals  
RT: Civil celebrants

#### *Certification (Professions)*

USE: Accreditation

#### **Change**

NT: Attitude change  
NT: Educational change  
NT: Social change  
NT: Technological change  
RT: Adjustment  
RT: Demographic trends  
RT: History

#### *Change of name*

USE: Name registration

#### **Charities**

UF: Foundations (Charitable)  
UF: Philanthropy  
BT: Organisations  
RT: Community services  
RT: Nongovernment organisations  
RT: Social services  
RT: Trusts  
RT: Volunteering

#### **Child abuse**

UF: Child maltreatment  
UF: Maltreated children  
BT: Abuse  
NT: Child emotional abuse  
NT: Child neglect  
NT: Child physical abuse  
NT: Child sexual abuse  
NT: Incest  
NT: Munchausen Syndrome by Proxy  
NT: Sibling abuse  
RT: Adolescent survivors  
RT: Adult survivors  
RT: At risk children  
RT: Child abuse prevention  
RT: Child abuse reporting  
RT: Child protection  
RT: Child protection policy  
RT: Child welfare  
RT: Family relations  
RT: Family violence  
RT: Infanticide  
RT: Institutional abuse  
RT: Mandatory reporting  
RT: Parent child relationship  
RT: Parental alienation  
RT: Parenting  
RT: Repressed memory  
RT: Ritual abuse  
SN: Collective term used for all forms of child abuse and neglect.

children by parents, use Parenting. For children in state care use Out of home care.

### **Child abuse prevention**

BT: Prevention  
NT: Child safe organisations  
RT: Child abuse  
RT: Child protection  
RT: Family support services  
RT: Home visits  
RT: Personal safety  
SN: Strategies and programs established to educate, inform or support children, parents, and the community in order to prevent child abuse.

### **Child abuse reporting**

NT: Mandatory reporting  
RT: Child abuse  
RT: Child protection  
RT: Child protection policy  
RT: Child welfare  
RT: False allegations

### **Child advocacy**

UF: Representation of children  
UF: Separate representation (Children)  
BT: Advocacy  
RT: Child welfare  
RT: Children  
RT: Children's rights  
RT: Children's wishes  
RT: Human rights  
RT: Juvenile justice  
RT: Legal aid  
SN: Full and active support and representation to ensure the individual child's basic rights and developmental needs, including those related to home, community and school.

### **Child agreements**

HN: Introduced with the Family Law Amendment Act 1987, but replaced by the term Parenting plans with the Family Law Reform Act 1995.

### *Child bearing age*

USE: Birth history

### **Child behaviour**

BT: Behaviour  
RT: Adolescent behaviour  
RT: Child development  
RT: Child psychology  
RT: Children  
RT: Hyperactivity  
RT: Problematic sexual behaviour  
RT: School refusal

### **Child care**

UF: Day care (Children)  
NT: After school care  
NT: Family day care  
NT: Occasional care  
NT: Work based child care  
RT: Child care centres  
RT: Child care fee relief  
RT: Child care policy  
RT: Child care workers  
RT: Children  
RT: Children's services  
RT: Parenting  
RT: Play groups  
RT: Preschool children  
RT: Self care  
SN: Care of children by persons other than their parents or guardians on a partial or full day basis. For care of

### **Child care centres**

UF: Creches (Day nurseries)  
RT: Child care  
RT: Child care workers  
RT: Preschools

### **Child care fee relief**

RT: Child care  
RT: Child care policy  
RT: Public finance  
RT: Subsidies  
SN: Government assistance with child care fees to low income families.

### **Child care policy**

BT: Policy  
RT: Child care  
RT: Child care fee relief  
RT: Child welfare  
RT: Early childhood policy  
RT: Social policy

### **Child care workers**

BT: Personnel  
RT: Child care  
RT: Child care centres

### **Child contact**

UF: Child contact services  
UF: Contact (Children)  
UF: Visitation (Children)  
RT: Family law  
RT: Non-resident parents  
RT: Parental alienation  
RT: Parenting plans  
RT: Residence (Children)  
RT: Shared care  
HN: For references prior to the Family Law Reform Act 1995 (implemented 1996), use Access.  
SN: Right of access to a child by parents and relatives after parental separation.

### **Child contact services**

RT: Child contact  
RT: Family support services  
RT: Non-resident parents

### **Child custody**

RT: Child contact  
RT: Grandparent families  
RT: Non-resident parents  
RT: Parental alienation  
RT: Shared parenting  
HN: The Family Law Reform Act 1995, (implemented 1996), introduced conceptual and terminology changes. From this date, for Australian literature, use Residence (Children).  
SN: Covers responsibility for the daily care and control of a child, including decisions concerning accommodation, feeding, clothing, behaviour etc. Also includes custody disputes.

### **Child development**

BT: Development  
RT: Adolescent development  
RT: Child behaviour  
RT: Child health  
RT: Child psychology  
RT: Children  
RT: Children's responsibilities  
RT: Cognitive development  
RT: Moral development

RT: Perception  
RT: Personal development  
RT: Physical development  
RT: Socialisation  
RT: Temperament  
RT: Toys

*Child disability*

USE: Disabled children

**Child emotional abuse**

BT: Abuse  
BT: Child abuse  
BT: Emotional abuse

*Child endowment*

USE: Family allowances

**Child health**

BT: Child welfare  
BT: Health  
RT: Child development  
RT: Children  
RT: Early intervention

*Child maintenance*

USE: Child support

*Child maltreatment*

USE: Child abuse

**Child neglect**

UF: Neglect (Child)  
BT: Child abuse  
RT: Child welfare  
RT: Self care  
SN: Failure to provide a child with an adequate standard of physical and emotional care and nurturing.

**Child physical abuse**

UF: Battered children  
BT: Abuse  
BT: Child abuse  
RT: Bullying  
RT: Corporal punishment

*Child placement*

USE: Adoption  
USE: Foster care  
USE: Out of home care

**Child pornography**

BT: Pornography  
RT: Child sexual abuse  
RT: Human trafficking  
RT: Sexting

**Child prostitution**

BT: Prostitution  
RT: Child sexual abuse  
RT: Human trafficking

**Child protection**

RT: Child abuse  
RT: Child abuse prevention  
RT: Child abuse reporting  
RT: Child protection policy  
RT: Child protection workers  
RT: Child welfare  
RT: Family group conferencing  
RT: Family support services  
RT: Intensive home based family support services  
RT: Prevention

SN: Strategies and programs set up to protect children who have been abused or who are at risk of abuse.

**Child protection policy**

BT: Policy  
RT: Child abuse  
RT: Child abuse reporting  
RT: Child protection  
RT: Child welfare  
RT: Children's services  
RT: Family support services  
RT: Social policy  
HN: For references prior to 1992 combine the terms Child abuse or Child welfare and Social policy.

**Child protection workers**

BT: Personnel  
RT: Child protection  
RT: Social workers  
SN: Personnel employed in child protection programs or services.

**Child psychology**

BT: Psychology  
RT: Child behaviour  
RT: Child development  
RT: Children  
RT: Parental alienation

*Child rearing*

USE: Parenting

**Child safe organisations**

BT: Child abuse prevention  
RT: Organisations  
RT: Work with children check

**Child sexual abuse**

UF: Intra-familial sexual assault  
BT: Abuse  
BT: Child abuse  
NT: Incest  
NT: Paedophilia  
RT: Adolescent survivors  
RT: Adult survivors  
RT: Child pornography  
RT: Child prostitution  
RT: Problematic sexual behaviour  
RT: Rape  
RT: Repressed memory  
RT: Ritual abuse  
RT: Sexual assault  
RT: Sibling abuse

**Child support**

UF: Child maintenance  
BT: Maintenance payments  
RT: Divorce  
RT: Family law  
RT: Parenting plans  
RT: Spousal maintenance  
SN: Financial support of children by parents after marital separation.

**Child welfare**

NT: Child health  
RT: At risk children  
RT: Child abuse  
RT: Child abuse reporting  
RT: Child advocacy  
RT: Child care policy  
RT: Child neglect  
RT: Child protection  
RT: Child protection policy  
RT: Children

RT: Children's services  
RT: Family allowances  
RT: Family support services  
RT: Home visits  
RT: Intervention  
RT: Leaving care  
RT: Out of home care  
RT: Social services  
RT: Social welfare  
RT: Wellbeing

#### **Child witnesses**

UF: Witnesses, Children  
RT: Children  
RT: Children's wishes  
RT: Evidence (Law)  
HN: For references prior to 1991 combine the terms Evidence (Law) and Children.

#### *Childbirth*

USE: Birth

#### *Childbirth education*

USE: Birth education

#### **Childhood**

RT: Children  
RT: Life cycle  
RT: Life stage transitions

#### **Childlessness**

RT: Children  
RT: Family structure  
RT: Infertility  
RT: Parents  
RT: Value of children  
SN: State of having no children.

#### **Children**

NT: At risk children  
NT: Biological children  
NT: Boys  
NT: Disabled children  
NT: Exnuptial children  
NT: Girls  
NT: Grandchildren  
NT: Infants  
NT: Migrant children  
NT: Only children  
NT: Preschool children  
RT: Adolescents  
RT: Adult children  
RT: Birth order  
RT: Child advocacy  
RT: Child behaviour  
RT: Child care  
RT: Child development  
RT: Child health  
RT: Child psychology  
RT: Child welfare  
RT: Child witnesses  
RT: Childhood  
RT: Childlessness  
RT: Children of prisoners  
RT: Children's attitudes  
RT: Children's responsibilities  
RT: Children's rights  
RT: Children's services  
RT: Children's wishes  
RT: Costs of children  
RT: Daughters  
RT: Early childhood policy  
RT: Family

RT: Father child relationship  
RT: Guardianship  
RT: Intergenerational relations  
RT: Mother child relationship  
RT: Parent child relationship  
RT: Parenting  
RT: Parenting plans  
RT: Parents  
RT: Residence (Children)  
RT: Runaways  
RT: Sons  
RT: Twins  
RT: Value of children  
RT: Youth  
SN: From 0-12 years.

#### *Children in care*

USE: Out of home care

#### **Children of prisoners**

RT: Children  
RT: Prisoners  
RT: Women prisoners

#### **Children's attitudes**

BT: Attitudes  
RT: Adolescent attitudes  
RT: Children  
SN: Attitudes of, not towards, children.

#### *Children's courts*

USE: Juvenile courts

#### **Children's responsibilities**

BT: Responsibility  
RT: Child development  
RT: Children  
RT: Children's rights  
RT: Family responsibilities  
RT: Individual responsibilities  
RT: Liability  
RT: Parent responsibilities  
RT: Self care  
SN: Responsibilities of, not for, children.

#### **Children's rights**

BT: Human rights  
BT: Rights  
RT: Child advocacy  
RT: Children  
RT: Children's responsibilities  
RT: Children's wishes  
RT: Juvenile justice  
RT: Legal rights  
RT: Parent rights

#### **Children's services**

BT: Services  
BT: Social services  
RT: Child care  
RT: Child protection policy  
RT: Child welfare  
RT: Children  
RT: Community services  
RT: Early childhood education  
RT: Interagency collaboration  
RT: Programs  
RT: Out of home care

#### **Children's wishes**

UF: Wishes, Children's  
RT: Child advocacy  
RT: Child witnesses



RT: Children  
RT: Children's rights  
RT: Decision making

### **Chinese**

BT: Asians  
BT: Ethnic groups

### **Christianity**

BT: Religion  
RT: Christians

### **Christians**

BT: Religion  
RT: Christianity

### **Chronic illness**

UF: Illness (Chronic)  
RT: Diseases  
RT: Frail aged  
RT: Health  
RT: Mental illness  
RT: Physical illness  
RT: Terminal illness  
SN: Diseases of slow progression and/or long duration.

### **Church**

BT: Organisations  
RT: Clergy  
RT: Missions  
RT: Religion

### *Church missions*

USE: Missions

### *Church schools*

USE: Independent schools

### **Church workers**

BT: Personnel  
RT: Clergy  
RT: Lay people

### *Circles of justice*

USE: Alternative dispute resolution

### *Circle sentencing*

USE: Restorative justice

### **Circumcision**

RT: Female genital mutilation

### **Cities**

RT: Geographic location  
RT: Neighbourhoods  
RT: Suburban life  
RT: Suburbs  
RT: Town planning  
RT: Towns  
RT: Urban sociology  
RT: Urbanisation

### **Citizenship**

UF: Nationality  
RT: Immigration  
RT: Migrants  
RT: Name registration  
RT: Political attitudes  
RT: Social responsibility

### *City planning*

USE: Town planning

### **Civil celebrants**

RT: Ceremonies  
RT: Civil unions  
RT: Marriage

### **Civil law**

BT: Law  
NT: Torts  
RT: Liability  
RT: Negligence  
RT: Unintended pregnancy

### *Civil marriage*

USE: Civil union

### *Civil partnership*

USE: Civil union

### *Civil procedures*

USE: Court procedures

### *Civil rights*

USE: Human rights

### *Civil service*

USE: Public service

### **Civil union**

UF: Civil marriage  
UF: Civil partnership  
UF: Domestic partnership  
UF: Registered partnership  
BT: Family law  
RT: De facto couples  
RT: Same-sex couples  
RT: Marriage  
SN: Legal contracts between partners recognised by a state or government as conferring all or some of the rights conferred by marriage.

### *Civil wrongs*

USE: Torts

### **Class actions**

BT: Litigation  
RT: Grievance procedures  
RT: Groups

### *Class distinction*

USE: Social classes

### **Clergy**

UF: Ministers of religion  
RT: Church  
RT: Church workers  
RT: Lay people

### **Climate**

UF: Climate change  
UF: Weather  
RT: Drought  
RT: Environment  
SN: Atmospheric and weather conditions

### *Climate change*

USE: Climate

### *Clubs*

USE: Associations

### **Cluster analysis**

UF: Clustering

BT: Factor analysis  
BT: Statistical analysis

#### *Clustering*

USE: Cluster analysis

#### *Codes of rules*

USE: Regulations

#### **Coeducation**

BT: Education

#### **Cognitive development**

UF: Intellectual development  
UF: Mental development  
UF: Perceptual development  
BT: Development  
NT: Problem solving  
RT: Autism  
RT: Child development  
RT: Concept formation  
RT: Imagination  
RT: Intelligence  
RT: Learning  
RT: Learning problems  
RT: Memory  
RT: Perception  
RT: Personal development  
RT: Physical development  
RT: Psychology  
RT: School readiness  
RT: Socialisation  
SN: Acquisition of conscious thought, reasoning, symbol manipulation and problem solving abilities beginning in infancy and following an orderly sequence.

#### **Cohabitation**

UF: Common law marriage  
RT: Cohabitation agreements  
RT: De facto couples  
RT: Family  
RT: Family formation  
RT: Marital status  
RT: Marriage  
RT: Mate selection  
RT: Premarital couples  
RT: Premarital sex  
RT: Same-sex couples  
SN: Living together without marriage but under marriage-like conditions.

#### **Cohabitation agreements**

RT: Cohabitation  
RT: Contracts  
RT: Law  
RT: Marriage agreements  
RT: Property  
SN: Agreements drawn up by cohabitating couples in relation to property, children etc.

#### *College fees*

USE: Educational fees

#### *College graduates*

USE: Graduates

#### **Commercialisation**

RT: Competition policy  
RT: Contract services  
RT: Economic policy  
RT: Privatisation  
RT: Public administration  
RT: Public finance

#### *Commissions (Government)*

USE: Government advisory bodies

#### *Common law marriage*

USE: Cohabitation

#### *Commonwealth State relations*

USE: Intergovernmental relations

#### *Communal settlements*

USE: Alternative lifestyle

#### **Communication**

UF: Interpersonal communication  
NT: Nonverbal communication  
RT: Autism  
RT: Couple relationship  
RT: Family relations  
RT: Interpersonal relationship  
RT: Language  
RT: Parent child relationship  
RT: Research to practice  
RT: Social interaction  
RT: Speech  
RT: Teaching  
RT: Telecommunications  
SN: Human interchange of thoughts and opinions.

#### *Communications systems*

USE: Telecommunications

#### **Communism**

BT: Political ideologies  
RT: Marxism  
RT: Socialism

#### **Communities**

BT: Groups  
NT: Neighbourhoods  
NT: Rural communities  
NT: Suburbs  
RT: Alternative lifestyle  
RT: Community centres  
RT: Community development  
RT: Community relations  
RT: Community services  
RT: Environment  
RT: Sociology  
RT: Suburban life  
RT: Towns  
SN: Social units having common rights or interests within a larger society. They need not be geographically defined.

#### **Community care**

BT: Community services  
RT: Aged care  
RT: Community participation  
RT: Deinstitutionalisation  
RT: Home based care  
RT: Normalisation (Disabled)  
RT: Residential care  
RT: Respite care  
SN: Programs and services for the aged or disabled who are not living with their families or in institutional care.

#### **Community centres**

UF: Neighbourhood houses  
BT: Community services  
NT: Community justice centres  
NT: Crisis centres  
RT: Communities  
RT: Community development

RT: Day care centres  
RT: Health centres

### **Community development**

BT: Development  
RT: Communities  
RT: Community centres  
RT: Community education  
RT: Community participation  
RT: Community services  
RT: Economic development  
RT: Empowerment  
RT: Local government  
SN: Process by which communities and outside agencies plan, organise or implement general improvements of community resources, facilities, economic conditions etc.

### **Community education**

UF: Public awareness  
BT: Education  
RT: Attitudes  
RT: Community development  
RT: Community participation  
RT: Community services  
RT: Educational programs  
RT: Health education  
SN: Education and awareness raising at a community level on specific issues.

### *Community health centres*

USE: Health centres

### **Community housing**

BT: Community services  
BT: Housing  
RT: Community participation  
RT: Homelessness  
RT: Local government  
RT: Public housing  
SN: Non-profit, rental housing owned and/or managed by community groups and organisations with or without local government involvement.

### *Community involvement*

USE: Community participation

### *Community notification*

USE: Offender registration

### **Community participation**

UF: Community involvement  
UF: Public participation  
BT: Participation  
RT: Advocacy  
RT: Attitudes  
RT: Community care  
RT: Community development  
RT: Community education  
RT: Community housing  
RT: Community services  
RT: Consumer participation  
RT: Empowerment  
RT: Self determination  
RT: Social capital  
RT: Social responsibility  
SN: Involvement of a community in activities or programs.

### *Community registers*

USE: Offender registration

### **Community relations**

UF: Race relations  
RT: Aboriginal reconciliation  
RT: Communities

RT: Community services  
RT: Ethnic groups  
RT: Racial discrimination  
RT: Social capital  
RT: Social interaction  
SN: Relations between different groups in a community with emphasis on race and ethnicity.

### **Community services**

BT: Services  
BT: Social services  
NT: Community care  
NT: Community centres  
NT: Community housing  
NT: Community visitors  
NT: Volunteering  
RT: Advocacy  
RT: Carers  
RT: Charities  
RT: Children's services  
RT: Communities  
RT: Community development  
RT: Community education  
RT: Community justice centres  
RT: Community participation  
RT: Community relations  
RT: Day care centres  
RT: Deinstitutionalisation  
RT: Elderly citizens' clubs  
RT: Emergency services  
RT: Family day care  
RT: Family support services  
RT: Help seeking behaviour  
RT: Home based care  
RT: Information services  
RT: Interagency collaboration  
RT: Interpreters  
RT: Local government  
RT: Nongovernment organisations  
RT: Peak bodies  
RT: Programs  
RT: Respite care  
RT: Social support networks

### **Community visitors**

BT: Community services  
RT: Out of home care  
RT: Residential care  
SN: Service providing advocacy and companionship for socially isolated people in residential care, acute care, or out of home care.

### **Commuting**

UF: Journey to work  
RT: Fly-in fly-out employment  
RT: Geographic mobility  
RT: Motor vehicles  
RT: Public transport  
RT: Transport

### **Companies**

BT: Organisations  
RT: Business

### **Comparative studies**

UF: Cross cultural studies  
RT: Cross cultural differences  
RT: Research  
SN: Used where data from more than one country are examined and compared.

### *Compassion fatigue*

USE: Vicarious trauma

**Compensation (Law)**

UF: Damages  
RT: Law  
RT: Litigation  
RT: Torts  
RT: Workers' compensation

**Competence**

RT: Ability  
RT: Achievement  
RT: Personal development  
RT: Skill development  
RT: Skills  
SN: The possession of knowledge, skills, and personal characteristics needed to satisfy the special demands or requirements of a particular situation.

**Competition policy**

BT: Policy  
RT: Commercialisation  
RT: Economic policy  
RT: Economics  
RT: Privatisation  
RT: Public finance  
SN: Removal of privileges and legal structures which protect government agencies from competition in their business activities.

*Competitive tendering*

USE: Contract services

**Complex needs**

UF: Multiple and complex needs  
UF: Multiple disadvantage  
UF: Multiple vulnerabilities  
RT: At risk groups  
RT: Disadvantaged groups  
RT: Hard to reach families  
RT: Needs assessment  
RT: Service delivery  
SN: Families and groups facing complex and multiple problems or vulnerabilities, requiring a collaborative service response.

**Comprehension**

UF: Understanding  
RT: Intelligence  
RT: Knowledge  
RT: Learning  
RT: Literacy  
RT: Memory  
RT: Reading

*Compulsory income management*

USE: Income management

*Compulsory reporting*

USE: Mandatory reporting

**Computer applications**

RT: Computer education  
RT: Computer games  
RT: Computers  
RT: Information technology  
RT: Internet  
RT: Social media

**Computer crime**

BT: Crime  
RT: Computers

**Computer education**

BT: Education

RT: Computer applications  
RT: Computers

**Computer games**

RT: Computer applications  
RT: Recreation

**Computers**

RT: Computer applications  
RT: Computer crime  
RT: Computer education  
RT: Information technology  
RT: Telecommunications

**Concept formation**

UF: Conceptualisation  
RT: Cognitive development  
RT: Concepts  
RT: Creativity  
RT: Learning  
RT: Theory formulation  
SN: Developmental or learning process involving identification of common properties of objects, events, or qualities, usually represented by words or symbols, and generalisation of those properties to all appropriate objects, events or qualities.

**Concepts**

RT: Concept formation  
RT: Theories

*Conceptualisation*

USE: Concept formation

**Conciliation**

RT: Alternative dispute resolution  
RT: Arbitration  
RT: Conflict resolution  
RT: Counselling  
RT: Family courts  
RT: Family law  
RT: Legal procedures  
RT: Legal services  
RT: Mediation  
SN: Counselling process, often court or legally based, designed to assist couples to reach agreement and finalise matters such as separation, divorce, property settlement and child custody.

*Conditional cash transfers*

USE: Income management

*Conditional income management*

USE: Income management

*Conditional welfare*

USE: Income management

**Condom usage**

BT: Contraception  
RT: Sexual behaviour

*Conduct*

USE: Behaviour

*Confession (Law)*

USE: Evidence (Law)

**Confidential information**

UF: Medical files  
UF: Secrecy  
RT: Disclosure  
RT: Freedom of information  
RT: Information access  
RT: Privacy

**Conflict**

BT: Social interaction  
NT: Parental conflict  
NT: War  
RT: Conflict resolution  
RT: Family relations  
RT: Family violence  
RT: Interpersonal relationship  
RT: Power  
RT: Violence

**Conflict resolution**

UF: Dispute resolution  
BT: Mediation  
RT: Alternative dispute resolution  
RT: Arbitration  
RT: Conciliation  
RT: Conflict  
RT: Decision making  
RT: Family dispute resolution  
RT: Grievance procedures  
RT: Problem solving  
RT: Role conflict  
RT: Social interaction  
SN: Process of reducing or removing antagonisms among individuals, groups, organisations or political entities.

**Congenital abnormalities**

UF: Birth defects  
NT: Cerebral palsy  
RT: Disabled  
RT: Disabled children  
RT: Physically disabled

*Conscience*

USE: Ethics

**Consent**

NT: Informed consent  
RT: Evidence (Law)  
RT: Law

*Consequences*

USE: Effects

**Conservation (Natural resources)**

RT: Ecology  
RT: Environment  
RT: Environmental impact  
RT: Pollution  
RT: Quality of life

**Conservatism**

BT: Political ideologies

**Constitutions**

RT: Government  
RT: Law  
RT: Politics

*Construction*

USE: Building

**Consumer goods**

RT: Consumption (Economics)  
RT: Consumption tax  
RT: Sales tax

**Consumer participation**

UF: Patient participation  
BT: Participation

RT: Community participation  
RT: Consumer protection  
RT: Consumers  
RT: Patients  
SN: Participation by consumers in decision making affecting their interests or in management of services.

**Consumer protection**

RT: Advocacy  
RT: Appeals  
RT: Consumer participation  
RT: Consumers  
RT: Grievance procedures  
RT: Liability

**Consumers**

RT: Consumer participation  
RT: Consumer protection  
RT: Consumption (Economics)

**Consumption (Economics)**

NT: Energy consumption  
RT: Business  
RT: Consumer goods  
RT: Consumers  
RT: Consumption tax  
RT: Economics  
RT: Expenditure  
RT: Indirect tax  
RT: Production

**Consumption tax**

UF: Goods and Services Tax  
UF: GST  
BT: Indirect tax  
BT: Taxation  
RT: Consumer goods  
RT: Consumption (Economics)  
RT: Sales tax  
SN: Tax on consumption of goods and services paid directly by the consumer.

*Contact (Children)*

USE: Child contact

**Contempt (Law)**

RT: Court procedures  
RT: Law

**Continuing education**

UF: Further education  
BT: Adult education  
BT: Education  
RT: Continuing professional education  
RT: Mature age students  
RT: Tertiary education  
SN: Educational programs and services, usually at the post-secondary level, designed to serve adults who seek particular learning experiences on a part time or short term basis for personal, academic, or occupational development.

**Continuing professional education**

UF: Professional education (Continuing)  
BT: Education  
RT: Adult education  
RT: Continuing education  
RT: Inservice training  
RT: Professions

**Contraception**

UF: Birth control  
BT: Family planning  
NT: Condom usage  
NT: Sterilisation

RT: Abortion  
RT: Birth  
RT: Birth history  
RT: Birth rate  
RT: Fertility  
RT: Population growth  
RT: Population policy  
RT: Pregnancy  
RT: Sexual behaviour  
RT: Unintended pregnancy

#### *Contract labour*

USE: Casual labour

#### **Contract services**

UF: Competitive tendering  
UF: Contracting out  
UF: Outsourcing  
BT: Services  
RT: Commercialisation  
RT: Privatisation

#### *Contracting out*

USE: Contract services

#### **Contracts**

RT: Cohabitation agreements  
RT: Law  
RT: Legal procedures  
RT: Marriage agreements  
RT: Parenting plans

#### *Convalescent homes*

USE: Nursing homes

#### *Convicts*

USE: Prisoners

#### **Cook Islanders**

BT: Ethnic groups

#### **Cooperatives**

BT: Organisations  
RT: Associations

#### **Coping behaviour**

BT: Behaviour  
RT: Adjustment  
RT: Crises  
RT: Problem solving  
RT: Resilience  
RT: Stress  
RT: Wellbeing

#### **Corporal punishment**

BT: Punishment  
RT: Child physical abuse  
RT: Discipline  
SN: Disciplinary action involving infliction of physical pain upon one person by another.

#### *Correction*

USE: Punishment

#### *Correspondence study*

USE: Distance education

#### *Cost benefit analysis*

USE: Cost effectiveness

#### **Cost effectiveness**

UF: Cost benefit analysis  
UF: Cost effectiveness analysis

UF: Cost utility analysis  
UF: Economic impact analysis  
UF: Social return on investment analysis  
BT: Evaluation  
RT: Costs  
RT: Health economics  
SN: Comparison of the relative costs of a program or service against its outcomes, benefits, or effects. Many techniques have been developed, especially for different sectors.

#### *Cost effectiveness analysis*

USE: Cost effectiveness

#### *Cost of living*

USE: Living standards

#### *Cost utility analysis*

USE: Cost effectiveness

#### **Costs**

UF: Prices  
NT: Costs of children  
RT: Cost effectiveness  
RT: Educational fees  
RT: Expenditure  
RT: Fees  
RT: Finance  
RT: Foregone earnings  
RT: Inflation  
RT: Legal fees  
RT: Medical fees  
RT: Productivity  
RT: Professional fees

#### **Costs of children**

BT: Costs  
RT: Children  
RT: Expenditure  
RT: Family economics  
RT: Parenting

#### *Cot deaths*

USE: Sudden infant death syndrome

#### *Cottage homes*

USE: Family group care

#### *Councils*

USE: Local government

#### **Counselling**

BT: Treatment  
NT: Family counselling  
NT: Financial counselling  
NT: Group counselling  
NT: Marriage counselling  
NT: Relationship counselling  
NT: Student counselling  
NT: Telephone counselling  
NT: Vocational guidance  
RT: Conciliation  
RT: Counsellors  
RT: Crisis centres  
RT: Crisis intervention  
RT: Family law  
RT: Family planning  
RT: Information services  
RT: Intervention  
RT: Mediation  
RT: Psychology  
RT: Psychotherapy

RT: Rehabilitation  
RT: Self help techniques  
RT: Social problems  
RT: Social work

### **Counsellors**

BT: Professional personnel  
NT: School counsellors  
RT: Counselling  
RT: Social workers  
RT: Therapists

### *Counter culture*

USE: Alternative lifestyle

### *Country life*

USE: Rural conditions

### **Couple formation**

UF: Courtship  
UF: Partnering  
UF: Mate selection  
BT: Spouses  
RT: Couples  
RT: Cohabitation  
RT: Dating (Social customs)  
RT: De facto couples  
RT: Family formation  
RT: Homosexual couples  
RT: Marriage  
RT: Premarital couples  
RT: Repartnering

### **Couple relationship**

UF: Husband wife relationship  
UF: Partner relationship  
BT: Family relations  
BT: Interpersonal relationship  
RT: Communication  
RT: Economic dependency  
RT: Husbands  
RT: Marriage  
RT: Marriage agreements  
RT: Marriage counselling  
RT: Matriarchy  
RT: Patriarchy  
RT: Wives

### **Couple therapy**

UF: Couples therapy  
UF: Marital therapy  
BT: Therapy  
RT: Family therapy  
RT: Marriage counselling  
RT: Psychotherapy  
RT: Relationship counselling  
SN: Psychotherapy approach to help couples  
in intimate relationships to nurture change  
and development

### **Couples**

NT: De facto couples  
NT: Premarital couples  
NT: Homosexual couples  
RT: Couple formation  
RT: Couple relationship  
RT: Husbands  
RT: Spouses  
RT: Wives

### *Couples counselling*

USE: Marriage counselling  
USE: Relationship counselling

### *Couples therapy*

USE: Couple therapy

### *Courses of study*

USE: Curriculum

### *Court diversion*

USE: Alternative dispute resolution

### **Court procedures**

UF: Civil procedures  
UF: Criminal procedures  
UF: Cross examination  
UF: Procedures (Court)  
BT: Legal procedures  
NT: Evidence (Law)  
NT: Prosecution  
NT: Sentences (Law)  
RT: Contempt (Law)  
RT: Courts  
RT: Law enforcement

### *Courtship*

USE: Couple formation

### **Courts**

NT: Family courts  
NT: Juvenile courts  
RT: Appeals  
RT: Court procedures  
RT: Judiciary  
RT: Juries  
RT: Jurisdiction  
RT: Justice  
RT: Law  
RT: Legal procedures  
RT: Litigation  
RT: Tribunals

### **Creativity**

NT: Imagination  
RT: Arts  
RT: Concept formation  
RT: Gifted  
RT: Intelligence

### *Creche*

USE: Child care centres

### **Credit**

RT: Banking  
RT: Debt  
RT: Finance  
RT: Financial counselling  
RT: Interest rates  
RT: Personal finance

### **Crime**

UF: Offences  
BT: Social problems  
NT: Abduction  
NT: Assault  
NT: Computer crime  
NT: Drink spiking  
NT: False allegations  
NT: Fraud  
NT: Homicide  
NT: Human trafficking  
NT: Incest  
NT: Rape  
NT: Sexual assault  
NT: Shoplifting

NT: Terrorism  
NT: Theft  
NT: Vandalism  
RT: Abuse  
RT: Crime prevention  
RT: Crime victims  
RT: Criminal law  
RT: Criminals  
RT: Deviant behaviour  
RT: Family violence  
RT: Offenders  
RT: Police  
RT: Prisons  
RT: Prosecution  
RT: Punishment  
RT: Recidivism  
RT: Sentences (Law)  
RT: Stalking  
RT: Victims  
RT: Violence

#### **Crime prevention**

BT: Prevention  
RT: Crime  
RT: Police  
RT: Security

#### **Crime victims**

BT: Victims  
RT: Crime  
RT: Forensic medical examination  
RT: Male victims

#### **Criminal law**

BT: Law  
RT: Crime  
RT: Probation  
RT: Prosecution

#### *Criminal procedures*

USE: Court procedures

#### **Criminals**

RT: Crime  
RT: Offenders  
RT: Prisoners  
RT: Prisons  
RT: Probation  
RT: Young offenders

#### **Crises**

RT: Coping behaviour  
RT: Crisis centres  
RT: Crisis intervention  
RT: Disasters  
RT: Emergency relief  
RT: Refuges  
RT: Stress

#### **Crisis centres**

UF: Emergency care  
UF: Support centres  
BT: Community centres  
BT: Emergency services  
RT: Counselling  
RT: Crises  
RT: Crisis intervention  
RT: Emergency relief  
RT: Homelessness  
RT: Refuges  
RT: Social problems  
RT: Social work  
RT: Women's refuges

#### **Crisis intervention**

BT: Intervention  
RT: Counselling  
RT: Crises  
RT: Crisis centres  
RT: Psychotherapy  
RT: Social support networks

#### *Critiques*

USE: Evaluation

#### **Croations**

BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Europeans

#### **Cross cultural differences**

UF: Cultural differences  
BT: Differences  
RT: Comparative studies  
RT: Ethnicity  
RT: Intercountry adoption  
RT: Intermarriage  
RT: Migrants  
RT: Multiculturalism  
RT: National characteristics

#### *Cross cultural marriage*

USE: Intermarriage

#### *Cross cultural studies*

USE: Comparative studies

#### *Cross examination*

USE: Court procedures

#### **Cults**

UF: Religious cults  
BT: Groups  
RT: Ritual abuse

#### **Cultural assimilation**

UF: Assimilation (Cultural)  
RT: Aboriginal child removal  
RT: Cultural integration  
RT: Culture  
RT: Discrimination  
RT: Ethnic groups  
RT: Immigration policy  
RT: Migrants  
RT: Minorities  
RT: Multiculturalism  
RT: Racial discrimination  
RT: Subculture  
SN: Absorption of individuals or groups of differing ethnic heritage into the cultural tradition of another population or group.

#### *Cultural change*

USE: Social change

#### *Cultural differences*

USE: Cross cultural differences

#### **Cultural integration**

UF: Integration (Cultural)  
RT: Cultural assimilation  
RT: Culture  
RT: Ethnic groups  
RT: Immigration policy  
RT: Migrant settlement  
RT: Migrants  
RT: Minorities



RT: Multiculturalism  
RT: Racial discrimination  
RT: Subculture

#### *Cultural pluralism*

USE: Multiculturalism

#### *Cultural values*

USE: Values

#### **Culture**

NT: Aboriginal culture  
NT: Arts  
NT: Kinship system  
NT: Music  
NT: Subculture  
RT: Alternative lifestyle  
RT: Anthropology  
RT: Cultural assimilation  
RT: Cultural integration  
RT: Customary law  
RT: Drama  
RT: Multiculturalism  
RT: National characteristics  
RT: Sociology  
RT: Value of children

#### **Curriculum**

UF: Courses of study  
UF: Syllabus  
RT: Education  
RT: Education policy  
RT: Educational programs  
RT: Men's studies  
RT: Teaching  
RT: Women's studies

#### *Custodial grandparent families*

USE: Grandparent families

#### **Customary law**

BT: Law  
NT: Aboriginal customary law  
RT: Culture

#### *Cutbacks (Employment)*

USE: Retrenchment

#### **Cyberbullying**

BT: Bullying

#### *Damages*

USE: Compensation (Law)

#### **Data collections**

UF: Databases  
RT: Computer applications  
RT: Information retrieval  
HN: Changed from 'Data bases' in 2009  
SN: Used for works discussing registries and collections of data and databases, as well as directories of data collections in a particular field. Use 'Statistics' for works providing quantitative research findings.

#### **Data management**

RT: Databases  
RT: Management  
RT: Research

#### *Databases*

USE: Data collections

#### **Dating (Social customs)**

RT: Friendship  
RT: Interpersonal relationship  
RT: Mate selection  
RT: Premarital couples

#### **Daughters**

BT: Girls  
RT: Children  
RT: Family  
RT: Parents  
RT: Siblings  
RT: Sons

#### *Day care (Children)*

USE: Child care

#### **Day care centres**

RT: Community centres  
RT: Community services  
RT: Health services  
RT: Respite care  
SN: Professionally run facilities for special groups, for example, the aged or disabled. For children, use Child care centres, Family day care, After school care.

#### **De facto couples**

UF: De facto relationship  
RT: Civil union  
RT: Cohabitation  
RT: Mate selection  
RT: Premarital couples

#### *De facto relationship*

USE: De facto couples

#### *Deaf*

USE: Hearing impaired

#### **Death**

NT: Drowning  
NT: Sudden infant death syndrome  
NT: Suicide  
RT: Bereavement  
RT: Death duties  
RT: Euthanasia  
RT: Funerals  
RT: Grief  
RT: Homicide  
RT: Life cycle  
RT: Life stage transitions  
RT: Loss  
RT: Mortality  
RT: Terminal illness  
RT: Widowers  
RT: Widows  
RT: Withholding treatment

#### **Death duties**

BT: Taxation  
RT: Death  
RT: Estates  
RT: Probate law

#### *Death rate*

USE: Mortality

#### **Debt**

RT: Bankruptcy  
RT: Credit  
RT: Finance  
RT: Financial counselling  
RT: Personal finance  
RT: Savings

**Decentralisation**

RT: Regional planning

**Decision making**

NT: Judicial decision making  
 RT: Children's wishes  
 RT: Conflict resolution  
 RT: Evaluation  
 RT: Family group conferencing  
 RT: Family planning  
 RT: Forecasting  
 RT: Management  
 RT: Policy making  
 RT: Problem solving  
 RT: Withholding treatment

**Defence force**

UF: Armed forces  
 RT: Defence force families  
 RT: Geographic mobility  
 RT: Veterans  
 RT: War

**Defence force families**

UF: Military families  
 BT: Family  
 RT: Defence force  
 RT: Geographic mobility

**Definitions**

RT: Language

**Deinstitutionalisation**

RT: Community care  
 RT: Community services  
 RT: Disabled  
 RT: Health policy  
 RT: Home based care  
 RT: Homelessness  
 RT: Independence  
 RT: Institutionalisation  
 RT: Integration (Disabled)  
 RT: Mental health services  
 RT: Normalisation (Disabled)  
 RT: Rehabilitation  
 RT: Out of home care  
 HN: For references prior to June 1991 use the term Institutionalisation.  
 SN: Programs emphasising care and treatment outside hospital and residence in the community. Most commonly applies to chronic psychiatric patients or people with intellectual or physical handicaps.

**Delayed childbearing**

UF: Older mothers  
 RT: Birth history  
 RT: Demography  
 RT: Fertility  
 RT: Mothers  
 RT: Reproduction (Biological)

**Deliberate self harm**

USE: Self harm

**Dementia**

BT: Mental illness  
 RT: Aged health  
 RT: Alzheimer's disease  
 RT: Intellectually disabled  
 SN: State of mental disorder characterised by impairment or loss of mental powers.

**Democracy**

BT: Political ideologies

**Demographic trends**

BT: Demography  
 RT: Ageing  
 RT: Birth rate  
 RT: Change  
 RT: Immigration  
 RT: Morbidity  
 RT: Mortality  
 RT: Population distribution  
 RT: Population growth  
 RT: Social change  
 RT: Social indicators  
 SN: Changing patterns of births, deaths, ageing, family structures and other demographic variables.  
 HN: For references prior to November 1991 use the term Social change to cover demographic change and trends.

**Demography**

UF: Population studies  
 BT: Social sciences  
 NT: Demographic trends  
 NT: Population distribution  
 RT: Ageing  
 RT: Birth rate  
 RT: Birthplace  
 RT: Census  
 RT: Delayed childbearing  
 RT: Emigration  
 RT: Fertility  
 RT: Immigration  
 RT: Life expectancy  
 RT: Marital status  
 RT: Morbidity  
 RT: Mortality  
 RT: Population forecasting  
 RT: Population growth  
 RT: Population movement  
 RT: Population size  
 RT: Statistics

**Dental health**

BT: Health  
 RT: Paramedical care

**Dependency (Economic)**

USE: Economic dependency

**Dependency (Personality)**

BT: Personality traits  
 RT: Independence  
 SN: Lack of self-reliance, reflecting excessive need for security, love and protection from others.

**Dependency (Physical)**

USE: Physical dependency

**Depression (Mental)**

USE: Mental depression

**Deprived groups**

USE: Disadvantaged groups

**Destitution**

USE: Poverty

**Developing countries**

RT: Economic development  
 RT: Industrialisation

**Development**

NT: Adolescent development  
 NT: Adult development

NT: Child development  
NT: Cognitive development  
NT: Community development  
NT: Moral development  
NT: Personal development  
NT: Physical development  
RT: Age differences  
RT: Economic development  
RT: Regional development  
RT: Skill development  
SN: Progression from earlier to later stages of growth or organisation. Use a more specific term if possible.

#### *Developmental differences*

USE: Age differences

#### *Deviant behaviour*

USE: Antisocial behaviour

#### **Diabetes**

BT: Diseases

#### **Diet**

RT: Body image  
RT: Eating disorders  
RT: Food  
RT: Health  
RT: Nutrition  
RT: Obesity

#### **Differences**

NT: Age differences  
NT: Cross cultural differences  
NT: Gender differences  
NT: Generation differences  
NT: Individual differences  
NT: Regional differences  
NT: Rural urban differences  
NT: Urban differences  
SN: Context dependent term. Use a more specific term if possible.

#### *Direct taxation*

USE: Income tax

#### **Directories**

BT: Information services  
RT: Bibliographies  
SN: Systematically arranged lists of persons or organisations, usually including locational information.

#### **Disability**

UF: Handicapped  
NT: Disabled children  
NT: Parental disability  
NT: Intellectual disability  
NT: Physical disability  
RT: Cerebral palsy  
RT: Congenital abnormalities  
RT: Deinstitutionalisation  
RT: Disability pensions  
RT: Disadvantaged groups  
RT: Down's syndrome  
RT: Guardianship (Disabled)  
RT: Hearing impaired  
RT: Home based care  
RT: Integration (Disabled)  
RT: Learning problems  
RT: Mental illness  
RT: Normalisation (Disabled)  
RT: Occupational therapy  
RT: Rehabilitation  
RT: Respite care

RT: Visually impaired

#### **Disability pensions**

UF: Invalid pensions  
BT: Pensions  
RT: Disabled  
RT: Health

#### **Disabled children**

UF: Child disability  
UF: Handicapped children  
BT: Children  
BT: Disabled  
RT: Cerebral palsy  
RT: Congenital abnormalities  
RT: Parental disability  
RT: Down's syndrome  
RT: Integration (Disabled students)  
RT: Intellectual disability  
RT: Physical disability  
RT: Special education  
RT: Unintended pregnancy

#### *Disabled parents*

USE: Parental disability

#### **Disadvantaged groups**

UF: Deprived groups  
UF: Underprivileged  
BT: Groups  
RT: At risk groups  
RT: Complex needs  
RT: Disabled  
RT: Discrimination  
RT: Financial stress  
RT: Food security  
RT: Hard to reach families  
RT: Inequality  
RT: Isolated groups  
RT: Low income  
RT: Poverty  
RT: Risk factors  
RT: Social exclusion  
RT: Social problems  
RT: Socioeconomic status

#### **Disasters**

NT: Bushfires  
NT: Drought  
NT: Floods  
NT: Natural disasters  
RT: Accidents  
RT: Crises  
RT: Emergency services  
RT: Social problems  
SN: Calamities caused by both natural forces and man-made events, resulting in substantial damage, loss and distress.

#### **Discipline**

RT: Corporal punishment  
RT: Parenting  
RT: Power  
RT: Punishment  
RT: Social control

#### **Disclosure**

RT: Child abuse reporting  
RT: Confidential information  
RT: False allegations  
RT: Privacy  
SN: Term used in a variety of situations relating to the revelation of confidential or personal information, as well as for reporting

a crime, such as sexual assault.

### **Discriminant analysis**

UF: Multiple discriminant analysis

BT: Statistical analysis

SN: Statistical method for combining a set of measures, or score profiles, to obtain the maximum difference or discrimination between two or more groups.

### **Discrimination**

UF: Bias

UF: Prejudice

BT: Social problems

NT: Age discrimination

NT: Employment discrimination

NT: Racial discrimination

NT: Religious discrimination

NT: Sex discrimination

RT: Attitudes

RT: Cultural assimilation

RT: Disadvantaged groups

RT: Equal opportunity

RT: Equality

RT: Human rights

RT: Inequality

RT: Minorities

RT: Stereotypes

RT: Stigma

SN: Treating someone differently, usually less favourably because of some personal characteristic, for example, marital status, religious or political belief, gender, race.

### **Diseases**

NT: AIDS

NT: Allergy

NT: Alzheimer's disease

NT: Asthma

NT: Cancer

NT: Cerebrovascular diseases

NT: Diabetes

NT: Epilepsy

NT: Heart diseases

NT: Multiple sclerosis

NT: Sexually transmitted diseases

RT: Chronic illness

RT: Eating disorders

RT: Epidemiology

RT: Health

RT: Immunisation

RT: Mental illness

RT: Morbidity

RT: Physical illness

RT: Pollution

RT: Stress

RT: Terminal illness

### *Dismissals (Staff)*

USE: Retrenchment

### *Disorganisation (Social)*

USE: Social order

### *Displaced persons*

USE: Refugees

### *Dispute resolution*

USE: Conflict resolution

### *Disruptive behaviour*

USE: Behaviour problems

### **Distance education**

UF: Correspondence study

BT: Education

### *Distribution of population*

USE: Population distribution

### **Division of labour**

UF: Sexual division of labour

RT: Househusbands

RT: Housewives

RT: Housework

RT: Parenting

RT: Sex role

RT: Unpaid work in the home

HN: For references prior to 1991 combine the terms Sex role and Housework or Parenting.

SN: Used for division of labour in the home.

### **Divorce**

RT: Child support

RT: Family breakdown

RT: Family dispute resolution

RT: Family law

RT: Financial agreements (Family law)

RT: Life stage transitions

RT: Loss

RT: Maintenance payments

RT: Marital separation

RT: Marriage

RT: Marriage duration

RT: Non-resident parents

RT: Parenting plans

RT: Relationship breakdown

RT: Remarriage

RT: Social problems

RT: Spousal maintenance

SN: The legal dissolution of marriage.

### *Doctors*

USE: Medical practitioners

### *Doctrines*

USE: Ideology

### *Dole*

USE: Unemployment benefits

### **Domestic animals**

NT: Pets

### *Domestic partnership*

USE: Civil union

### *Domestic science*

USE: Home economics

### *Domestic violence*

USE: Family violence

### *Domiciliary services*

USE: Home based care

### **Down syndrome**

UF: Down's syndrome

RT: Disabled

RT: Disabled children

RT: Intellectually disabled

### *Down's syndrome*

USE: Down syndrome

### **Drama**

BT: Arts

RT: Art

RT: Culture

RT: Music

**Drink spiking**

UF: Drug and alcohol facilitated crime  
BT: Crime  
RT: Alcohol use  
RT: Crime victims  
RT: Drug use  
RT: Sexual assault

*Drinking problems*

USE: Alcohol abuse

*Drive-in drive-out employment*

USE: Fly-in fly-out employment

**Drought**

RT: Climate  
RT: Environment  
RT: Natural disasters

**Drowning**

BT: Death  
RT: Accidents

**Drug abuse**

UF: Addiction (Drug)  
UF: Substance abuse  
BT: Abuse  
BT: Social problems  
NT: Parental drug abuse  
RT: Alcohol abuse  
RT: Drug use  
RT: Drugs  
RT: Inhalant abuse  
RT: Risk taking  
RT: Self harm  
RT: Smoking  
SN: Harmful use of drugs, whether legal or illegal.

*Drug and alcohol facilitated crime*

USE: Drink spiking

**Drug use**

RT: Drug abuse  
RT: Drugs

**Drugs**

UF: Illicit drugs  
UF: Medicines  
UF: Pharmaceuticals  
UF: Prescription drugs  
RT: Drug abuse  
RT: Drug use

*Drunkenness*

USE: Alcohol abuse

**Dual careers**

RT: Careers  
RT: Employment  
RT: Family structure  
RT: Working mothers  
RT: Working parents  
SN: Situation in which both partners or spouses in a family pursue careers.

**Dutch**

BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Europeans

*Dwellings*

USE: Housing

**Early childhood education**

UF: Preschool education  
BT: Education  
RT: Children's services  
RT: Early childhood policy  
RT: Preschool children  
RT: Preschools

**Early childhood policy**

UF: Early years policy  
BT: Policy  
RT: Child care policy  
RT: Children  
RT: Early childhood education  
RT: Education policy  
RT: Family policy  
RT: Preschool children

*Early years policy*

USE: Early childhood policy

**Early intervention**

BT: Intervention  
RT: At risk groups  
RT: Child health  
RT: Health  
RT: Mental health  
RT: Prevention  
SN: The early detection, diagnosis and treatment of an emerging disorder.

**Eating disorders**

UF: Anorexia nervosa  
UF: Bulimia  
RT: Body image  
RT: Body weight  
RT: Diet  
RT: Diseases  
RT: Food  
RT: Mental illness  
RT: Obesity

**Ecology**

BT: Biology  
RT: Conservation (Natural resources)  
RT: Environment  
RT: Environmental impact  
RT: Pollution  
RT: Quality of life

**Econometrics**

RT: Economic forecasting  
RT: Economic indicators  
RT: Economics  
RT: Models  
RT: Statistics

**Economic abuse**

UF: Financial abuse  
BT: Abuse  
RT: Aged abuse  
RT: Family violence  
RT: Parent abuse

**Economic conditions**

NT: Poverty  
NT: Wealth  
RT: Economic development  
RT: Economic effects  
RT: Economic forecasting  
RT: Economic indicators  
RT: Economic policy

RT: Economic recession  
RT: Economics  
RT: Inflation  
RT: Informal economy  
RT: Living standards  
RT: Low income  
RT: Quality of life  
RT: Rural conditions  
RT: Socioeconomic status

### **Economic dependency**

UF: Dependency (Economic)  
UF: Spouse dependency (Economic)  
RT: Income support  
RT: Independence  
SN: Reliance on others for sufficient income to meet basic needs.

### *Economic depression*

USE: Economic recession

### **Economic development**

UF: Economic growth  
UF: Growth (Economic)  
RT: Community development  
RT: Developing countries  
RT: Development  
RT: Economic conditions  
RT: Economic policy  
RT: Economics  
RT: Globalisation  
RT: Industrialisation  
RT: Production  
RT: Regional development  
RT: Technological change  
RT: Urbanisation

### **Economic effects**

BT: Effects  
RT: Economic conditions  
RT: Economic indicators  
RT: Economics

### **Economic forecasting**

BT: Forecasting  
RT: Econometrics  
RT: Economic conditions  
RT: Economic indicators  
RT: Economics

### *Economic growth*

USE: Economic development

### *Economic impact analysis*

USE: Cost effectiveness

### **Economic indicators**

UF: Indicators (Economic)  
RT: Econometrics  
RT: Economic conditions  
RT: Economic effects  
RT: Economic forecasting  
RT: Economics  
RT: Social indicators

### **Economic policy**

BT: Policy  
RT: Budgets  
RT: Commercialisation  
RT: Competition policy  
RT: Economic conditions  
RT: Economic development  
RT: Economics

RT: Globalisation  
RT: Indexation  
RT: Privatisation  
RT: Public finance  
RT: Tariffs  
RT: Taxation

### **Economic recession**

UF: Economic depression  
UF: Recession  
RT: Economic conditions  
RT: Unemployment

### **Economics**

BT: Social sciences  
NT: Health economics  
NT: Home economics  
NT: Urban economics  
RT: Business  
RT: Capital  
RT: Competition policy  
RT: Consumption (Economics)  
RT: Econometrics  
RT: Economic conditions  
RT: Economic development  
RT: Economic effects  
RT: Economic forecasting  
RT: Economic indicators  
RT: Economic policy  
RT: Family economics  
RT: Finance  
RT: Forecasting  
RT: Income  
RT: Informal economy  
RT: Labour market  
RT: Living standards  
RT: Money  
RT: Poverty  
RT: Production  
RT: Productivity  
RT: Wealth

### **Education**

NT: Adult education  
NT: Bilingual education  
NT: Birth education  
NT: Coeducation  
NT: Community education  
NT: Computer education  
NT: Continuing education  
NT: Continuing professional education  
NT: Distance education  
NT: Early childhood education  
NT: Family life education  
NT: Health education  
NT: Home economics  
NT: Home schooling  
NT: Legal education  
NT: Marriage education  
NT: Medical education  
NT: Multicultural education  
NT: Nursing education  
NT: Parent education  
NT: Parenthood education  
NT: Physical education  
NT: Primary education  
NT: Religious education  
NT: Secondary education  
NT: Sex education  
NT: Special education  
NT: Teacher education  
NT: Technical education  
NT: Tertiary education

NT: Vocational education  
RT: Academic achievement  
RT: Accreditation  
RT: Curriculum  
RT: Educational change  
RT: Educational fees  
RT: Educational finance  
RT: Educational institutions  
RT: Educational participation  
RT: Educational programs  
RT: Home school relationship  
RT: Inservice training  
RT: Integration (Disabled students)  
RT: Knowledge  
RT: Learning  
RT: Literacy  
RT: Numeracy  
RT: Qualifications  
RT: Retraining  
RT: Schools  
RT: Socialisation  
RT: Student allowances  
RT: Students  
RT: Teaching

#### **Education policy**

BT: Policy  
RT: Curriculum  
RT: Educational change  
RT: Educational finance  
RT: Social policy  
RT: Youth policy

#### *Educational achievement*

USE: Academic achievement

#### **Educational aspirations**

BT: Aspirations  
RT: Academic achievement  
RT: Educational participation  
RT: Occupational aspirations

#### **Educational change**

UF: Educational reform  
BT: Change  
RT: Education  
RT: Education policy  
RT: Social change  
RT: Technological change

#### **Educational fees**

UF: College fees  
UF: School fees  
UF: University fees  
BT: Fees  
RT: Costs  
RT: Education  
RT: Educational finance  
RT: Educational institutions  
RT: Schools  
RT: Student allowances

#### **Educational finance**

BT: Finance  
RT: Education  
RT: Education policy  
RT: Educational fees  
RT: Public finance  
RT: Student allowances  
RT: Youth allowances

#### **Educational institutions**

NT: Schools

NT: Technical colleges  
NT: Universities  
RT: Education  
RT: Educational fees  
RT: Enrolment

#### **Educational participation**

UF: Retention of students  
UF: School retention  
BT: Participation  
RT: Education  
RT: Educational aspirations  
RT: Enrolment  
RT: School leavers  
RT: Students  
SN: Participation in education at all levels.

#### **Educational programs**

BT: Programs  
RT: Community education  
RT: Curriculum  
RT: Education  
RT: Schools  
RT: Training

#### **Effects**

UF: Consequences  
UF: Impact  
NT: Economic effects  
NT: Psychological effects  
RT: Causal factors  
RT: Environmental impact  
RT: Evaluation  
RT: Forecasting  
RT: Social impact

#### *Egoism*

USE: Self perception

#### *Elder abuse*

USE: Aged abuse

#### *Elderly*

USE: Aged

#### **Elderly citizens' clubs**

UF: Senior citizens' clubs  
BT: Organisations  
RT: Aged  
RT: Community services

#### *Electronic communications*

USE: Telecommunications

#### *Emancipation of women*

USE: Women's rights

#### *Embryo donors*

USE: Gamete donors

#### **Embryo transfer**

UF: Human embryo transplants  
BT: Assisted reproduction  
RT: Artificial insemination  
RT: Artificial insemination by donor  
RT: Embryos  
RT: Gamete donors  
RT: In vitro fertilisation  
SN: Transfer of an embryo into the uterus.

#### **Embryos**

RT: Artificial insemination  
RT: Embryo transfer

RT: Foetuses  
SN: The early stage of the development of a fertilised ovum, before recognisable human features have been formed, ie up to about eighth week of pregnancy .

*Emergency accommodation*  
USE: Refuges

*Emergency care*  
USE: Crisis centres

### **Emergency relief**

UF: Food vouchers  
BT: Social services  
RT: Benefits  
RT: Crises  
RT: Crisis centres  
RT: Financial stress  
RT: Food security  
RT: Poverty  
RT: Refuges  
SN: Emergency assistance provided to people in financial crisis by community organisations and charities

### **Emergency services**

BT: Services  
BT: Social services  
NT: Crisis centres  
NT: Refuges  
RT: Accidents  
RT: Community services  
RT: Disasters  
RT: Social work

### **Emigration**

UF: Migration  
RT: Demography  
RT: Geographic mobility  
RT: Immigration  
RT: Migrants  
RT: Population movement  
RT: Return migration  
SN: Leaving Australia to settle in another country.

### **Emotional abuse**

UF: Psychological abuse  
BT: Abuse  
NT: Child emotional abuse  
RT: Family violence  
RT: Emotional trauma  
RT: Emotions  
RT: Intimate partner violence  
RT: Post traumatic stress disorder

### **Emotional trauma**

UF: Trauma (Emotional)  
RT: Adult survivors  
RT: Emotional abuse  
RT: Post traumatic stress disorder  
RT: Vicarious trauma

### **Emotions**

UF: Feelings  
NT: Affection  
NT: Alienation  
NT: Anger  
NT: Anxiety  
NT: Fear  
NT: Grief  
NT: Happiness  
NT: Humour  
NT: Loneliness  
NT: Love

RT: Attachment  
RT: Emotional abuse  
RT: Mental depression  
RT: Personality traits  
RT: Psychology  
RT: Stress

### **Employee assistance**

RT: Employees  
RT: Employment  
RT: Family responsibilities  
RT: Fringe benefits  
RT: Work family relationship  
RT: Working conditions  
SN: Programs or services provided by employers to support employees.

*Employee participation*

USE: Worker participation

*Employee screening*

USE: Pre-employment screening

*Employee share plans*

USE: Worker participation

### **Employees**

RT: Employee assistance  
RT: Employers  
RT: Employment  
RT: Personnel

*Employer sponsored child care*

USE: Work based child care

### **Employers**

RT: Employees  
RT: Employment  
RT: Industrial relations  
RT: Management  
RT: Managers  
RT: Personnel  
RT: Work family relationship

### **Employment**

UF: Work  
NT: Casual employment  
NT: Fly-in fly-out employment  
NT: Home based employment  
NT: Part time employment  
NT: Self employment  
NT: Shift work  
NT: Underemployment  
NT: Youth employment  
RT: Affirmative action  
RT: Apprenticeships  
RT: Careers  
RT: Dual careers  
RT: Employee assistance  
RT: Employees  
RT: Employers  
RT: Employment discrimination  
RT: Employment policy  
RT: Employment subsidies  
RT: Equal pay  
RT: Fringe benefits  
RT: Hidden unemployment  
RT: Incentives  
RT: Industrial awards  
RT: Job analysis  
RT: Job creation programs  
RT: Job satisfaction  
RT: Job sharing



RT: Labour force participation  
RT: Labour market  
RT: Labour market programs  
RT: Occupational aspirations  
RT: Occupations  
RT: Older workers  
RT: Personnel  
RT: Promotion (Occupational)  
RT: Recruitment  
RT: Retraining  
RT: Return to work  
RT: School work transition  
RT: Skilled labour  
RT: Unemployment  
RT: Unskilled labour  
RT: Wage fixation  
RT: Wages  
RT: Work experience  
RT: Work family relationship  
RT: Working conditions  
RT: Working hours  
RT: Working parents

*Employment change*  
USE: Labour mobility

**Employment discrimination**  
UF: Discrimination in employment  
UF: Job discrimination  
BT: Discrimination  
RT: Affirmative action  
RT: Age discrimination  
RT: Employment  
RT: Employment policy  
RT: Equal opportunity  
RT: Equal pay  
RT: Occupational segregation  
RT: Racial discrimination  
RT: Sex discrimination

**Employment policy**  
BT: Policy  
RT: Employment  
RT: Employment discrimination  
RT: Employment subsidies  
RT: Industrial awards  
RT: Job creation programs  
RT: Labour market programs  
RT: Minimum wages  
RT: Unemployment  
RT: Wage fixation  
RT: Working conditions

*Employment re-entry*  
USE: Return to work

**Employment subsidies**  
BT: Subsidies  
RT: Employment  
RT: Employment policy  
RT: Grants  
RT: Labour market programs  
RT: Public finance  
RT: Unemployment  
SN: Transfer payments from the public to the private sector to maintain or increase employment.

**Empowerment**  
RT: Advocacy  
RT: Community development  
RT: Community participation  
RT: Human rights  
RT: Power

RT: Self determination  
RT: Self help techniques  
RT: Social change  
SN: Process whereby individuals' perceptions of themselves and society are altered enabling them to have more control over various aspects of their lives.

**Energy consumption**  
BT: Consumption (Economics)  
RT: Energy resources

**Energy resources**  
UF: Power resources  
RT: Energy consumption  
RT: Infrastructure

*Engaged couples*  
USE: Premarital couples

**Enrolment**  
UF: School enrolment  
UF: School size  
RT: Educational institutions  
RT: Educational participation  
RT: Schools

**Enterprise bargaining**  
UF: Workplace bargaining  
RT: Incentives  
RT: Industrial awards  
RT: Industrial relations  
RT: Industry  
RT: Trade unions  
RT: Wage fixation  
RT: Wages  
RT: Working conditions

**Environment**  
NT: Public space  
NT: Urban environment  
RT: Climate  
RT: Communities  
RT: Conservation (Natural resources)  
RT: Ecology  
RT: Environmental impact  
RT: Environmental planning  
RT: Neighbourhoods  
RT: Pollution

*Environment (Family)*  
USE: Family background

**Environmental impact**  
RT: Conservation (Natural resources)  
RT: Ecology  
RT: Effects  
RT: Environment  
RT: Environmental planning  
RT: Evaluation  
RT: Pollution  
RT: Social impact  
SN: Technological impact of human activities on natural ecosystems.

**Environmental planning**  
RT: Environment  
RT: Environmental impact  
RT: Social impact  
RT: Town planning  
RT: Urban policy

*Environmental pollution*

USE: Pollution

### **Epidemiology**

BT: Medicine

RT: Diseases

RT: Health

RT: Immunisation

RT: Mental health

RT: Mental illness

RT: Prevention

RT: Public health

SN: Study of the occurrence, distribution, and containment of disease or mental disorders.

### **Epilepsy**

BT: Diseases

### **Equal opportunity**

RT: Affirmative action

RT: Age discrimination

RT: Discrimination

RT: Employment discrimination

RT: Equality

RT: Sex discrimination

### **Equal pay**

UF: Pay equity

UF: Wage equality

RT: Affirmative action

RT: Employment

RT: Employment discrimination

RT: Equality

RT: Income

RT: Occupational segregation

RT: Pay equity

RT: Social justice

RT: Wages

### *Equal rights*

USE: Equality

### **Equality**

UF: Equal rights

BT: Human rights

RT: Discrimination

RT: Equal opportunity

RT: Equal pay

RT: Freedom

RT: Inequality

RT: Justice

RT: Rights

RT: Social inclusion

RT: Social justice

### *Equity*

USE: Social justice

### **Equivalence scales**

BT: Measures

RT: Income

RT: Income distribution

RT: Living standards

### **Error analysis**

BT: Statistical analysis

RT: Evaluation

### **Estates**

BT: Property

RT: Death duties

RT: Family trusts

RT: Finance

RT: Inheritance

RT: Wills

SN: Includes estate planning.

### **Ethics**

UF: Conscience

UF: Morality

BT: Philosophy

NT: Bioethics

RT: Accountability

RT: Justice

RT: Moral development

RT: Religion

RT: Social responsibility

RT: Standards

RT: Values

RT: Work ethic

### **Ethiopians**

BT: Ethnic groups

### **Ethnic groups**

UF: Racial groups

BT: Groups

NT: Afghans

NT: Africans

NT: Americans

NT: Arabs

NT: Armenians

NT: Asians

NT: Bosnians

NT: British

NT: Burmese

NT: Cambodians

NT: Chinese

NT: Cook Islanders

NT: Croations

NT: Dutch

NT: Ethiopians

NT: Europeans

NT: Fijians

NT: Filipinos

NT: Germans

NT: Greeks

NT: Hungarians

NT: Indians

NT: Indigenous Australians

NT: Indochinese

NT: Indonesians

NT: Iranians

NT: Iraqis

NT: Irish

NT: Italians

NT: Japanese

NT: Koreans

NT: Laotians

NT: Latin Americans

NT: Latvians

NT: Lebanese

NT: Macedonians

NT: Malaysians

NT: Maltese

NT: Maori

NT: Native Americans

NT: New Zealanders

NT: Pacific Islanders

NT: Pakistanis

NT: Poles

NT: Samoans

NT: Somalis

NT: South Sea Islanders

NT: Spaniards

NT: Sri Lankans

NT: Sudanese

NT: Thais

NT: Timorese

NT: Tongans  
 NT: Torres Strait Islanders  
 NT: Turks  
 NT: Ukrainians  
 NT: Vietnamese  
 NT: Western Samoans  
 NT: Yugoslavs  
 RT: Buddhists  
 RT: Community relations  
 RT: Cultural assimilation  
 RT: Cultural integration  
 RT: Ethnicity  
 RT: Hindus  
 RT: Indigenous people  
 RT: Jews  
 RT: Migrants  
 RT: Minorities  
 RT: Multicultural education  
 RT: Multiculturalism  
 RT: Muslims  
 RT: Nationalism  
 RT: Non English speaking background  
 SN: Used for works on the characteristics or needs of specific cultural or racial groups in Australia. For issues or problems of immigrants generally use Migrants.

#### *Ethnic identity*

USE: Ethnicity

#### **Ethnicity**

UF: Ethnic identity  
 UF: Identity (Ethnic)  
 BT: Identity  
 RT: Birthplace  
 RT: Cross cultural differences  
 RT: Ethnic groups  
 RT: Family background  
 RT: Migrants  
 RT: Multicultural education  
 RT: National characteristics  
 RT: Nationalism  
 RT: Non English speaking background  
 RT: Racial discrimination  
 RT: Self perception  
 RT: Socialisation  
 SN: Identification with a specific kind of ethnic character or quality.

#### **Europeans**

BT: Ethnic groups  
 NT: Bosnians  
 NT: Croations  
 NT: Dutch  
 NT: Germans  
 NT: Greeks  
 NT: Hungarians  
 NT: Italians  
 NT: Latvians  
 NT: Macedonians  
 NT: Maltese  
 NT: Poles  
 NT: Spaniards  
 NT: Ukrainians  
 NT: Yugoslavs

#### **Euthanasia**

UF: Mercy killing  
 RT: Death  
 RT: Terminal illness  
 RT: Withholding treatment

#### **Evaluation**

UF: Appraisal  
 UF: Assessment  
 UF: Critiques  
 UF: Outcome measurement  
 UF: Performance measurement  
 UF: Reviews (Evaluation studies)  
 NT: Cost effectiveness  
 NT: Needs assessment  
 NT: Policy evaluation  
 NT: Program evaluation  
 NT: Student assessment  
 RT: Accountability  
 RT: Achievement  
 RT: Best practice  
 RT: Decision making  
 RT: Effects  
 RT: Environmental impact  
 RT: Error analysis  
 RT: Forecasting  
 RT: Measures  
 RT: Methodology  
 RT: Research  
 RT: Social impact  
 RT: Standards  
 RT: Supervision  
 RT: Test validity  
 SN: Appraising or judging programs, services, research methods, etc. Use for works discussing findings or methodology of an evaluation.

#### **Evidence (Law)**

UF: Confession (Law)  
 BT: Court procedures  
 RT: Child witnesses  
 RT: Consent  
 RT: Expert witnesses  
 RT: False allegations  
 RT: Family law  
 RT: Forensic medical examination  
 RT: Law  
 RT: Legal procedures

#### *Evidence-based practice*

USE: Research to practice

#### *Examinations*

USE: Grading of students

#### **Exnuptial births**

BT: Birth  
 RT: Exnuptial children  
 RT: Exnuptial pregnancy  
 RT: Illegitimacy  
 RT: One parent families

#### **Exnuptial children**

UF: Illegitimate children  
 BT: Children  
 RT: Exnuptial births  
 RT: Illegitimacy  
 RT: Paternity

#### **Exnuptial pregnancy**

BT: Pregnancy  
 RT: Exnuptial children  
 RT: Exnuptial births

#### **Expenditure**

UF: Household expenditure  
 UF: Spending  
 RT: Budgets  
 RT: Consumption (Economics)  
 RT: Costs

RT: Costs of children  
RT: Family economics  
RT: Finance  
RT: Income  
RT: Living standards  
RT: Personal finance  
RT: Public finance  
SN: Individual or household expenditure. For government expenditure use Public finance.

#### **Expert witnesses**

UF: Witnesses, Expert  
RT: Evidence (Law)  
RT: Law  
RT: Legal procedures  
RT: Professional personnel

#### *Ex-servicemen*

USE: Veterans

#### **Extended family**

UF: Relatives  
RT: Family  
RT: Family background  
RT: Family size  
RT: Family structure  
RT: Grandchildren  
RT: Grandfathers  
RT: Grandmothers  
RT: Grandparents  
RT: In-law relationship  
RT: Intergenerational relations  
RT: Kinship care  
RT: Kinship system  
RT: Social support networks  
SN: A family group or unit comprising not only parents and children but also immediate relatives, and sometimes people not biologically related to the group.

#### **Extra marital relationship**

UF: Adultery  
UF: Affairs  
RT: Couple relationship  
RT: Interpersonal relationship  
RT: Marriage

#### *Fabricated or Induced Illness by Carer*

USE: Munchausen Syndrome by Proxy

#### **Factor analysis**

BT: Statistical analysis  
NT: Cluster analysis

#### **False allegations**

BT: Crime  
RT: Child abuse reporting  
RT: Disclosure  
RT: Evidence (Law)  
RT: Prosecution  
RT: Rape  
RT: Victims  
SN: Mistaken or malicious allegations of crime or wrong doing, such as child abuse or rape

#### *False memory syndrome*

USE: Repressed memory

#### **Family**

NT: Farm families  
NT: Grandparent families  
NT: Nuclear families  
NT: One parent families  
NT: Remote area families

NT: Rural families  
NT: Same-sex parented families  
NT: Step-families  
RT: Adoption  
RT: Carers  
RT: Children  
RT: Cohabitation  
RT: Daughters  
RT: Extended family  
RT: Family allowances  
RT: Family background  
RT: Family counselling  
RT: Family economics  
RT: Family formation  
RT: Family law  
RT: Family life education  
RT: Family policy  
RT: Family relations  
RT: Family size  
RT: Family structure  
RT: Family therapy  
RT: Family trusts  
RT: Genealogy  
RT: Grandchildren  
RT: Grandparents  
RT: Hard to reach families  
RT: Households  
RT: Intergenerational relations  
RT: Kinship system  
RT: Marriage  
RT: Parents  
RT: Siblings  
RT: Sons  
SN: Groups of individuals related by blood, marriage, adoption or cohabitation.

#### **Family allowances**

UF: Allowances (Family)  
UF: Child endowment  
BT: Benefits  
RT: Child welfare  
RT: Family  
RT: Family policy  
RT: Income support  
SN: Money allotted by the government to families with children.

#### **Family background**

UF: Environment (Family)  
UF: Family characteristics  
UF: Home environment  
RT: Birthplace  
RT: Ethnicity  
RT: Extended family  
RT: Family  
RT: Family size  
RT: Family structure  
RT: Genealogy  
RT: Intergenerational transmission  
RT: Non English speaking background  
RT: Social classes  
RT: Social status  
RT: Socioeconomic status  
SN: Family attributes such as size, structure, health, socioeconomic background, ethnicity etc.

#### **Family breakdown**

BT: Social problems  
RT: Divorce  
RT: Family relations  
RT: Marital separation  
RT: Relationship breakdown  
RT: Youth homelessness

*Family care meetings*

USE Family group conferencing

*Family characteristics*

USE: Family background

*Family conferences*

USE Family group conferencing

*Family conferencing*

USE Family group conferencing

**Family counselling**

BT: Counselling

RT: Family

RT: Family therapy

RT: Financial counselling

RT: Marriage counselling

SN: Counselling approach that works with all members of a family or extended family

**Family courts**

BT: Courts

RT: Conciliation

RT: Family law

**Family day care**

BT: Child care

RT: After school care

RT: Community services

SN: Supervised home-based care in which carers care for children in their own homes and are supported by regular visits from trained staff.

*Family decision making*

USE Family group conferencing

*Family dinners*

USE: Family mealtimes

**Family dispute resolution**

UF: FDR

BT: Alternative dispute resolution

RT: Conflict resolution

RT: Divorce

RT: Family law

RT: Legal services

RT: Mediation

**Family economics**

UF: Household economics

UF: Housekeeping

RT: Costs of children

RT: Economic dependency

RT: Economics

RT: Expenditure

RT: Family

RT: Family trusts

RT: Financial agreements (Family law)

RT: Financial stress

RT: Home economics

RT: Household production

RT: Income

RT: Income support

RT: Marriage agreements

RT: Personal finance

RT: Unpaid work in the home

SN: Financial arrangements within families.

**Family formation**

RT: Birth rate

RT: Cohabitation

RT: Family

RT: Family size

RT: Family structure

RT: Marriage

RT: Couple formation

RT: Premarital couples

RT: Value of children

**Family group care**

UF: Cottage homes

UF: Group home care

BT: Out of home care

RT: Foster care

RT: Residential care

SN: Residential care of groups of children in a family environment.

*Family group conferences*

USE Family group conferencing

**Family group conferencing**

UF: Family care meetings

UF: Family conferences

UF: Family conferencing

UF: Family decision making

UF: Family group conferences

BT: Decision making

RT: Alternative dispute resolution

RT: Child protection

RT: Juvenile justice

RT: Restorative justice

*Family history*

USE: Genealogy

**Family law**

BT: Law

RT: Child contact

RT: Child support

RT: Civil union

RT: Conciliation

RT: Counselling

RT: Divorce

RT: Evidence (Law)

RT: Family

RT: Family courts

RT: Family dispute resolution

RT: Family trusts

RT: Financial agreements (Family law)

RT: Guardianship

RT: Injunctions

RT: Legal fees

RT: Maintenance payments

RT: Marital separation

RT: Marriage agreements

RT: Mediation

RT: Parenting plans

RT: Property

RT: Sequestration

RT: Shared care

RT: Spousal maintenance

RT: Third parties (Law)

RT: Trusts

SN: Area of law covered by the Family Law Act 1975 and amendments. For other areas of law relevant to families use required term and the terms Law or Legislation. For example, Adoption and Law.

**Family leave**

BT: Leave of absence

BT: Working conditions

RT: Maternity leave

RT: Parental leave

RT: Paternity leave  
*Family life*  
USE: Family relations

*Family life education*  
USE: Relationship education

*Family meals*  
USE: Family mealtimes

**Family mealtimes**  
UF: Family dinners  
UF: Family meals  
RT: Family relations  
RT: Food  
RT: Time use

**Family planning**  
BT: Fertility  
RT: Abortion  
RT: Birth history  
RT: Contraception  
RT: Counselling  
RT: Decision making  
RT: Parenthood education  
RT: Pregnancy  
SN: Services and policies to help people plan when to have children, such as through counselling, education, birth control, sterilisation, and abortion

**Family policy**  
BT: Policy  
RT: Early childhood policy  
RT: Family  
RT: Family allowances  
RT: Family support services  
RT: Social policy  
SN: Decisions and actions by public bodies designed to protect the family.

**Family relations**  
UF: Family life  
NT: Couple relationship  
NT: Father child relationship  
NT: In-law relationship  
NT: Mother child relationship  
NT: Parent child relationship  
RT: Adult children  
RT: Child abuse  
RT: Communication  
RT: Conflict  
RT: Couple relationship  
RT: Family  
RT: Family breakdown  
RT: Family life education  
RT: Family mealtimes  
RT: Family structure  
RT: Family violence  
RT: Generation differences  
RT: Intergenerational relations  
RT: Intergenerational transmission  
RT: Interpersonal relationship  
RT: Parent abuse  
RT: Parent education  
RT: Parenthood education  
RT: Relationship  
RT: Siblings  
SN: Social relationships among members of a family.

**Family responsibilities**  
BT: Responsibility  
RT: Carers  
RT: Children's responsibilities

RT: Employee assistance  
RT: Home based care  
RT: Individual responsibilities  
RT: Parent responsibilities  
RT: Work family relationship  
SN: Refers to a range of expectations and duties of families towards children and extended family members.

*Family restoration*  
USE: Reunification

*Family school relationship*  
USE: Home school relationship

**Family size**  
BT: Family structure  
RT: Birth order  
RT: Birth rate  
RT: Extended family  
RT: Family  
RT: Family background  
RT: Family formation  
RT: Fertility  
RT: Nuclear families  
RT: One parent families  
RT: Only children  
RT: Population growth  
RT: Population size

**Family structure**  
UF: Family type  
NT: Family size  
RT: Birth order  
RT: Childlessness  
RT: Dual careers  
RT: Extended family  
RT: Family  
RT: Family background  
RT: Family formation  
RT: Family relations  
RT: Father absence  
RT: Intergenerational relations  
RT: Kinship system  
RT: Matriarchy  
RT: Mother absence  
RT: Nuclear families  
RT: One parent families  
RT: Only children  
RT: Parental absence  
RT: Patriarchy  
RT: Sex role  
RT: Siblings  
SN: Organisational framework that determines family membership, and the functions and hierarchical position of family members.

**Family support services**  
BT: Services  
BT: Social services  
NT: Intensive home based family support services  
RT: Child abuse prevention  
RT: Child contact services  
RT: Child protection  
RT: Child protection policy  
RT: Child welfare  
RT: Community services  
RT: Family policy  
RT: Home visits  
RT: Interagency collaboration  
RT: Parent education  
RT: Programs  
RT: Reunification  
RT: Social capital

RT: Social problems  
RT: Social support networks  
SN: Services which aim to preserve family life and to help families reach a level of functioning that is necessary for the development of each family member.

### **Family therapy**

BT: Therapy  
RT: Couple therapy  
RT: Family counselling  
RT: Group therapy  
RT: Marriage counselling  
RT: Mental health services  
RT: Psychotherapy  
SN: Psychotherapy approach based on the notion that problems of individual family members can best be dealt with by working with the entire family.

### **Family trusts**

BT: Trusts  
RT: Estates  
RT: Family  
RT: Family economics  
RT: Family law  
RT: Income  
RT: Property  
RT: Wealth

### *Family type*

USE: Family structure

### **Family violence**

UF: Battered wives  
UF: Domestic violence  
UF: Wife bashing  
BT: Social problems  
BT: Violence  
NT: Intimate partner violence  
RT: Abuse  
RT: Aged abuse  
RT: Assault  
RT: Child abuse  
RT: Conflict  
RT: Crime  
RT: Economic abuse  
RT: Emotional abuse  
RT: Family relations  
RT: Injunctions  
RT: Parent abuse  
RT: Parental conflict  
RT: Sexual assault  
RT: Women's refuges

### **Farm families**

BT: Family  
BT: Rural families  
RT: Farmers  
RT: Rural communities

### *Farm workers*

USE: Farmers

### **Farmers**

UF: Farm workers  
RT: Agriculture  
RT: Farm families  
RT: Rural communities  
RT: Rural families

### *Farming*

USE: Agriculture

### **Father absence**

BT: Parental absence  
RT: Family structure  
RT: Father child relationship  
RT: Fathers  
RT: Mother absence  
RT: One parent families  
RT: Separation

### **Father child relationship**

BT: Family relations  
BT: Parent child relationship  
RT: Bonding  
RT: Children  
RT: Father absence  
RT: Fathers  
RT: Mother child relationship

### **Father role**

BT: Parent role  
BT: Role  
RT: Fathers  
RT: Mother role  
RT: Parenting  
RT: Sex role

### **Fathers**

BT: Men  
BT: Parents  
NT: Adolescent fathers  
NT: Single fathers  
RT: Father absence  
RT: Father child relationship  
RT: Father role  
RT: Mothers  
RT: Parenting  
RT: Paternity  
RT: Paternity leave  
RT: Patriarchy

### *FDR*

USE: Family dispute resolution

### **Fear**

BT: Emotions  
RT: Anxiety  
RT: Phobias  
RT: Stress

### *Feasibility studies*

USE: Surveys

### **Federal government**

BT: Government  
RT: Interagency collaboration  
RT: Intergovernmental relations  
RT: Local government  
RT: Policy  
RT: Policy making  
RT: Public administration  
RT: State government

### *Feelings*

USE: Emotions

### **Fees**

NT: Educational fees  
NT: Legal fees  
NT: Medical fees  
NT: Professional fees  
RT: Costs

### *Female circumcision*

USE: Female genital mutilation

**Female genital mutilation**

UF: Female circumcision

RT: Circumcision

**Female offenders**

BT: Offenders

RT: Criminals

RT: Female prisoners

RT: Prisoners

**Female prisoners**

UF: Prison mothers

UF: Women prisoners

BT: Prisoners

BT: Women

RT: Children of prisoners

*Females*

USE: Girls

USE: Women

**Femininity**

RT: Gender

RT: Girls

RT: Masculinity

RT: Personality traits

RT: Women

**Feminism**

RT: Sex discrimination

RT: Women

RT: Women's movement

RT: Women's rights

RT: Women's studies

**Fertility**

NT: Family planning

RT: Artificial insemination

RT: Contraception

RT: Delayed childbearing

RT: Demography

RT: Family size

RT: Infertility

RT: Multiple births

RT: Population growth

RT: Population policy

RT: Population size

RT: Pregnancy

RT: Reproduction (Biological)

*Fertility rate*

USE: Birth rate

*FIFO*

USE: Fly-in fly-out employment

**Fijians**

BT: Ethnic groups

BT: Pacific Islanders

**Filipinos**

BT: Asians

BT: Ethnic groups

**Films**

UF: Cinema

BT: Mass media

RT: Television

RT: Videos

**Finance**

UF: Funding

NT: Capital

NT: Educational finance

NT: Housing finance

NT: Personal finance

NT: Public finance

RT: Banking

RT: Bankruptcy

RT: Budgets

RT: Business

RT: Costs

RT: Credit

RT: Debt

RT: Economics

RT: Estates

RT: Expenditure

RT: Financial counselling

RT: Financial management

RT: Grants

RT: Insurance

RT: Interest rates

RT: Investment

RT: Money

RT: Savings

RT: Sponsorship

*Financial abuse*

USE: Economic abuse

**Financial agreements (Family law)**

RT: Divorce

RT: Family economics

RT: Family law

RT: Marriage

RT: Marriage agreements

RT: Parenting plans

RT: Property

SN: Financial agreements made before, during or after marriage that are binding on spouses

**Financial counselling**

BT: Counselling

RT: Budgets

RT: Credit

RT: Debt

RT: Family counselling

RT: Finance

RT: Financial management

**Financial management**

BT: Management

RT: Budgets

RT: Finance

RT: Financial counselling

RT: Personal finance

SN: Use Family economics for financial arrangements

within families; use Public finance for government funding.

**Financial stress**

RT: Economic recession

RT: Emergency relief

RT: Low income

RT: Family economics

RT: Poverty

**Firearms**

RT: Suicide methods

*Fitness*

USE: Physical fitness

**Floods**

BT: Disasters



**Fly-in fly-out employment**

- UF: Drive-in drive-out employment
- UF: FIFO
- UF: Long distance commuting
- UF: Long shift work
- BT: Employment
- RT: Commuting
- RT: Geographic mobility
- RT: Industry
- RT: Parental absence
- RT: Shift work
- RT: Working conditions
- SN: A form of shift work especially common for remote mining sites, where workers are transported in for their roster, rather than being permanently relocated with their family.

**Focus groups**

- BT: Groups
- RT: Methodology
- SN: Qualitative research method in which a small group with common interests, background, or demographic characteristics is asked to comment on certain issues.

**Foetuses**

- RT: Abortion
- RT: Embryos
- RT: Pregnancy

**Food**

- NT: Food security
- RT: Diet
- RT: Eating disorders
- RT: Family mealtimes
- RT: Nutrition

**Food security**

- BT: Food
- RT: Disadvantaged groups
- RT: Emergency relief
- RT: Living standards
- RT: Poverty
- SN: Government and household-level issues regarding the availability and access to sufficient, safe, and nutritious food

**Food vouchers**

- USE: Emergency relief

**Forced marriage**

- BT: Marriage
- SN: A marriage in which one or both of the parties is married without their consent or against their will

**Forecasting**

- UF: Future projections
- UF: Prediction
- NT: Economic forecasting
- NT: Population forecasting
- RT: Decision making
- RT: Economics
- RT: Effects
- RT: Evaluation
- RT: Social change
- RT: Social indicators

**Foregone earnings**

- RT: Costs
- RT: Income
- RT: Parenting
- RT: Working mothers
- RT: Working parents

**Forensic medical examination**

- RT: Crime victims
- RT: Evidence (Law)
- RT: Health services
- RT: Legal services
- RT: Medical treatment
- RT: Sexual offences

**Forgetfulness**

- USE: Memory

**Former child migrants**

- BT: Migrant children
- RT: Adult children

**Foster care**

- UF: Child placement
- BT: Out of home care
- RT: Adoption
- RT: Family group care
- RT: Foster parents
- RT: Guardianship
- RT: Kinship care
- SN: Care and rearing of children in private homes by persons other than the natural parents, without formal adoption.

**Foster carers**

- USE: Foster parents

**Foster parents**

- UF: Foster carers
- BT: Parents
- RT: Biological children
- RT: Biological parents
- RT: Foster care

**Foundations (Charitable)**

- USE: Charities

**Frail aged**

- BT: Aged
- RT: Aged care
- RT: Aged health
- RT: Chronic illness
- RT: Physical dependency
- SN: Aged people in need of a substantial level of care and support.

**Fraud**

- BT: Crime
- RT: Theft

**Freedom of information**

- BT: Freedom
- RT: Censorship
- RT: Confidential information
- RT: Information access
- RT: Privacy

**Freedom of speech**

- BT: Freedom
- RT: Censorship

**Freedom**

- UF: Liberty
- BT: Human rights
- NT: Freedom of information
- NT: Freedom of speech
- RT: Equality
- RT: Justice
- RT: Rights

RT: Values

### **Friendship**

BT: Interpersonal relationship  
RT: Dating (Social customs)  
RT: Intimacy  
RT: Mateship  
RT: Peer relations  
RT: Social interaction  
RT: Social support networks  
RT: Trust

### **Fringe benefits**

BT: Incentives  
RT: Benefits  
RT: Employee assistance  
RT: Employment  
RT: Pensions  
RT: Tax deductions  
RT: Taxation  
RT: Wages

### *Funding*

USE: Finance

### **Funerals**

BT: Ceremonies  
RT: Death

### *Further education*

USE: Continuing education

### *Future projections*

USE: Forecasting

### **Gambling**

UF: Betting  
BT: Social problems  
RT: Risk taking  
SN: Confined to the social effects on the participants and their families.

### **Gamete donors**

UF: Embryo donors  
UF: Ova donors  
UF: Sperm donors  
RT: Artificial insemination  
RT: Artificial insemination by donor  
RT: Assisted reproduction  
RT: Biological parents  
RT: Embryo transfer  
RT: In vitro fertilisation  
RT: Surrogacy (Birth)

### **Gaols**

USE: Prisons

### *Gay couples*

USE: Same-sex couples

### *Gay parents*

USE: Same-sex parents

### **Gender**

UF: Sex  
RT: Femininity  
RT: Gender differences  
RT: Intersexuality  
RT: Masculinity  
RT: Men  
RT: Sex discrimination  
RT: Sex role  
RT: Women

### **Gender differences**

UF: Sex differences  
BT: Differences  
BT: Individual differences  
RT: Gender  
RT: Physical characteristics  
RT: Sex discrimination  
RT: Sex role  
SN: Similarities and differences among males and females.

### **Genealogy**

UF: Family history  
BT: History  
RT: Case studies  
RT: Family  
RT: Family background  
RT: Kinship system  
SN: An account of the descent of a person or family through an ancestral line.

### **General practitioners**

BT: Medical practitioners

### **Generation differences**

BT: Differences  
RT: Age differences  
RT: Family relations  
RT: Intergenerational relations  
RT: Intergenerational transmission  
RT: Parent child relationship  
RT: Social mobility

### *Genetic parents*

USE: Biological parents

### **Genetics**

UF: Heredity  
BT: Biology  
RT: Assisted reproduction  
RT: Medical technology  
RT: Medicine

### *Geographic distribution*

USE: Population distribution

### **Geographic location**

UF: Housing location  
UF: Residential location  
RT: Cities  
RT: Geographic mobility  
RT: Housing  
RT: Neighbourhoods  
RT: Population distribution  
RT: Relocation  
RT: Remote areas  
RT: Residence (Children)  
RT: Suburbs  
RT: Towns

### **Geographic mobility**

UF: Itinerant families  
UF: Mobility (Geographic)  
UF: Residential mobility  
RT: Commuting  
RT: Defence force families  
RT: Emigration  
RT: Fly-in fly-out employment  
RT: Geographic location  
RT: Immigration  
RT: Labour mobility  
RT: Population distribution  
RT: Population movement

RT: Relocation  
RT: Temporary labour immigration  
SN: Movement from one geographic region to another.

### **Germans**

BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Europeans

### **Gerontology**

BT: Social sciences  
RT: Aged  
RT: Ageing  
RT: Psychology  
SN: Scientific study of old age and the phenomena associated with old age.

### **Gifted**

UF: Academically gifted  
UF: Talented  
RT: Ability  
RT: Academic achievement  
RT: Creativity  
RT: Intelligence  
RT: Skills  
RT: Special education

### **Girls**

UF: Females  
BT: Children  
NT: Daughters  
RT: Adolescents  
RT: Femininity  
RT: Women

### **Globalisation**

RT: Economic development  
RT: Economic policy  
RT: Intergovernmental relations  
RT: International agreements  
SN: The increasing interdependence of regional and national economies and the resulting effects on the social, ecological, cultural, and political dimensions of countries.

### *Goods and Services Tax*

USE: Consumption tax

### **Government**

NT: Federal government  
NT: Local government  
NT: State government  
RT: Constitutions  
RT: Government advisory bodies  
RT: Intergovernmental relations  
RT: Nongovernment organisations  
RT: Policy  
RT: Policy making  
RT: Politics  
RT: Public administration  
RT: Public finance  
RT: Public service

### **Government advisory bodies**

UF: Commissions (Government)  
UF: Government inquiries  
UF: Inquiries (Government)  
RT: Government  
RT: Public administration

### *Government finance*

USE: Public finance

### *Government inquiries*

USE: Government advisory bodies

### **Graduates**

UF: College graduates  
UF: University graduates  
RT: Tertiary education  
RT: Tertiary students

### *Grammar schools*

USE: Independent schools

### **Grandchildren**

BT: Children  
RT: Extended family  
RT: Family  
RT: Grandfathers  
RT: Grandmothers  
RT: Grandparent families  
RT: Grandparents

### **Grandfathers**

BT: Grandparents  
RT: Extended family  
RT: Grandchildren  
RT: Grandmothers

### **Grandmothers**

BT: Grandparents  
RT: Extended family  
RT: Grandchildren  
RT: Grandfathers  
RT: Mothers

### **Grandparent families**

UF: Custodial grandparent families  
UF: Grandparent-headed families  
UF: Grandparents as parents  
UF: Grandparents raising grandchildren  
BT: Family  
BT: Grandparents  
RT: Child custody  
RT: Grandchildren  
RT: Kinship care

### *Grandparent-headed families*

USE: Grandparent families

### **Grandparents**

NT: Grandfathers  
NT: Grandmothers  
NT: Grandparent families  
RT: Extended family  
RT: Family  
RT: Grandchildren  
RT: Intergenerational relations  
RT: Parents  
SN: For works discussing grandparents as the primary caregivers of grandchildren, use 'Grandparents' and 'Parent role'

### *Grandparents as parents*

USE: Grandparent families

### *Grandparents raising grandchildren*

USE: Grandparent families

### **Grants**

UF: State aid  
RT: Employment subsidies  
RT: Finance  
RT: Public finance  
RT: Subsidies  
SN: Direct government or nongovernment grants to research, special projects etc. Also used for grants from

Federal to State governments above usual budgetary allocations.

### **Greeks**

BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Europeans

### **Grief**

UF: Sorrow  
BT: Emotions  
RT: Bereavement  
RT: Death  
RT: Loss  
RT: Mental depression  
SN: Emotional state of intense sadness associated with external loss or deprivation.

### **Grievance procedures**

UF: Complaints  
RT: Alternative dispute resolution  
RT: Appeals  
RT: Class actions  
RT: Conflict resolution  
RT: Consumer protection  
RT: Industrial arbitration  
RT: Litigation  
RT: Mediation  
RT: Ombudsman

### **Group counselling**

BT: Counselling  
RT: Group therapy  
RT: Groups  
RT: Self help groups

### *Group home care*

USE: Family group care

### *Group psychotherapy*

USE: Group therapy

### **Group therapy**

UF: Group psychotherapy  
BT: Therapy  
RT: Family therapy  
RT: Group counselling  
RT: Groups  
RT: Psychotherapy  
RT: Self help groups

### **Groups**

UF: Social groups  
NT: At risk groups  
NT: Communities  
NT: Cults  
NT: Disadvantaged groups  
NT: Ethnic groups  
NT: Focus groups  
NT: Isolated groups  
NT: Minorities  
NT: Organisations  
NT: Peer groups  
NT: Play groups  
NT: Pressure groups  
NT: Self help groups  
NT: Social classes  
RT: Class actions  
RT: Group counselling  
RT: Group therapy  
RT: Sociology

### *Growth (Economic)*

USE: Economic development

### *Growth (Physical)*

USE: Physical development

### *GST*

USE: Consumption tax

### *Guaranteed minimum income*

USE: Minimum wages

### **Guardianship (Disabled)**

BT: Guardianship  
RT: Advocacy  
RT: Disabled  
RT: Intellectually disabled  
RT: Legal rights  
SN: Appointment of a legally approved body or person to represent and protect the personal well-being and interests of an intellectually disabled person.

### **Guardianship**

NT: Guardianship (Disabled)  
RT: Adoption  
RT: Children  
RT: Family law  
RT: Foster care  
RT: Parenting plans  
RT: Out of home care  
RT: Wards

### **Gynaecology**

BT: Medicine  
RT: Abortion  
RT: Pregnancy  
RT: Reproduction (Biological)

### *Handicapped*

USE: Disability

### *Handicapped children*

USE: Disabled children

### *Handicapped parents*

USE: Parental disability

### **Happiness**

BT: Emotions  
RT: Love  
RT: Optimism  
RT: Self esteem  
RT: Wellbeing

### **Hard to reach families**

BT: Service delivery  
RT: Complex needs  
RT: Disadvantaged groups  
RT: Service utilisation

### **Health**

NT: Adolescent health  
NT: Aged health  
NT: Child health  
NT: Dental health  
NT: Mental health  
NT: Occupational health  
NT: Public health  
NT: Youth health  
RT: Body weight  
RT: Chronic illness  
RT: Diet  
RT: Disability pensions  
RT: Diseases  
RT: Early intervention

RT: Epidemiology  
RT: Health centres  
RT: Health economics  
RT: Health education  
RT: Health insurance  
RT: Health policy  
RT: Health promotion  
RT: Health services  
RT: Health workers  
RT: Immunisation  
RT: Injuries  
RT: Life expectancy  
RT: Medicine  
RT: Mental health services  
RT: Mental illness  
RT: Morbidity  
RT: Nutrition  
RT: Physical activity  
RT: Physical education  
RT: Physical fitness  
RT: Physical illness  
RT: Pollution  
RT: Sickness benefits  
RT: Sleep  
RT: Stress  
RT: Terminal illness  
RT: Wellbeing

#### **Health centres**

UF: Community health centres  
UF: Medical centres  
BT: Health services  
RT: Community centres  
RT: Health  
RT: Hospitals  
RT: Rehabilitation centres

#### **Health economics**

BT: Economics  
RT: Cost effectiveness  
RT: Health  
RT: Health insurance  
RT: Health policy  
RT: Medical fees  
SN: Economics of the health system, including supply and demand, finance and expenditure.

#### **Health education**

BT: Education  
RT: Community education  
RT: Family life education  
RT: Health  
RT: Health promotion  
RT: Sex education  
RT: Smoking

#### **Health insurance**

BT: Insurance  
RT: Health  
RT: Health economics

#### **Health policy**

BT: Policy  
RT: Deinstitutionalisation  
RT: Health  
RT: Health economics  
RT: Health promotion  
RT: Health services  
RT: Public health  
RT: Social policy  
HN: For references prior to June 1985 combine the terms Health and Social policy.

#### **Health promotion**

RT: Health  
RT: Health education  
RT: Health policy  
RT: Health services  
RT: Prevention  
RT: Public health

#### **Health screening**

UF: Screening  
NT: Prenatal screening  
RT: Measures  
RT: Risk assessment  
SN: Checking the health status of the general population, service attendees, etc. Usually refers to a strategy to check for a specific disease or condition in people without signs or symptoms of that condition, such as cervical cancer or domestic violence.

#### **Health services**

UF: Medical services  
BT: Services  
NT: Health centres  
NT: Maternity services  
NT: Mental health services  
NT: Palliative care  
RT: Aged health  
RT: Case management  
RT: Day care centres  
RT: Health  
RT: Health policy  
RT: Health promotion  
RT: Help seeking behaviour  
RT: Hospitals  
RT: Immunisation  
RT: Infrastructure  
RT: Medical fees  
RT: Preventive medicine  
RT: Public health  
RT: Rehabilitation  
RT: Social services  
RT: Treatment

#### **Health workers**

BT: Personnel  
NT: Medical practitioners  
NT: Nurses  
NT: Psychiatrists  
RT: Health  
RT: Social workers

#### **Hearing impaired**

UF: Deaf  
BT: Physically disabled  
RT: Disabled  
RT: Senses

#### **Heart diseases**

UF: Cardiac diseases  
BT: Diseases

#### **Help seeking behaviour**

UF: Assistance seeking  
BT: Behaviour  
BT: Social interaction  
RT: Community services  
RT: Health services  
RT: Helping behaviour  
RT: Legal services  
RT: Problem solving  
RT: Self help groups  
RT: Service utilisation

RT: Social services

### **Helping behaviour**

BT: Behaviour

BT: Social interaction

RT: Advocacy

RT: Help seeking behaviour

RT: Interpersonal relationship

RT: Intervention

RT: Mentoring

RT: Self help groups

RT: Social responsibility

RT: Social support networks

RT: Social work

SN: Act of rendering aid or help.

### *Herbal medicine*

USE: Alternative medicine

### *Heredity*

USE: Genetics

### **Heterosexuality**

BT: Sexuality

RT: Bisexuality

RT: Homosexuality

RT: Lesbianism

RT: Sexual behaviour

RT: Transsexualism

### *Hermaphroditism*

USE: Intersexuality

### *High school students*

USE: Secondary students

### *High schools*

USE: Secondary schools

### *Higher education*

USE: Tertiary education

### **Hinduism**

BT: Religion

RT: Hindus

### **Hindus**

RT: Ethnic groups

RT: Hinduism

### **History**

BT: Social sciences

NT: Genealogy

RT: Change

RT: Political ideologies

RT: War

### *HIV*

USE: AIDS

### **Holidays**

UF: Vacations

RT: Leave of absence

RT: Leisure

RT: Recreation

RT: Tourism

### *Home alone*

USE: Self care

### **Home based care**

UF: Domiciliary services

RT: Aged care

RT: Carers

RT: Community care

RT: Community services

RT: Family responsibilities

RT: Respite care

RT: Self care

RT: Social services

RT: Social support networks

SN: Care for the ill, aged, or disabled in the home

### **Home based employment**

UF: Paid work in the home

UF: Telecommuting

UF: Teleworking

BT: Employment

RT: Outworkers

### **Home birth**

RT: Birth

RT: Birth centres

### **Home economics**

UF: Domestic science

BT: Economics

BT: Education

RT: Family economics

RT: Family life education

RT: Nutrition

RT: Parenting

SN: Study of home management, includes budgeting, child care, nutrition etc.

### *Home environment*

USE: Family background

### **Home ownership**

RT: Housing

RT: Housing finance

RT: Rental housing

### **Home school relationship**

UF: Family school relationship

UF: School home relationship

NT: Parent teacher relationship

RT: Education

RT: Schools

RT: Student counselling

### **Home schooling**

BT: Education

RT: Schools

### **Home visits**

RT: Child abuse prevention

RT: Child welfare

RT: Family support services

### *Homeless*

USE: Homelessness

### *Homeless youth*

USE: Youth homelessness

### **Homelessness**

UF: Homeless

NT: Youth homelessness

RT: At risk groups

RT: Community housing

RT: Crisis centres

RT: Deinstitutionalisation

RT: Housing

RT: Leaving home

RT: Poverty

RT: Public housing

RT: Refugees  
RT: Refuges  
RT: Runaways  
RT: Social problems  
RT: Squatting (Housing)  
RT: Women's refuges

### **Homicide**

UF: Manslaughter  
UF: Murder  
BT: Crime  
NT: Infanticide  
RT: Assault  
RT: Death  
RT: Suicide  
RT: Violence

### *Homosexual couples*

USE: Same-sex couples

### *Homosexual parents*

USE: Same-sex parents

### **Homosexuality**

UF: Lesbianism  
BT: Sexuality  
RT: Bisexuality  
RT: Heterosexuality  
RT: Same-sex couples  
RT: Same-sex parents  
RT: Sexual behaviour  
RT: Transsexualism  
RT: Transvestism

### **Hospices**

RT: Hospitals  
RT: Palliative care  
RT: Terminal illness

### **Hospitals**

RT: Birth centres  
RT: Health centres  
RT: Health services  
RT: Hospices  
RT: Maternity services  
RT: Medical treatment  
RT: Medicine  
RT: Nursing  
RT: Nursing homes  
RT: Palliative care  
RT: Patients  
RT: Public health  
RT: Residential care

### **Hostels**

BT: Residential institutions  
RT: Housing  
RT: Residential care

### *Hours of work*

USE: Working hours

### *Household economics*

USE: Family economics

### *Household expenditure*

USE: Expenditure

### **Household production**

BT: Production  
RT: Alternative lifestyle  
RT: Family economics  
RT: Informal economy

RT: Productivity  
SN: Production of goods in the home for use in the home or for sale or exchange.

### **Households**

RT: Family  
RT: Shared housing

### **Househusbands**

BT: Husbands  
RT: Division of labour  
RT: Housewives  
RT: Housework  
RT: Parenting  
RT: Unpaid work in the home  
SN: Men who carry the major responsibility for household or family management, especially a husband who does no other job.

### *Housekeeping*

USE: Family economics

### *Houses*

USE: Housing

### **Housewives**

BT: Wives  
RT: Division of labour  
RT: Househusbands  
RT: Housework  
RT: Parenting  
RT: Unpaid work in the home  
SN: Women who carry the major responsibility for household or family management, especially a wife who does no other job.

### **Housework**

RT: Division of labour  
RT: Househusbands  
RT: Housewives  
RT: Unpaid work in the home

### **Housing**

UF: Apartment houses  
UF: Dwellings  
UF: Houses  
BT: Accommodation  
NT: Boarding houses  
NT: Community housing  
NT: Public housing  
NT: Rental housing  
NT: Retirement villages  
NT: Shared housing  
RT: Building  
RT: Geographic location  
RT: Home ownership  
RT: Homelessness  
RT: Hostels  
RT: Housing design  
RT: Housing finance  
RT: Housing policy  
RT: Living arrangements  
RT: Neighbourhoods  
RT: Security  
RT: Squatting (Housing)  
RT: Town planning

### **Housing design**

BT: Building design  
RT: Housing

### **Housing finance**

UF: Mortgages  
BT: Finance

NT: Rent  
RT: Home ownership  
RT: Housing  
RT: Interest rates

#### *Housing location*

USE: Geographic location

#### **Housing policy**

BT: Policy  
RT: Housing  
RT: Public housing  
RT: Social policy  
RT: Urban policy

#### *Human embryo transplants*

USE: Embryo transfer

#### *Human relations education*

USE: Relationship education

#### *Human resource management*

USE: Personnel management

#### **Human resources**

RT: Labour market  
RT: Occupations  
RT: Personnel  
RT: Skills

#### **Human rights**

UF: Civil rights  
BT: Rights  
NT: Children's rights  
NT: Equality  
NT: Freedom  
NT: Parent rights  
NT: Privacy  
NT: Women's rights  
RT: Aged abuse  
RT: Censorship  
RT: Child advocacy  
RT: Civil law  
RT: Discrimination  
RT: Empowerment  
RT: Individual responsibilities  
RT: Justice  
RT: Juvenile justice  
RT: Legal rights  
RT: Liberalism  
RT: Ombudsman  
RT: Social justice

#### **Human trafficking**

UF: Sex trafficking  
BT: Crime  
RT: Child pornography  
RT: Child prostitution  
SN: The recruitment, transportation, harbouring or receipt of people for the purpose of exploitation.

#### **Humour**

BT: Emotions

#### **Hungarians**

BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Europeans

#### *Husband wife relationship*

USE: Couple relationship

#### **Husbands**

BT: Men

BT: Spouses  
NT: Househusbands  
RT: Couple relationship  
RT: Couples  
RT: Marriage  
RT: Wives

#### **Hyperactivity**

BT: Behaviour  
RT: Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder  
RT: Child behaviour  
RT: Learning problems  
SN: Behaviour characterised by overactivity, restlessness, distractibility, and short attention span.

#### **Identity**

UF: Self concept  
NT: Aboriginality  
NT: Ethnicity  
RT: Personality  
RT: Self perception

#### *Identity (Aboriginal)*

USE: Aboriginality

#### *Identity (Ethnic)*

USE: Ethnicity

#### **Ideology**

UF: Beliefs  
UF: Doctrines  
NT: Political ideologies  
RT: Philosophy  
RT: Sociology  
RT: Theories  
RT: Values  
SN: Doctrines, beliefs or ideals of a person or group.

#### *Ill health*

USE: Physical illness

#### **Illegitimacy**

RT: Exnuptial births  
RT: Exnuptial children  
RT: Inheritance  
RT: Paternity

#### *Illegitimate children*

USE: Exnuptial children

#### *Illicit drugs*

USE: Drugs

#### *Illiteracy*

USE: Literacy

#### *Illness (Chronic)*

USE: Chronic illness

#### *Illness (Mental)*

USE: Mental illness

#### *Illness (Physical)*

USE: Physical illness

#### **Imagination**

BT: Creativity  
RT: Cognitive development  
RT: Play

#### *Immigrants*

USE: Migrants



## **Immigration**

UF: Migration  
NT: Migrant settlement  
NT: Temporary labour immigration  
RT: Birthplace  
RT: Citizenship  
RT: Demographic trends  
RT: Demography  
RT: Emigration  
RT: Geographic mobility  
RT: Immigration policy  
RT: Migrants  
RT: Population distribution  
RT: Population movement  
RT: Population policy  
RT: Return migration  
RT: Sponsorship  
SN: Coming into Australia for the purpose of permanent residence.

## **Immigration policy**

BT: Policy  
RT: Cultural assimilation  
RT: Cultural integration  
RT: Immigration  
RT: Migrants  
RT: Multiculturalism  
RT: Population policy  
RT: Sponsorship

## **Immunisation**

UF: Vaccination  
RT: Diseases  
RT: Epidemiology  
RT: Health  
RT: Health services  
RT: Public health

## *Impact*

USE: Effects

## **In-law relationship**

BT: Family relations  
RT: Extended family

## **In vitro fertilisation**

UF: IVF  
UF: Test tube fertilisation  
BT: Assisted reproduction  
RT: Artificial insemination  
RT: Artificial insemination by donor  
RT: Biological parents  
RT: Embryo transfer  
RT: Gamete donors  
RT: Infertility  
RT: Pregnancy  
RT: Surrogacy (Birth)

## **Incentives**

UF: Bonus systems  
UF: Labour incentives  
UF: Performance awards  
NT: Fringe benefits  
RT: Employment  
RT: Enterprise bargaining  
RT: Management  
RT: Motivation  
RT: Promotion (Occupational)  
RT: Wages

## **Incest**

RT: Child sexual abuse

RT: Paedophilia  
RT: Rape  
RT: Sexual offenses

## *Incidence*

USE: Statistics

## **Income**

NT: Low income  
NT: Wages  
RT: Capital  
RT: Economics  
RT: Equal pay  
RT: Equivalence scales  
RT: Expenditure  
RT: Family economics  
RT: Family trusts  
RT: Foregone earnings  
RT: Income distribution  
RT: Income splitting  
RT: Income support  
RT: Income tax  
RT: Investment  
RT: Living standards  
RT: Means test  
RT: Pensions  
RT: Property  
RT: Savings  
RT: Superannuation  
RT: Wage fixation  
RT: Wealth

## **Income distribution**

RT: Equivalence scales  
RT: Income  
RT: Living standards  
RT: Poverty  
RT: Wages  
RT: Wealth  
SN: The way income is divided among various societal groups.

## **Income management**

UF: Compulsory income management  
UF: Conditional cash transfers  
UF: Conditional income management  
UF: Conditional welfare  
UF: Income quarantining  
RT: Benefits  
BT: Social services  
RT: Income support  
SN: A form of conditional welfare, whereby some portion of a recipient's benefits must only be used for essential household needs and expenses

## *Income quarantining*

USE: Income management

## **Income splitting**

RT: Income  
RT: Income tax

## **Income support**

RT: Benefits  
RT: Economic dependency  
RT: Family allowances  
RT: Family economics  
RT: Income  
RT: Income management  
RT: Informal economy  
RT: Pensions  
RT: Social services

**Income tax**

UF: Direct taxation  
BT: Taxation  
RT: Capital gains tax  
RT: Income  
RT: Income splitting  
RT: Tax avoidance  
RT: Tax deductions

**Independence**

UF: Autonomy  
UF: Self sufficiency  
RT: Deinstitutionalisation  
RT: Economic dependency  
RT: Dependency (Personality)  
RT: Leaving care  
RT: Leaving home  
RT: Personal development  
RT: Self determination  
RT: Separation

*Independent living*

USE: Self care

**Independent schools**

UF: Alternative schools  
UF: Church schools  
UF: Grammar schools  
UF: Private schools  
BT: Schools  
NT: Ethnic schools

**Indexation**

UF: Wage indexation  
RT: Economic policy  
RT: Inflation  
RT: Wage fixation  
RT: Wages

**Indians**

BT: Asians  
BT: Ethnic groups

*Indicators (Economic)*

USE: Economic indicators

*Indicators (Social)*

USE: Social indicators

**Indigenous Australians**

UF: Aborigines  
BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Indigenous people  
RT: Aboriginal customary law  
RT: Aboriginal reconciliation  
RT: Aboriginality  
RT: Torres Strait Islanders  
HN: Adopted 2009. The term 'Aborigines' was previously used, reflecting terminology of the time.  
SN: Australian indigenous peoples.

**Indigenous people**

NT: Indigenous Australians  
NT: Maori  
NT: Native Americans  
NT: Torres Strait Islanders  
RT: Ethnic groups  
SN: Use this term for works on Indigenous people from around the world or for Indigenous people not otherwise specified.

**Indirect tax**

BT: Taxation  
NT: Consumption tax  
RT: Consumption (Economics)  
RT: Sales tax

**Individual differences**

BT: Differences  
NT: Age differences  
NT: Gender differences  
RT: Behaviour  
RT: Personality  
RT: Physical characteristics  
SN: Any specific characteristics or quantitative difference in a quality or trait that can serve to distinguish one individual from another.

**Individual responsibilities**

BT: Responsibility  
RT: Children's responsibilities  
RT: Family responsibilities  
RT: Human rights  
RT: Liability  
RT: Mutual obligation  
RT: Parent responsibilities  
RT: Restorative justice  
RT: Social responsibility

**Indochinese**

BT: Asians  
BT: Ethnic groups  
NT: Cambodians  
NT: Malaysians  
NT: Vietnamese

**Indonesians**

BT: Asians  
BT: Ethnic groups

**Industrial arbitration**

UF: Industrial disputes  
BT: Arbitration  
RT: Grievance procedures  
RT: Industrial awards  
RT: Industrial relations  
RT: Industry  
RT: Strikes

**Industrial awards**

UF: Awards (Wages)  
RT: Employment  
RT: Employment policy  
RT: Enterprise bargaining  
RT: Industrial arbitration  
RT: Industrial relations  
RT: Industry  
RT: Wage fixation  
RT: Wages  
RT: Working conditions

*Industrial democracy*

USE: Worker participation

*Industrial disputes*

USE: Industrial arbitration

*Industrial health*

USE: Occupational health

**Industrial relations**

UF: Labour relations  
RT: Employers  
RT: Enterprise bargaining  
RT: Industrial arbitration

RT: Industrial awards  
RT: Industry  
RT: Labour market  
RT: Strikes  
RT: Trade unions  
RT: Worker participation

#### **Industrialisation**

RT: Developing countries  
RT: Economic development  
RT: Industry  
RT: Social change  
RT: Technological change  
RT: Urbanisation  
SN: Introduction of industry on a large scale.

#### **Industry**

UF: Private industry  
NT: Tourism  
RT: Agriculture  
RT: Business  
RT: Enterprise bargaining  
RT: Fly-in fly-out employment  
RT: Industrial arbitration  
RT: Industrial awards  
RT: Industrial relations  
RT: Industrialisation  
RT: Infrastructure  
RT: Pollution  
RT: Production  
RT: Technology  
RT: Trade unions

#### **Inequality**

RT: Disadvantaged groups  
RT: Discrimination  
RT: Equality  
RT: Social justice

#### **Infanticide**

BT: Homicide  
RT: Abortion  
RT: Child abuse

#### **Infants**

UF: Babies  
BT: Children  
NT: Premature infants  
RT: Birth  
RT: Bonding  
RT: Sudden infant death syndrome

#### **Infertility**

UF: Sterility  
RT: Artificial insemination  
RT: Artificial insemination by donor  
RT: Childlessness  
RT: Fertility  
RT: In vitro fertilisation  
RT: Reproductive technology  
RT: Surrogacy (Birth)  
RT: Surrogate mothers

#### **Inflation**

RT: Costs  
RT: Economic conditions  
RT: Economic recession  
RT: Indexation

#### *Influence*

USE: Causal factors

#### **Informal economy**

RT: Economic conditions

RT: Economics  
RT: Household production  
RT: Income support  
RT: Tax avoidance  
SN: Production or services wholly or partly for money or barter, which should be, but are not, declared for taxation purposes.

#### **Information access**

RT: Adoption  
RT: Confidential information  
RT: Freedom of information

#### **Information retrieval**

BT: Information technology  
RT: Data collections  
RT: Information services  
SN: Includes automated and manual retrieval of information.

#### **Information services**

BT: Services  
NT: Bibliographies  
NT: Directories  
RT: Community services  
RT: Counselling  
RT: Data collections  
RT: Information retrieval  
RT: Infrastructure

#### **Information technology**

BT: Technology  
NT: Information retrieval  
RT: Computer applications  
RT: Computers  
RT: Internet  
RT: Technological change  
RT: Telecommunications

#### **Informed consent**

BT: Consent  
RT: Medical treatment  
RT: Therapy  
SN: Agreement to an experimental or therapeutic procedure on the basis of the subject fully understanding its nature and possible risks.

#### **Infrastructure**

UF: Utility services  
RT: Energy resources  
RT: Health services  
RT: Industry  
RT: Information services  
RT: Legal services  
RT: Public transport  
RT: Regional planning  
RT: Tourism  
RT: Town planning  
RT: Urban consolidation

#### **Inhalant abuse**

UF: Solvent abuse  
UF: Volatile substance abuse  
BT: Drug abuse  
RT: Drug use  
SN: Inhalant misuse by breathing in the fumes or vapours of certain room temperature chemical substances, in order to produce a drug 'high'. It includes petrol sniffing, glue sniffing, and aerosol spray paint misuse ('chroming').

#### **Inheritance**

RT: Birth order  
RT: Estates  
RT: Illegitimacy

RT: Kinship system  
RT: Probate law  
RT: Property  
RT: Wills

### **Injunctions**

UF: Intervention orders  
UF: Restraining orders  
RT: Family violence  
RT: Family law  
RT: Law  
RT: Law enforcement  
RT: Legal procedures  
RT: Stalking  
SN: Court orders by which a party is ordered to refrain from doing something, or ordered to do a particular thing.

### **Injuries**

UF: Physical trauma  
UF: Trauma (Physical)  
RT: Accidents  
RT: Health  
RT: Occupational health  
RT: Post traumatic stress disorder  
RT: Safety

### *Inlaws*

USE: In-law relationship

### **Inner suburbs**

BT: Suburbs  
RT: Outer suburbs

### *Inquiries (Government)*

USE: Government advisory bodies

### **Inservice training**

BT: Training  
RT: Continuing professional education  
RT: Education  
RT: Retraining  
SN: Courses or programs designed to provide employee staff growth in job-related competencies or skills.

### *Insomnia*

USE: Sleep

### **Institutional abuse**

UF: Systems abuse  
RT: Child abuse  
RT: Residential institutions  
SN: A form of abuse based on power occurring in institutions such as schools, prisons, orphanages, and nursing homes. It can include financial abuse, discriminatory abuse, and neglect.

### **Institutionalisation**

RT: Deinstitutionalisation  
RT: Residential care  
RT: Residential institutions

### *Instruction*

USE: Teaching

### **Insurance**

NT: Health insurance  
NT: Life insurance  
RT: Finance  
RT: Third parties (Law)  
RT: Workers' compensation

### *Integration (Cultural)*

USE: Cultural integration

### **Integration (Disabled students)**

BT: Integration (Disabled)  
RT: Disabled children  
RT: Education  
RT: Normalisation (Disabled)  
RT: Special education  
SN: Integration of students with disabilities into regular classes or schools with steps taken to see that special needs are satisfied.

### **Integration (Disabled)**

UF: Mainstreaming  
NT: Integration (Disabled students)  
RT: Deinstitutionalisation  
RT: Disabled  
RT: Normalisation (Disabled)  
SN: Policies or programs which enable people with disabilities to live in the community.

### *Intellectual development*

USE: Cognitive development

### *Intellectually disabled*

USE: Intellectual disability

### **Intellectual disability**

UF: Intellectually disabled  
UF: Mental retardation  
UF: Mentally disabled  
BT: Disability  
RT: Dementia  
RT: Disabled children  
RT: Down's syndrome  
RT: Guardianship (Disabled)  
RT: Intelligence  
RT: Parental disability

### **Intelligence**

UF: Intelligence tests  
UF: IQ  
RT: Ability  
RT: Academic achievement  
RT: Cognitive development  
RT: Comprehension  
RT: Creativity  
RT: Gifted  
RT: Intellectually disabled  
RT: Learning  
RT: Learning problems  
RT: Memory

### *Intelligence tests*

USE: Intelligence

### *Intensive family preservation services*

USE: Intensive home based family support services

### *Intensive family preservation services*

USE: Intensive family support

### **Intensive home based family support services**

UF: Intensive family preservation services  
UF: Intensive family support  
BT: Family support services  
RT: At risk children  
RT: Child protection

### **Interagency collaboration**

RT: Children's services  
RT: Community services  
RT: Family support services  
RT: Federal government

RT: Local government  
RT: Nongovernment organisations  
RT: State government

### **Intercountry adoption**

UF: Interracial adoption  
BT: Adoption  
RT: Adoptive parents  
RT: Cross cultural differences

### **Interest rates**

RT: Banking  
RT: Credit  
RT: Finance  
RT: Housing finance

### *Interfaith marriage*

USE: Inter marriage

### **Intergenerational relations**

RT: Adult children  
RT: Aged  
RT: Children  
RT: Extended family  
RT: Family  
RT: Family relations  
RT: Family structure  
RT: Generation differences  
RT: Grandparents  
RT: Interpersonal relationship  
RT: Parent child relationship

### **Intergenerational transmission**

UF: Transgenerational transmission  
RT: Family background  
RT: Family relations  
RT: Generation differences  
RT: Personality traits  
SN: Transmission of family characteristics from one generation to another.

### **Intergovernmental relations**

UF: Commonwealth State relations  
UF: State federal relations  
RT: Federal government  
RT: Globalisation  
RT: Government  
RT: International agreements  
RT: International law  
RT: Jurisdiction  
RT: Local government  
RT: Politics  
RT: State government  
SN: Relations or agreements between Federal, State/Territory, or local governments of a country, or between countries.

### **Inter marriage**

UF: Cross cultural marriage  
UF: Interfaith marriage  
UF: Interracial marriage  
UF: Mixed marriage  
BT: Marriage  
RT: Cross cultural differences  
RT: Religion  
SN: Marriage between people from different racial, religious or social groups.

### *Internal migration*

USE: Population movement

### **International agreements**

UF: International conventions  
RT: Globalisation

RT: Intergovernmental relations  
RT: International law  
RT: Jurisdiction  
SN: Agreements between countries regarding reciprocal arrangements for provision of social welfare, or agreement by both parties to acknowledge and act on each other's laws. Also used for international covenants and conventions.

### *International conventions*

USE: International agreements

### **International law**

BT: Law  
RT: Intergovernmental relations  
RT: International agreements  
RT: Jurisdiction

### **Internet**

BT: Mass media  
BT: Telecommunications  
RT: Computer applications  
RT: Information technology  
RT: Social media  
SN: Global computer network.

### *Interpersonal communication*

USE: Communication

### **Interpersonal relationship**

UF: Relationships  
NT: Couple relationship  
NT: Friendship  
NT: Mentoring  
NT: Parent child relationship  
NT: Peer relations  
RT: Attachment  
RT: Autism  
RT: Communication  
RT: Conflict  
RT: Dating (Social customs)  
RT: Extra marital relationship  
RT: Family relations  
RT: Helping behaviour  
RT: In-law relationship  
RT: Intergenerational relations  
RT: Intimacy  
RT: Love  
RT: Parent teacher relationship  
RT: Privacy  
RT: Relationship breakdown  
RT: Self esteem  
RT: Social interaction  
RT: Trust

### **Interpreters**

RT: Community services  
RT: Language  
RT: Migrants  
RT: Multilingualism

### *Interracial marriage*

USE: Inter marriage

### *Intersex*

USE: Intersexuality

### **Intersexuality**

UF: Hermaphroditism  
UF: Intersex  
BT: Sexuality  
RT: Gender  
SN: The state where a person's chromosomal, gonadal or anatomical sex is not exclusively 'male' or 'female'.

**Intervention**

NT: Crisis intervention  
NT: Early intervention  
RT: Behaviour modification  
RT: Child welfare  
RT: Counselling  
RT: Helping behaviour  
RT: Mediation  
RT: Prevention  
RT: Psychotherapy  
RT: Rehabilitation  
RT: Social work  
RT: Treatment  
SN: Used in combination with other context specific terms, for example, Child abuse, Child welfare, or Family violence.

*Intervention orders*

USE: Injunctions

**Interviewing**

RT: Journalism  
RT: Measures  
RT: Methodology  
RT: Questionnaires  
RT: Surveys

**Intimacy**

RT: Attachment  
RT: Friendship  
RT: Interpersonal relationship  
RT: Love

**Intimate partner violence**

BT: Family violence  
BT: Violence  
RT: Emotional abuse  
RT: Sexual assault

*Intra-familial sexual assault*

USE: Child sexual abuse

*Invalid pensions*

USE: Disability pensions

**Investment**

NT: Savings  
RT: Finance  
RT: Income

*IQ*

USE: Intelligence

**Iranians**

BT: Ethnic groups

**Iraqis**

BT: Ethnic groups

**Irish**

BT: Ethnic groups

**Islam**

BT: Religion  
RT: Muslims

**Isolated groups**

BT: Groups  
RT: At risk groups  
RT: Disadvantaged groups  
RT: Remote areas  
RT: Rural conditions

RT: Social isolation

**Italians**

BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Europeans

*Itinerant families*

USE: Geographic mobility

*IVF*

USE: In vitro fertilisation

**Japanese**

BT: Asians  
BT: Ethnic groups

**Jews**

RT: Ethnic groups  
RT: Judaism

**Job analysis**

RT: Employment  
RT: Job satisfaction  
RT: Occupational segregation  
RT: Occupations

*Job change*

USE: Labour mobility

**Job creation programs**

UF: Local employment initiatives  
BT: Labour market programs  
BT: Programs  
RT: Employment  
RT: Employment policy  
RT: Retraining  
RT: Unemployment

*Job discrimination*

USE: Employment discrimination

*Job market*

USE: Labour market

**Job satisfaction**

RT: Employment  
RT: Job analysis  
RT: Quality of life  
RT: Work attitudes  
RT: Work ethic  
RT: Working conditions

**Job sharing**

RT: Employment  
RT: Part time employment  
RT: Underemployment  
RT: Working conditions

*Job training*

USE: Vocational education

*Jobs*

USE: Occupations

*Joint custody*

USE: Shared care

**Journalism**

RT: Interviewing  
RT: Mass media  
RT: Publishing

*Journey to work*

USE: Commuting

**Judaism**

BT: Religion  
RT: Jews

**Judges**

USE: Judiciary

**Judicial decision making**

BT: Decision making  
RT: Judiciary  
RT: Jurisdiction

**Judiciary**

UF: Judges  
BT: Professional personnel  
NT: Magistrates  
RT: Courts  
RT: Judicial decision making  
RT: Justice  
RT: Law  
RT: Legal practitioners

**Juries**

RT: Courts  
RT: Law

**Jurisdiction**

RT: Appeals  
RT: Courts  
RT: Intergovernmental relations  
RT: International agreements  
RT: International law  
RT: Judicial decision making  
RT: Law  
RT: Legal procedures  
RT: Legislation  
RT: Litigation  
SN: Includes conflict of judicial decisions.

**Justice**

NT: Juvenile justice  
NT: Restorative justice  
NT: Social justice  
RT: Community justice centres  
RT: Courts  
RT: Equality  
RT: Ethics  
RT: Freedom  
RT: Human rights  
RT: Judiciary  
RT: Law  
RT: Law reform  
RT: Rights

**Juvenile corrective institutions**

UF: Remand centres (Youth)  
BT: Residential institutions  
RT: Juvenile delinquency  
RT: Prisons  
RT: Residential care  
RT: Young offenders  
SN: State run residential centres for young offenders.

**Juvenile courts**

UF: Children's courts  
BT: Courts  
RT: Juvenile delinquency  
RT: Juvenile justice  
RT: Young offenders

**Juvenile delinquency**

BT: Deviant behaviour

RT: Adolescents  
RT: Behaviour problems  
RT: Juvenile corrective institutions  
RT: Juvenile courts  
RT: Juvenile justice  
RT: Shoplifting  
RT: Vandalism  
RT: Young offenders  
SN: Antisocial behaviour of young people which is subject to legal sanctions.

**Juvenile justice**

BT: Justice  
RT: Child advocacy  
RT: Children's rights  
RT: Human rights  
RT: Juvenile courts  
RT: Juvenile delinquency  
RT: Social justice  
RT: Young offenders

**Juvenile offenders**

USE: Young offenders

**Kidnapping**

USE: Abduction

**Kindergartens**

USE: Preschools

**Kinship care**

BT: Out of home care  
RT: Extended family  
RT: Foster care  
RT: Grandparent families  
SN: Foster care with relatives that aims to keep children within their own kinship community and cultural network.

**Kinship system**

BT: Culture  
RT: Aboriginal customary law  
RT: Aboriginality  
RT: Extended family  
RT: Family  
RT: Family structure  
RT: Genealogy  
RT: Inheritance  
RT: Matriarchy  
RT: Nuclear families  
RT: Parents  
RT: Patriarchy  
RT: Siblings  
RT: Social support networks  
SN: The system of relationships traditionally accepted by a particular culture and the rights and obligations which they involve.

**Knowledge**

RT: Comprehension  
RT: Education  
RT: Learning  
RT: Research  
RT: Research to practice  
RT: Theories

**Knowledge transfer**

USE: Research to practice

**Knowledge translation**

USE: Research to practice

**Koreans**

BT: Asians  
BT: Ethnic groups

*Labour force*

USE: Labour market

**Labour force participation**

RT: Employment  
RT: Labour market  
RT: Labour mobility  
RT: Participation  
RT: Underemployment  
RT: Unemployment  
RT: Unemployment duration

*Labour incentives*

USE: Incentives

**Labour market**

UF: Job market  
UF: Labour force  
UF: Workforce  
RT: Casual employment  
RT: Economics  
RT: Employment  
RT: Human resources  
RT: Industrial relations  
RT: Labour force participation  
RT: Labour market programs  
RT: Labour mobility  
RT: Production  
RT: Skilled labour  
RT: Temporary labour immigration  
RT: Unskilled labour  
RT: Volunteering

**Labour market programs**

BT: Programs  
NT: Job creation programs  
RT: Employment  
RT: Employment policy  
RT: Employment subsidies  
RT: Labour market  
RT: Retraining  
RT: Unemployment  
RT: Youth employment  
RT: Youth unemployment  
SN: Broad term covering active intervention programs related to the labour market.

**Labour mobility**

UF: Employment change  
UF: Job change  
UF: Mobility, Labour  
RT: Geographic mobility  
RT: Labour force participation  
RT: Labour market  
RT: Population movement

*Labour relations*

USE: Industrial relations

**Land rights**

UF: Aboriginal land rights  
UF: Native title  
BT: Rights  
RT: Indigenous Australians

**Language**

NT: Speech  
RT: Behaviour  
RT: Communication  
RT: Definitions  
RT: Interpreters  
RT: Multilingualism

RT: Non English speaking background

RT: Reading

**Laotians**

BT: Asians  
BT: Ethnic groups

*Latchkey children*

USE: Self care

**Latin Americans**

BT: Ethnic groups

**Latvians**

BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Europeans

**Law**

BT: Social sciences  
NT: Aboriginal customary law  
NT: Case law  
NT: Civil law  
NT: Criminal law  
NT: Customary law  
NT: Family law  
NT: International law  
NT: Probate law  
NT: Tenancy law  
RT: Arbitration  
RT: Cohabitation agreements  
RT: Compensation (Law)  
RT: Consent  
RT: Constitutions  
RT: Contempt (Law)  
RT: Contracts  
RT: Courts  
RT: Evidence (Law)  
RT: Expert witnesses  
RT: Injunctions  
RT: Judiciary  
RT: Juries  
RT: Jurisdiction  
RT: Justice  
RT: Law enforcement  
RT: Law reform  
RT: Legal aid  
RT: Legal education  
RT: Legal fees  
RT: Legal practitioners  
RT: Legal procedures  
RT: Legal rights  
RT: Legal services  
RT: Legislation  
RT: Litigation  
RT: Marriage agreements  
RT: Policy making  
RT: Politics  
RT: Regulations  
RT: Self representation (Law)  
RT: Sentences (Law)  
RT: Social control  
RT: Standards  
RT: Third parties (Law)  
SN: The system of rules of conduct or action established by authority, society or custom.

**Law enforcement**

RT: Court procedures  
RT: Injunctions  
RT: Law

**Law reform**

RT: Justice



RT: Law  
RT: Legislation  
RT: Lobbying  
RT: Pressure groups

#### *Law suits*

USE: Litigation

#### *Lawyers*

USE: Legal practitioners

#### **Lay people**

UF: Laymen  
UF: Non-specialists  
RT: Church workers  
RT: Clergy  
RT: Personnel  
SN: People without special training or qualifications in a given field. Also refers to members of the laity as opposed to the clergy.

#### *Laymen*

USE: Lay people

#### **Leadership**

RT: Behaviour  
RT: Management

#### **Learning problems**

RT: Academic achievement  
RT: Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder  
RT: Cognitive development  
RT: Disabled  
RT: Intelligence  
RT: Learning  
RT: Teaching  
SN: Problems encountered in the process of learning. Maybe the result of visual, hearing or motor impairments, mental retardation, behavioural disorders, or of cultural, environmental or economic disadvantage.

#### **Learning**

RT: Ability  
RT: Academic achievement  
RT: Cognitive development  
RT: Comprehension  
RT: Concept formation  
RT: Education  
RT: Intelligence  
RT: Knowledge  
RT: Learning problems  
RT: Memory  
RT: Socialisation  
RT: Teaching

#### **Leave of absence**

UF: Sick leave  
BT: Working conditions  
NT: Family leave  
NT: Maternity leave  
NT: Parental leave  
NT: Paternity leave  
RT: Absenteeism  
RT: Holidays  
SN: Permission to be absent from duty or employment; periods of authorised absence.

#### **Leaving care**

RT: Child welfare  
RT: Independence  
RT: Out of home care  
RT: Wards  
SN: Young people leaving State care.

#### **Leaving home**

NT: Runaways  
RT: Independence  
RT: Living arrangements  
RT: Personal development  
RT: Youth  
RT: Youth homelessness

#### **Lebanese**

BT: Ethnic groups

#### *Legal actions*

USE: Litigation

#### **Legal aid**

BT: Legal services  
RT: Advocacy  
RT: Child advocacy  
RT: Law  
RT: Legal fees  
RT: Legal rights  
RT: Litigation  
RT: Self representation (Law)

#### **Legal education**

BT: Education  
RT: Law

#### **Legal fees**

BT: Fees  
BT: Professional fees  
RT: Costs  
RT: Family law  
RT: Law  
RT: Legal aid  
RT: Legal practitioners  
RT: Legal services

#### **Legal practitioners**

UF: Barristers  
UF: Lawyers  
UF: Solicitors  
BT: Professional personnel  
RT: Judiciary  
RT: Law  
RT: Legal fees  
RT: Legal services

#### **Legal procedures**

UF: Procedures (Legal)  
NT: Court procedures  
RT: Alternative dispute resolution  
RT: Arbitration  
RT: Conciliation  
RT: Contracts  
RT: Courts  
RT: Evidence (Law)  
RT: Expert witnesses  
RT: Injunctions  
RT: Jurisdiction  
RT: Law  
RT: Litigation  
RT: Mediation  
RT: Regulations  
RT: Self representation (Law)

#### *Legal responsibility*

USE: Liability

#### **Legal rights**

BT: Rights  
RT: Children's rights

RT: Guardianship (Disabled)  
RT: Human rights  
RT: Law  
RT: Legal aid  
RT: Parent rights  
RT: Self representation (Law)

#### **Legal services**

BT: Services  
NT: Community justice centres  
NT: Legal aid  
RT: Advocacy  
RT: Alternative dispute resolution  
RT: Conciliation  
RT: Family dispute resolution  
RT: Help seeking behaviour  
RT: Infrastructure  
RT: Law  
RT: Legal fees  
RT: Legal practitioners  
RT: Social services

#### **Legislation**

RT: Jurisdiction  
RT: Law  
RT: Law reform  
RT: Lobbying  
RT: Policy making  
RT: Politics  
SN: A law or a body of laws enacted.  
HN: For references prior to February 1989 use Law.

#### *Lesbianism*

USE: Homosexuality

#### **Leisure**

RT: Holidays  
RT: Physical activity  
RT: Recreation  
RT: Sport  
RT: Television viewing  
RT: Time utilisation  
RT: Tourism  
RT: Working hours

#### **Liability**

UF: Legal responsibility  
BT: Torts  
RT: Children's responsibilities  
RT: Civil law  
RT: Consumer protection  
RT: Individual responsibilities  
RT: Litigation  
RT: Negligence  
RT: Third parties (Law)

#### **Liberalism**

BT: Political ideologies  
RT: Human rights

#### **Liberty**

USE: Freedom

#### **Life cycle**

RT: Ageing  
RT: Birth  
RT: Childhood  
RT: Death  
RT: Life expectancy  
RT: Life stage transitions  
RT: Menopause  
RT: Middle aged  
RT: Parenthood

RT: Youth

#### **Life expectancy**

UF: Life span  
UF: Longevity  
RT: Aged  
RT: Demography  
RT: Health  
RT: Life cycle  
RT: Mortality  
SN: Anticipated number of years of life for an individual based on statistical probability.

#### **Life insurance**

BT: Insurance  
RT: Superannuation

#### *Life quality*

USE: Quality of life

#### *Life skills*

USE: Skills

#### *Life span*

USE: Life expectancy

#### **Life stage transitions**

UF: Lifecourse transition  
UF: Transitions (Life stage)  
RT: Adolescents  
RT: Adults  
RT: Ageing  
RT: Childhood  
RT: Death  
RT: Divorce  
RT: Life cycle  
RT: Marital separation  
RT: Marriage  
RT: Middle aged  
RT: Parenthood  
RT: Puberty  
RT: Retirement  
RT: School transition  
RT: School work transition  
SN: Processes of change from one stage of life to the next.

#### *Lifecourse transition*

USE: Life stage transitions`

#### **Lifestyle**

NT: Alternative lifestyle  
RT: Behaviour  
RT: Physical activity  
RT: Quality of life  
RT: Sport  
RT: Wellbeing  
SN: A mode of life chosen by a person or group.

#### *Liquor*

USE: Alcohol

#### **Literacy**

UF: Illiteracy  
RT: Comprehension  
RT: Education  
RT: Numeracy  
RT: Reading

#### **Literature review methodology**

UF: Literature searching  
BT: Methodology  
RT: Literature reviews

#### *Literature searching*

USE: Literature review methodology

### **Literature reviews**

UF: Reviews (Literature)

RT: Bibliographies

RT: Literature review methodology

RT: Methodology

RT: Research

SN: Surveys and/or discussion of previously published material on a subject.

### **Litigation**

UF: Law suits

UF: Legal actions

NT: Class actions

RT: Compensation (Law)

RT: Courts

RT: Grievance procedures

RT: Jurisdiction

RT: Law

RT: Legal aid

RT: Legal procedures

RT: Liability

RT: Self representation (Law)

SN: Actions or suits contested at law to enforce legal rights. Refers to civil action.

### **Living arrangements**

RT: Housing

RT: Leaving home

### **Living standards**

UF: Cost of living

UF: Standard of living

BT: Standards

RT: Economic conditions

RT: Economics

RT: Equivalence scales

RT: Expenditure

RT: Food security

RT: Income

RT: Income distribution

RT: Low income

RT: Minimum wages

RT: Poverty

RT: Quality of life

RT: Social indicators

RT: Socioeconomic status

RT: Wages

RT: Wealth

### **Lobbying**

RT: Advocacy

RT: Law reform

RT: Legislation

RT: Politics

RT: Pressure groups

### *Local employment initiatives*

USE: Job creation programs

### **Local government**

UF: Councils

UF: Municipal councils

BT: Government

RT: Community development

RT: Community housing

RT: Community services

RT: Federal government

RT: Interagency collaboration

RT: Intergovernmental relations

RT: Politics

RT: Public administration

RT: State government

### *Lone fathers*

USE: Single fathers

### *Lone mothers*

USE: Single mothers

### *Lone parent families*

USE: One parent families

### *Lone parents*

USE: Single parents

### **Loneliness**

BT: Emotions

RT: Alienation

RT: Mental depression

RT: Social isolation

### *Long distance commuting*

USE: Fly-in fly-out employment

### *Long shift work*

USE: Fly-in fly-out employment

### **Long term unemployment**

BT: Unemployment

RT: Unemployment benefits

RT: Unemployment duration

### *Longevity*

USE: Life expectancy

### **Longitudinal studies**

RT: Case studies

RT: Methodology

RT: Research

### **Loss**

RT: Bereavement

RT: Death

RT: Divorce

RT: Grief

RT: Separation

### **Love**

BT: Emotions

RT: Affection

RT: Happiness

RT: Interpersonal relationship

RT: Intimacy

### **Low income**

BT: Income

RT: Disadvantaged groups

RT: Economic conditions

RT: Financial stress

RT: Living standards

RT: Poverty

RT: Socioeconomic status

### **Macedonians**

BT: Ethnic groups

BT: Europeans

### **Magistrates**

BT: Judiciary

### *Mainstreaming*

USE: Integration (Disabled)

### **Maintenance payments**

NT: Child support

NT: Spousal maintenance  
RT: Divorce  
RT: Family law  
RT: Sequestration  
SN: Payments made after divorce by one spouse to the other.

#### *Maladjustment*

USE: Antisocial behaviour

#### **Malaysians**

BT: Asians  
BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Indochinese  
RT: Muslims

#### **Male victims**

BT: Victims  
RT: Crime victims

#### *Males:*

USE: Boys  
USE: Men

#### **Maltese**

BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Europeans

#### *Maltreated children*

USE: Child abuse

#### **Management**

UF: Administration  
NT: Case management  
NT: Data management  
NT: Educational administration  
NT: Financial management  
NT: Personnel management  
NT: Public administration  
NT: Supervision  
RT: Business  
RT: Decision making  
RT: Employers  
RT: Incentives  
RT: Leadership  
RT: Managers  
RT: Worker participation

#### **Managers**

RT: Employers  
RT: Management  
RT: Occupations  
RT: Personnel

#### **Mandatory detention**

RT: Asylum seekers  
RT: Prisons

#### **Mandatory reporting**

UF: Compulsory reporting  
BT: Child abuse reporting  
RT: Child abuse  
SN: Compulsory reporting of child abuse cases by professionals as legislated in each State.

#### *Manslaughter*

USE: Homicide

#### **Maori**

UF: Maoris  
BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Indigenous people

#### *Maoris*

USE: Maori

#### *Marital counselling*

USE: Marriage counselling

#### *Marital satisfaction*

USE: Relationship satisfaction

#### **Marital separation**

BT: Separation  
RT: Divorce  
RT: Family breakdown  
RT: Family law  
RT: Life stage transitions  
RT: Marital status  
RT: Marriage  
RT: Parental absence  
RT: Relationship breakdown

#### **Marital status**

UF: Status (Marital)  
NT: Single people  
NT: Widowers  
NT: Widows  
RT: Cohabitation  
RT: Demography  
RT: Marital separation  
RT: Marriage  
RT: Marriage age  
RT: Marriage duration

#### *Marital therapy*

USE: Couple therapy

#### **Marriage**

NT: Arranged marriage  
NT: Forced marriage  
NT: Intermarriage  
NT: Polygamy  
RT: Annulment  
RT: Civil union  
RT: Cohabitation  
RT: Couple relationship  
RT: Divorce  
RT: Extra marital relationship  
RT: Family  
RT: Family formation  
RT: Financial agreements (Family law)  
RT: Husbands  
RT: Life stage transitions  
RT: Marital separation  
RT: Marital status  
RT: Marriage age  
RT: Marriage agreements  
RT: Marriage counselling  
RT: Marriage duration  
RT: Marriage education  
RT: Mate selection  
RT: Premarital couples  
RT: Remarriage  
RT: Spouses  
RT: Wives

#### **Marriage age**

RT: Age differences  
RT: Marital status  
RT: Marriage  
RT: Marriage duration  
SN: The age at time of marriage.  
HN: For references prior to 1991 combine the terms Marriage and Age differences.

**Marriage agreements**

- UF: Premarital agreements
- RT: Cohabitation agreements
- RT: Contracts
- RT: Couple relationship
- RT: Family economics
- RT: Family law
- RT: Financial agreements (Family law)
- RT: Law
- RT: Marriage
- RT: Parenting plans
- RT: Property
- SN: Financial agreements drawn up by spouses before, during or after marriage.

**Marriage breakdown**

- USE: Relationship breakdown

**Marriage counselling**

- UF: Couples counselling
- UF: Marital counselling
- UF: Marriage guidance
- BT: Counselling
- RT: Couple therapy
- RT: Family counselling
- RT: Family therapy
- RT: Husband wife relationship
- RT: Marriage
- RT: Psychotherapy
- RT: Relationship counselling

**Marriage duration**

- RT: Divorce
- RT: Marital status
- RT: Marriage
- RT: Marriage age
- SN: The length of time a marriage has lasted.

**Marriage education**

- UF: Premarriage education
- BT: Education
- RT: Family life education
- RT: Marriage

**Marriage guidance**

- USE: Marriage counselling

**Marxism**

- BT: Political ideologies
- RT: Communism
- RT: Socialism

**Masculinity**

- RT: Boys
- RT: Femininity
- RT: Gender
- RT: Men
- RT: Personality traits

**Mass media**

- UF: Media
- NT: Films
- NT: Internet
- NT: Newspapers
- NT: Radio
- NT: Television
- RT: Advertising
- RT: Journalism
- RT: Publishing
- RT: Telecommunications

**Mate selection**

USE: Couple formation

**Maternal deprivation**

USE: Mother absence

**Maternity leave**

- BT: Leave of absence
- BT: Working conditions
- RT: Family leave
- RT: Mothers
- RT: Parental leave
- RT: Paternity leave
- RT: Pregnancy
- RT: Return to work

**Maternity services**

- UF: Antenatal care
- UF: Midwifery services
- UF: Obstetric services
- BT: Health services
- RT: Birth
- RT: Birth centres
- RT: Hospitals
- RT: Pregnancy
- SN: Hospital or non-hospital services caring for women during pregnancy and child birth

**Mateship**

- RT: Friendship

**Matriarchy**

- RT: Family structure
- RT: Kinship system
- RT: Mothers
- RT: Patriarchy
- RT: Power

**Mature age students**

- UF: Adult students
- BT: Students
- RT: Adult education
- RT: Continuing education
- RT: Tertiary students

**Means test**

- UF: Assets test
- RT: Benefits
- RT: Income
- RT: Pensions
- RT: Property

**Measures**

- BT: Methodology
- NT: Case studies
- NT: Equivalence scales
- NT: Psychological tests
- NT: Public opinion polls
- NT: Questionnaires
- NT: Rating scales
- NT: Surveys
- RT: Evaluation
- RT: Interviewing
- RT: Research
- RT: Social indicators
- RT: Test items
- RT: Test validity
- SN: Procedures or tests.

**Media**

USE: Mass media

**Mediation**

- RT: Alternative dispute resolution
- RT: Arbitration

RT: Community justice centres  
RT: Conciliation  
RT: Counselling  
RT: Family dispute resolution  
RT: Family law  
RT: Grievance procedures  
RT: Intervention  
RT: Legal procedures  
RT: Problem solving  
NT: Conflict resolution  
SN: Involves parties being assisted by a neutral third party to discuss and find their own solutions to disputes or problems.

#### *Medical centres*

USE: Health centres

#### Medical education

BT: Education  
RT: Medical practitioners  
RT: Medicine

#### Medical fees

BT: Fees  
BT: Professional fees  
RT: Costs  
RT: Health economics  
RT: Health services  
RT: Medical practitioners  
RT: Medical treatment  
RT: Medicine

#### *Medical files*

USE: Confidential information

#### Medical practitioners

UF: Doctors  
UF: Physicians  
UF: Surgeons  
BT: Health workers  
BT: Professional personnel  
NT: General practitioners  
RT: Medical education  
RT: Medical fees  
RT: Medicine

#### *Medical services*

USE: Health services

#### Medical technology

BT: Medicine  
BT: Technology  
RT: Assisted reproduction  
RT: Bioethics  
RT: Genetics  
RT: Medical treatment  
RT: Organ transplants

#### Medical treatment

BT: Treatment  
RT: Forensic medical examination  
RT: Hospitals  
RT: Informed consent  
RT: Medical fees  
RT: Medical technology  
RT: Medicine  
RT: Organ transplants

#### Medicine

BT: Science  
NT: Alternative medicine  
NT: Epidemiology  
NT: Gynaecology

NT: Medical technology  
NT: Preventive medicine  
NT: Psychiatry  
RT: Bioethics  
RT: Genetics  
RT: Health  
RT: Hospitals  
RT: Medical education  
RT: Medical fees  
RT: Medical practitioners  
RT: Medical treatment  
RT: Nursing  
RT: Organ transplants  
RT: Paramedical care  
RT: Patients  
RT: Social sciences  
RT: Therapy

#### *Medicines*

USE: Drugs

#### Memory

UF: Forgetfulness  
RT: Cognitive development  
RT: Comprehension  
RT: Repressed memory  
RT: Intelligence  
RT: Learning

#### Men

UF: Males  
NT: Fathers  
NT: Husbands  
NT: Widowers  
RT: Boys  
RT: Gender  
RT: Masculinity  
RT: Men's movement  
RT: Men's studies  
RT: Patriarchy  
RT: Sex role  
RT: Women

#### Men's movement

RT: Men  
RT: Women's movement

#### Men's studies

RT: Curriculum  
RT: Men  
RT: Women's studies

#### Menopause

RT: Life cycle  
RT: Menstruation  
RT: Middle aged

#### Menstruation

RT: Menopause

#### Mental depression

UF: Depression (Mental)  
BT: Mental illness  
NT: Postnatal depression  
RT: Emotions  
RT: Grief  
RT: Loneliness  
RT: Mental health  
RT: Neuroses  
RT: Psychoses  
RT: Schizophrenia  
RT: Suicide

*Mental development*

USE: Cognitive development

**Mental health policy**

BT: Policy

RT: Mental health

HN: For references prior to 1996 combine the terms Mental health and health policy.

**Mental health**

BT: Health

RT: Anxiety

RT: Early intervention

RT: Epidemiology

RT: Mental depression

RT: Mental health policy

RT: Mental health services

RT: Mental illness

RT: Resilience

RT: Wellbeing

**Mental health services**

BT: Health services

BT: Services

RT: Deinstitutionalisation

RT: Family therapy

RT: Health

RT: Mental health

RT: Mental illness

RT: Psychiatry

RT: Psychology

RT: Rehabilitation centres

RT: Social services

RT: Treatment

**Mental illness**

UF: Illness (Mental)

NT: Dementia

NT: Mental depression

NT: Neuroses

NT: Psychoses

NT: Schizophrenia

RT: Chronic illness

RT: Disabled

RT: Diseases

RT: Eating disorders

RT: Epidemiology

RT: Health

RT: Mental health

RT: Mental health services

RT: Morbidity

RT: Patients

RT: Phobias

RT: Psychiatry

RT: Psychotherapy

RT: Sickness benefits

*Mental retardation*

USE: Intellectual disability

*Mental strain*

USE: Stress

*Mental tests*

USE: Psychological tests

*Mentally disabled*

USE: Intellectual disability

**Mentoring**

BT: Interpersonal relationship

RT: Advocacy

RT: Helping behaviour

RT: Role models

RT: Teaching

*Mercy killing*

USE: Euthanasia

**Metaphor**

BT: Psychotherapy

**Methodology**

UF: Procedures (Research)

UF: Techniques

NT: Measures

NT: Research methodology

RT: Action research

RT: Area studies

RT: Case studies

RT: Causal factors

RT: Census

RT: Evaluation

RT: Focus groups

RT: Interviewing

RT: Literature reviews

RT: Literature review methodology

RT: Longitudinal studies

RT: Models

RT: Problem solving

RT: Program evaluation

RT: Public opinion polls

RT: Questionnaires

RT: Research

RT: Response style

RT: Sampling (Experimental)

RT: Social indicators

RT: Statistical analysis

RT: Surveys

RT: Test items

RT: Test validity

RT: Theories

RT: Theory formulation

SN: Techniques for formulating research problems, and collecting, analysing and presenting findings.

**Middle aged**

BT: Adults

RT: Adult development

RT: Ageing

RT: Life cycle

RT: Life stage transitions

RT: Menopause

RT: Older workers

SN: Aged approximately 40-65. Used only if age is important to the research focus.

*Midwifery services*

USE: Maternity services

**Migrant children**

BT: Children

RT: Former child migrants

RT: Migrants

SN: Children of parents who have migrated to Australia or who have taken up permanent residence in another new country.

**Migrant settlement**

UF: Re-settlement

BT: Immigration

RT: Cultural integration

RT: Migrants

SN: Issues for migrants settling in a new area

**Migrants**

UF: Immigrants  
RT: Birthplace  
RT: Citizenship  
RT: Cross cultural differences  
RT: Cultural assimilation  
RT: Cultural integration  
RT: Emigration  
RT: Ethnic groups  
RT: Ethnicity  
RT: Immigration  
RT: Immigration policy  
RT: Interpreters  
RT: Migrant children  
RT: Migrant settlement  
RT: Minorities  
RT: Multiculturalism  
RT: Multilingualism  
RT: Non English speaking background  
RT: Refugees  
RT: Return migration  
RT: Sponsorship  
SN: Used for issues or problems of immigrants generally.  
For particular ethnic groups, see listing under Ethnic groups.

**Migration**

USE: Emigration  
USE: Immigration

**Migration (Internal)**

USE: Population movement

**Military families**

USE: Defence force families

**Minimum wages**

UF: Guaranteed minimum income  
BT: Wages  
RT: Employment policy  
RT: Living standards

**Ministers of religion**

USE: Clergy

**Minorities**

UF: Minority groups  
UF: Population minorities  
BT: Groups  
RT: Cultural assimilation  
RT: Cultural integration  
RT: Disabled  
RT: Discrimination  
RT: Ethnic groups  
RT: Migrants  
RT: Subculture  
SN: Non-dominant population groups, such as those distinguished by culture, ethnicity, or religion. Use for collective works considering discrimination, policy, or services, but prefer more specific terms if possible.

**Minority groups**

USE: Minorities

**Misconduct**

USE: Behaviour problems

**Misbehaviour**

USE: Behaviour problems

**Missions**

UF: Church missions

RT: Church

**Mixed marriage**

USE: Inter-marriage

**Mobile homes**

USE: Caravans

**Mobility (Geographic)**

USE: Geographic mobility

**Mobility (Labour)**

USE: Labour mobility

**Mobility (Social)**

USE: Social mobility

**Models**

RT: Methodology  
RT: Role models  
SN: Quantitative or descriptive representations of how systems function.

**Money**

NT: Pocket money  
RT: Banking  
RT: Capital  
RT: Economics  
RT: Finance  
RT: Wealth

**Moral development**

BT: Development  
RT: Adult development  
RT: Child development  
RT: Ethics  
RT: Personal development  
RT: Socialisation  
RT: Values  
SN: Gradual process by which a child internalises society's standards of right and wrong.

**Morality**

USE: Ethics

**Morbidity**

RT: Demographic trends  
RT: Demography  
RT: Diseases  
RT: Health  
RT: Mental illness  
RT: Mortality  
RT: Physical illness  
SN: Illness in a population.

**Mortality**

UF: Death rate  
RT: Death  
RT: Demographic trends  
RT: Demography  
RT: Life expectancy  
RT: Morbidity  
SN: The number of deaths in a population.

**Mortgages**

USE: Housing finance

**Mother absence**

UF: Maternal deprivation  
BT: Parental absence  
RT: Family structure  
RT: Father absence  
RT: Mother child relationship  
RT: Mothers



RT: One parent families  
RT: Separation

### **Mother child relationship**

BT: Family relations  
BT: Parent child relationship  
RT: Bonding  
RT: Children  
RT: Father child relationship  
RT: Mother absence  
RT: Mothers

### **Mother role**

BT: Parent role  
BT: Role  
RT: Father role  
RT: Mothers  
RT: Parenting  
RT: Sex role

### **Mothers**

BT: Parents  
BT: Women  
NT: Adolescent mothers  
NT: Single mothers  
NT: Surrogate mothers  
NT: Working mothers  
RT: Birth history  
RT: Delayed childbearing  
RT: Fathers  
RT: Grandmothers  
RT: Maternity leave  
RT: Matriarchy  
RT: Mother absence  
RT: Mother child relationship  
RT: Mother role  
RT: Parenting  
RT: Postnatal depression

### **Motivation**

RT: Achievement  
RT: Aspirations  
RT: Behaviour  
RT: Incentives

### **Motor vehicles**

UF: Cars  
RT: Commuting  
RT: Traffic accidents  
RT: Transport

### **Multicultural education**

BT: Education  
RT: Ethnic groups  
RT: Ethnic schools  
RT: Ethnicity  
RT: Multiculturalism

### **Multiculturalism**

UF: Cultural pluralism  
UF: Pluralism  
RT: Cross cultural differences  
RT: Cultural assimilation  
RT: Cultural integration  
RT: Culture  
RT: Ethnic groups  
RT: Immigration policy  
RT: Migrants  
RT: Multicultural education  
RT: Multilingualism  
RT: Subculture

### **Multilingualism**

UF: Bilingualism  
RT: Bilingual education  
RT: Interpreters  
RT: Language  
RT: Migrants  
RT: Multiculturalism

### *Multiple and complex needs*

USE: Complex needs

### **Multiple births**

RT: Birth  
RT: Birth order  
RT: Fertility  
RT: Twins

### *Multiple disadvantage*

USE: Complex needs

### *Multiple discriminant analysis*

USE: Discriminant analysis

### **Multiple sclerosis**

BT: Diseases

### *Multiple vulnerabilities*

USE: Complex needs

### **Munchausen Syndrome by Proxy**

UF: Fabricated or Induced Illness by Carer  
UF: Factitious Disorder by Proxy  
BT: Child abuse  
RT: Mental illness

### *Municipal councils*

USE: Local government

### *Murder*

USE: Homicide

### **Music**

BT: Arts  
BT: Culture  
RT: Art  
RT: Drama

### **Muslims**

RT: Ethnic groups  
RT: Islam  
RT: Malaysians

### **Mutual obligation**

UF: Reciprocal obligation  
RT: Individual responsibilities  
RT: Social responsibility  
RT: Social services  
RT: Volunteering  
RT: Welfare reform

SN: A principle introduced by the federal government in 1998 which requires that unemployed job seekers, supported financially by the community, should give something back to the community, by actively seeking work or striving to improve their competitiveness in the labour market.

### **Name registration**

UF: Birth registration  
UF: Change of name  
UF: Surnames  
RT: Citizenship  
SN: Includes name registration at birth and change of name, for example, on marriage or adoption, for stepchildren.

**National characteristics**

RT: Cross cultural differences  
RT: Culture  
RT: Ethnicity  
RT: Nationalism

**Nationalism**

BT: Political ideologies  
RT: Ethnic groups  
RT: Ethnicity  
RT: National characteristics  
RT: Political attitudes

*Nationality*

USE: Citizenship

**Native Americans**

BT: Americans  
BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Indigenous people

*Native title*

USE: Land rights

**Natural disasters**

BT: Disasters  
NT: Bushfires  
NT: Floods  
RT: Drought  
RT: Environment

*Natural parents*

USE: Biological parents

**Needs assessment**

UF: Priority determination  
BT: Evaluation  
RT: Case management  
RT: Complex needs  
RT: Social services  
SN: Identifying needs and deciding on priorities.

*Neglect (Child)*

USE: Child neglect

**Negligence**

BT: Torts  
RT: Civil law  
RT: Liability  
RT: Unintended pregnancy

*Neighbourhood houses*

USE: Community centres

**Neighbourhoods**

BT: Communities  
RT: Cities  
RT: Environment  
RT: Geographic location  
RT: Housing  
RT: Rural communities  
RT: Social support networks  
RT: Suburban life  
RT: Suburbs  
RT: Towns  
RT: Urban environment

**Neuroses**

UF: Psychoneuroses  
BT: Mental illness  
RT: Anxiety  
RT: Mental depression

RT: Phobias  
RT: Psychoses  
RT: Stress

**New Zealanders**

BT: Ethnic groups

**New parents**

BT: Parents

**Newspapers**

BT: Mass media  
RT: Publishing

*Non-adversarial justice*

USE: Alternative dispute resolution  
USE: Restorative justice

*Non-custodial parents*

USE: Non-resident parents

**Non English speaking background**

RT: Birthplace  
RT: Ethnic groups  
RT: Ethnicity  
RT: Family background  
RT: Language  
RT: Migrants  
SN: People whose first language is not English or whose cultural background derives from a non English speaking tradition.

*Non-profit organisations*

USE: Nongovernment organisations

**Non-resident parents**

UF: Non-custodial parents  
BT: Parents  
RT: Child contact  
RT: Child contact services  
RT: Child custody  
RT: Divorce  
RT: Parental absence

*Non-specialists*

USE: Lay people

**Nongovernment organisations**

UF: Non-profit organisations  
UF: Not-for-profit organisations  
BT: Organisations  
RT: Charities  
RT: Community services  
RT: Government  
RT: Interagency collaboration  
RT: Peak bodies  
RT: Volunteering  
HN: For references prior to April 1987 use the term Charities or Community services.

**Nonverbal communication**

UF: Body language  
BT: Behaviour  
BT: Communication

**Normalisation (Disabled)**

RT: Community care  
RT: Deinstitutionalisation  
RT: Disabled  
RT: Integration (Disabled students)  
RT: Integration (Disabled)  
RT: Rehabilitation  
RT: Special education

SN: Use of culturally normative means (patterns and conditions of everyday life) to facilitate adjustment and functioning of the disabled.

#### *Not-for-profit organisations*

USE: Nongovernment organisations

#### **Nuclear families**

BT: Family  
RT: Family size  
RT: Family structure  
RT: Kinship system  
SN: A group composed of husband and wife and dependent children.

#### *Nullity of marriage*

USE: Annulment

#### **Numeracy**

RT: Education  
RT: Literacy

#### **Nurses**

BT: Health workers  
BT: Professional personnel  
RT: Nursing  
RT: Nursing education

#### **Nursing education**

BT: Education  
RT: Nurses  
RT: Nursing

#### **Nursing homes**

UF: Convalescent homes  
BT: Residential institutions  
RT: Aged  
RT: Hospitals  
RT: Nursing  
RT: Residential care  
SN: Resident facilities providing nursing care as their primary and predominant function.

#### **Nursing**

BT: Paramedical care  
RT: Hospitals  
RT: Medicine  
RT: Nurses  
RT: Nursing education  
RT: Nursing homes  
RT: Patients

#### **Nutrition**

RT: Breastfeeding  
RT: Diet  
RT: Food  
RT: Health  
RT: Home economics  
RT: Obesity

#### **Obesity**

UF: Overweight  
RT: Body image  
RT: Body weight  
RT: Diet  
RT: Eating disorders  
RT: Nutrition

#### *Obstetric services*

USE: Maternity services

#### **Occasional care**

BT: Child care  
SN: Centre based short term care for preschool children.

#### **Occupational aspirations**

BT: Aspirations  
RT: Career choice  
RT: Careers  
RT: Educational aspirations  
RT: Employment  
RT: Occupations  
RT: Work attitudes

#### *Occupational guidance*

USE: Vocational guidance

#### **Occupational health**

UF: Industrial health  
BT: Health  
NT: Vicarious trauma  
RT: Injuries  
RT: Occupations  
RT: Safety  
RT: Stress  
RT: Workers' compensation  
RT: Working conditions

#### *Occupational retraining*

USE: Retraining

#### **Occupational segregation**

RT: Age discrimination  
RT: Employment discrimination  
RT: Equal pay  
RT: Job analysis  
RT: Occupations  
RT: Racial discrimination  
RT: Sex discrimination  
SN: Structuring of the labour market in such a way that participation by certain groups is inhibited.

#### **Occupational therapy**

BT: Paramedical care  
BT: Therapy  
RT: Disabled  
RT: Physiotherapy  
RT: Psychotherapy  
RT: Rehabilitation

#### **Occupations**

UF: Jobs  
NT: Professions  
RT: Career choice  
RT: Careers  
RT: Employment  
RT: Human resources  
RT: Job analysis  
RT: Managers  
RT: Occupational aspirations  
RT: Occupational health  
RT: Occupational segregation  
RT: Promotion (Occupational)  
RT: Shift work  
RT: Skilled labour  
RT: Unskilled labour  
RT: Vocational education  
RT: Vocational guidance

#### *Offences*

USE: Crime

#### **Offender registration**

UF: Community notification  
UF: Community registers  
UF: Sex offender registration  
UF: Sex offender registries  
RT: Child sexual abuse

RT: Offenders  
RT: Punishment  
RT: Sentences (Law)  
RT: Sexual offences

### **Offenders**

UF: Perpetrators  
NT: Female offenders  
NT: Young offenders  
RT: Crime  
RT: Criminals  
RT: Deviant behaviour  
RT: Prisoners  
RT: Recidivism

### *Old age*

USE: Aged

### *Old age pensions*

USE: Age pensions

### *Older mothers*

USE: Delayed childbearing

### **Older workers**

BT: Personnel  
RT: Aged  
RT: Employment  
RT: Middle aged  
RT: Unemployment

### **Ombudsman**

RT: Grievance procedures  
RT: Human rights  
RT: Public administration

### **One parent families**

UF: Lone parent families  
UF: Single parent families  
UF: Sole parent families  
BT: Family  
RT: Exnuptial births  
RT: Family size  
RT: Family structure  
RT: Father absence  
RT: Mother absence  
RT: Parental absence  
RT: Parents  
RT: Single fathers  
RT: Single mothers  
RT: Single parents  
RT: Supporting parents benefits  
RT: Widowers  
RT: Widows  
SN: Families in which one parent has the sole responsibility for care of children. May occur as a result of adoption, separation, divorce, widowhood or a never married status.

### **Only children**

BT: Children  
RT: Birth order  
RT: Family size  
RT: Family structure  
RT: Siblings  
SN: For works considering the situation and development of children growing up without siblings. Though the term generally refers to children who have never had siblings, some of the issues are applicable for children with older siblings who have long left home, etc.

### **Optimism**

BT: Personality traits  
RT: Attitudes

RT: Happiness  
RT: Pessimism

### **Organ transplants**

UF: Transplants  
RT: Medical technology  
RT: Medical treatment  
RT: Medicine

### **Organisations**

BT: Groups  
NT: Associations  
NT: Bureaucracy  
NT: Charities  
NT: Church  
NT: Companies  
NT: Cooperatives  
NT: Elderly citizens' clubs  
NT: Nongovernment organisations  
NT: Political parties  
NT: Trade unions  
RT: Child safe organisations

### **Out of home care**

UF: Alternative care  
UF: Child placement  
UF: Children in care  
UF: Substitute care  
NT: Family group care  
NT: Foster care  
NT: Kinship care  
RT: Adoption  
RT: Child welfare  
RT: Children's services  
RT: Community visitors  
RT: Deinstitutionalisation  
RT: Guardianship  
RT: Leaving care  
RT: Residential care  
RT: Reunification  
RT: Wards

### *Outcome measurement*

USE: Evaluation

### **Outer suburbs**

BT: Suburbs  
RT: Inner suburbs

### *Outside school hours care*

USE: After school care

### *Outsourcing*

USE: Contract services

### **Outworkers**

UF: Piecework  
BT: Personnel  
RT: Home based employment  
RT: Working conditions  
SN: People working from home often under unregulated conditions.

### *Ova donors*

USE: Gamete donors

### *Overweight*

USE: Obesity

### *Ownership*

USE: Property

**Pacific Islanders**

BT: Ethnic groups  
NT: Fijians  
NT: Western Samoans

**Paedophilia**

BT: Child sexual abuse  
BT: Deviant behaviour  
BT: Sexual behaviour  
BT: Sexual offences  
RT: Incest  
RT: Sexual abuse  
SN: Sexual attraction in an adult towards children.

***Paid work in the home***

USE: Home based employment

**Pakistanis**

BT: Asians  
BT: Ethnic groups

**Palliative care**

BT: Health services  
RT: Aged care  
RT: Hospices  
RT: Hospitals  
RT: Residential care  
RT: Terminal illness  
SN: Alleviation without curing, including care of the terminally ill.

**Paramedical care**

NT: Nursing  
NT: Occupational therapy  
NT: Physiotherapy  
RT: Alternative medicine  
RT: Dental health  
RT: Medicine

***Paranoia***

USE: Psychoses

**Parent abuse**

BT: Abuse  
RT: Economic abuse  
RT: Family relations  
RT: Family violence  
RT: Parent child relationship  
RT: Parents

**Parent attitudes**

BT: Attitudes  
RT: Parents  
SN: Attitudes of, not towards, parents.

**Parent child relationship**

BT: Family relations  
BT: Interpersonal relationship  
NT: Father child relationship  
NT: Mother child relationship  
RT: Adolescents  
RT: Adult children  
RT: Attachment  
RT: Child abuse  
RT: Children  
RT: Communication  
RT: Family life education  
RT: Generation differences  
RT: Intergenerational relations  
RT: Parent abuse  
RT: Parent role  
RT: Parental absence  
RT: Parental alienation

RT: Parents

***Parent conflict***

USE: Parental conflict

**Parent education**

BT: Adult education  
BT: Education  
BT: Family life education  
RT: Family relations  
RT: Family support services  
RT: Parenthood education  
RT: Parenting  
SN: Instruction or information directed toward parents on effective parenting. Use for programs, course material, service delivery issues, theory, and so on, rather than handbooks aimed at parents Use 'Parenthood education' for programs aimed at children and adolescents.

**Parent responsibilities**

BT: Responsibility  
RT: Child rearing  
RT: Children's responsibilities  
RT: Family responsibilities  
RT: Individual responsibilities  
RT: Parent role  
RT: Parenting  
RT: Parents  
RT: Shared care

**Parent rights**

BT: Human rights  
BT: Rights  
RT: Children's rights  
RT: Legal rights  
RT: Parents  
RT: Shared care

**Parent role**

BT: Role  
NT: Father role  
NT: Mother role  
RT: Child rearing  
RT: Parent child relationship  
RT: Parent responsibilities  
RT: Parenting style  
RT: Parents  
RT: Shared care

**Parent teacher relationship**

UF: Teacher parent relationship  
BT: Home school relationship  
RT: Interpersonal relationship  
RT: Parents  
RT: Schools  
RT: Teachers

**Parental absence**

NT: Father absence  
NT: Mother absence  
RT: Family structure  
RT: Fly-in fly-out employment  
RT: Marital separation  
RT: Non-resident parents  
RT: One parent families  
RT: Parent child relationship  
RT: Parents  
RT: Separation

**Parental alienation**

UF: Parental alienation syndrome  
BT: Alienation  
RT: Child contact

RT: Child psychology  
RT: Parent child relationship

#### *Parental alienation syndrome*

USE: Parental alienation

#### **Parental conflict**

UF: Parent conflict  
BT: Conflict  
RT: Family violence

#### **Parental disability**

UF: Disabled parents  
UF: Handicapped parents  
UF: Parents with disabilities  
BT: Disability  
BT: Parents  
RT: Parental mental illness  
SN: People with physical or intellectual disabilities who are parents

#### **Parental drug abuse**

UF: Parents with drug abuse problems  
BT: Drug abuse  
BT: Parents  
SN: People with substance abuse problems who are parents

#### **Parental leave**

BT: Leave of absence  
BT: Working conditions  
RT: Family leave  
RT: Maternity leave  
RT: Paternity leave  
RT: Return to work

#### **Parental mental illness**

UF: Parents with mental illness  
BT: Parents  
BT: Mental illness  
RT: Parental disability  
RT: Postnatal depression  
SN: People with mental health problems who are parents

#### *Parental preferences for sex of children*

USE: Sex preference

#### **Parenthood**

RT: Family planning  
RT: Life cycle  
RT: Life stage transitions  
RT: Parent role  
RT: Parents

#### **Parenthood education**

BT: Education  
BT: Family life education  
RT: Birth education  
RT: Family planning  
RT: Family relations  
RT: Parent education  
RT: Parenting  
SN: Programs designed to help children and adolescents prepare for effective parenthood by learning about child development and the role of parents, and by working closely with young children.

#### **Parenting**

UF: Child rearing  
RT: Child abuse  
RT: Child care  
RT: Children  
RT: Costs of children

RT: Discipline  
RT: Division of labour  
RT: Father role  
RT: Fathers  
RT: Foregone earnings  
RT: Home economics  
RT: Househusbands  
RT: Housewives  
RT: Mother role  
RT: Mothers  
RT: Parent education  
RT: Parent responsibilities  
RT: Parent role  
RT: Parenthood education  
RT: Parenting style  
RT: Parenting plans  
RT: Parents  
RT: Shared care  
RT: Socialisation  
RT: Unpaid work in the home  
SN: Care of children by parents, guardians or other primary caregivers.

#### *Parenting assessment*

USE: Risk assessment

#### *Parenting capacity*

USE: Risk assessment

#### **Parenting plans**

RT: Child contact  
RT: Child support  
RT: Children  
RT: Contracts  
RT: Divorce  
RT: Family law  
RT: Financial agreements (Family law)  
RT: Guardianship  
RT: Marriage agreements  
RT: Parenting  
RT: Residence (Children)  
RT: Shared residence (Children)  
RT: Split residence (Children)  
HN: Prior to 1996 use Child agreements  
SN: Under the Family Law Reform Act 1995 (implemented 1996), an agreement made by parents about issues concerning their children, such as residence, contact, and maintenance.

#### **Parenting style**

RT: Parent role  
RT: Parenting  
RT: Parents

#### **Parents**

NT: Adoptive parents  
NT: Biological parents  
NT: Fathers  
NT: Foster parents  
NT: Mothers  
NT: New parents  
NT: Parental disability  
NT: Parental drug abuse  
NT: Parental mental illness  
NT: Same-sex parents  
NT: Single parents  
NT: Step-parents  
NT: Working parents  
RT: Adult children  
RT: Childlessness  
RT: Children  
RT: Daughters  
RT: Family

RT: Grandparents  
RT: Kinship system  
RT: One parent families  
RT: Parent abuse  
RT: Parent attitudes  
RT: Parent child relationship  
RT: Parent responsibilities  
RT: Parent rights  
RT: Parent role  
RT: Parent teacher relationship  
RT: Parental absence  
RT: Parenthood  
RT: Parenting  
RT: Parenting style  
RT: Shared parenting  
RT: Sons

*Parents with disabilities*

USE: Parental disability

*Parents with drug abuse problems*

USE: Parental drug abuse

*Parents with mental illness*

USE: Parental mental illness

**Part time employment**

BT: Employment  
RT: Casual employment  
RT: Job sharing  
RT: Underemployment  
RT: Working hours

**Participation**

NT: Community participation  
NT: Consumer participation  
NT: Educational participation  
NT: Worker participation  
RT: Behaviour  
RT: Labour force participation  
RT: Role

*Participatory action research*

USE: Action research

*Partner relationship*

USE: Couple relationship

*Partnering*

USE: Couple formation

*Partners*

USE: Couples

**Paternity leave**

BT: Leave of absence  
BT: Working conditions  
RT: Family leave  
RT: Fathers  
RT: Maternity leave  
RT: Parental leave  
SN: Paid or unpaid leave from work for fathers who have a new child - whether through their partners, adoption, etc.

**Paternity**

RT: Biological parents  
RT: Exnuptial births  
RT: Exnuptial children  
RT: Fathers  
RT: Illegitimacy  
SN: Used in the legal sense, for example, the presumption or establishment of paternity.

*Patient participation*

USE: Consumer participation

**Patients**

RT: Consumer participation  
RT: Hospitals  
RT: Medicine  
RT: Mental illness  
RT: Nursing  
RT: Physical illness

**Patriarchy**

RT: Family structure  
RT: Fathers  
RT: Kinship system  
RT: Matriarchy  
RT: Men  
RT: Power  
SN: A particular kind of kinship structure with the father as the absolute head, but also used for the political and social control of women by men.

*Pay equity*

USE: Equal pay

**Peak bodies**

RT: Advocacy  
RT: Community services  
RT: Nongovernment organisations  
RT: Pressure groups  
SN: Federations of nongovernment organisations in a particular field.

**Peer groups**

BT: Groups  
RT: Peer relations  
RT: Personal development  
RT: Social status  
SN: Social equals who are similar in characteristics such as age or functional level.

**Peer relations**

BT: Interpersonal relationship  
RT: Friendship  
RT: Peer groups

**Pensions**

BT: Social services  
NT: Age pensions  
NT: Disability pensions  
NT: Widows' pensions  
RT: Benefits  
RT: Fringe benefits  
RT: Income  
RT: Income support  
RT: Means test  
RT: Superannuation

**Perception**

RT: Attitudes  
RT: Attribution  
RT: Child development  
RT: Cognitive development  
RT: Self perception  
RT: Senses

*Perceptual development*

USE: Cognitive development

*Performance awards*

USE: Incentives

*Performance measurement*

USE: Evaluation

*Perpetrators*

USE: Offenders

**Personal development**

UF: Self development  
BT: Development  
RT: Adolescent development  
RT: Adult development  
RT: Adult education  
RT: Behaviour  
RT: Child development  
RT: Cognitive development  
RT: Competence  
RT: Independence  
RT: Leaving home  
RT: Moral development  
RT: Peer groups  
RT: Personality  
RT: Physical development  
RT: School readiness  
RT: Self help techniques  
RT: Skill development  
SN: Growth or maturation due to ageing, learning or experience.

**Personal finance**

BT: Finance  
RT: Budgets  
RT: Credit  
RT: Debt  
RT: Expenditure  
RT: Family economics  
RT: Financial management

**Personal safety**

BT: Safety  
RT: Child abuse prevention

**Personality traits**

BT: Personality  
NT: Dependency (Personality)  
NT: Optimism  
NT: Pessimism  
NT: Self control  
RT: Anxiety  
RT: Emotions  
RT: Femininity  
RT: Intergenerational transmission  
RT: Masculinity  
RT: Self esteem  
RT: Temperament

**Personality**

NT: Personality traits  
RT: Attitudes  
RT: Attribution  
RT: Behaviour  
RT: Identity  
RT: Individual differences  
RT: Personal development  
RT: Preferences  
RT: Psychology  
RT: Self perception  
RT: Socialisation  
RT: Temperament

**Personnel**

UF: Staff  
NT: Academic personnel  
NT: Child care workers

NT: Child protection workers  
NT: Church workers  
NT: Health workers  
NT: Older workers  
NT: Outworkers  
NT: Professional personnel  
NT: Skilled labour  
NT: Youth workers  
RT: Employees  
RT: Employers  
RT: Employment  
RT: Human resources  
RT: Lay people  
RT: Managers  
RT: Personnel management  
RT: Recruitment  
RT: Retrenchment  
RT: Supervision  
RT: Unskilled labour  
RT: Work family relationship

**Personnel management**

UF: Human resource management  
BT: Management  
NT: Recruitment  
NT: Retrenchment  
NT: Supervision  
RT: Personnel

**Pessimism**

BT: Personality traits  
RT: Alienation  
RT: Attitudes  
RT: Optimism

**Pets**

BT: Domestic animals

*Pharmaceuticals*

USE: Drugs

*Philanthropy*

USE: Charities

**Philosophy**

NT: Ethics  
RT: Ideology  
RT: Political ideologies  
RT: Religion

**Phobias**

NT: School refusal  
RT: Fear  
RT: Mental illness  
RT: Neuroses

**Physical activity**

UF: Sedentary activity  
RT: Health  
RT: Leisure  
RT: Lifestyle  
RT: Physical development  
RT: Physical fitness  
RT: Sport

**Physical characteristics**

NT: Body weight  
RT: Body image  
RT: Gender differences  
RT: Individual differences  
RT: Physical development



**Physical dependency**

UF: Dependency (Physical)  
RT: Carers  
RT: Frail aged  
RT: Physical illness  
RT: Physically disabled

**Physical development**

UF: Growth (Physical)  
UF: Physiological development  
BT: Development  
RT: Adolescent development  
RT: Age differences  
RT: Child development  
RT: Cognitive development  
RT: Personal development  
RT: Physical activity  
RT: Physical characteristics  
RT: Physical education  
RT: Puberty

**Physical disability**

BT: Disability  
NT: Hearing impaired  
NT: Visually impaired  
RT: Cerebral palsy  
RT: Congenital abnormalities  
RT: Disabled children  
RT: Parental disability  
RT: Physical dependency  
RT: Physical illness

**Physical education**

BT: Education  
RT: Health  
RT: Physical development  
RT: Physical fitness  
RT: Sport

**Physical fitness**

UF: Fitness  
RT: Health  
RT: Physical activity  
RT: Physical education  
RT: Recreation  
RT: Sport  
RT: Wellbeing

**Physical illness**

UF: Ill health  
UF: Illness (Physical)  
UF: Sickness  
RT: Chronic illness  
RT: Diseases  
RT: Health  
RT: Morbidity  
RT: Patients  
RT: Physical dependency  
RT: Physically disabled  
RT: Sickness benefits  
RT: Terminal illness

*Physical trauma*

USE: Injuries

*Physicians*

USE: Medical practitioners

*Physiological development*

USE: Physical development

**Physiotherapy**

BT: Paramedical care

BT: Therapy  
RT: Occupational therapy

*Piecework*

USE: Outworkers

**Play groups**

BT: Groups  
RT: Child care  
RT: Play  
RT: Preschool children  
SN: Groups where young children play together for short periods, usually with parent involvement and interaction.

**Playgrounds**

RT: Play  
RT: Schools

**Play**

BT: Recreation  
RT: Behaviour  
RT: Imagination  
RT: Play groups  
RT: Playgrounds  
RT: Toys

*Pluralism*

USE: Multiculturalism

**Pocket money**

BT: Money

**Poles**

BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Europeans

**Police**

RT: Arrest  
RT: Crime  
RT: Crime prevention

*Police check*

USE: Pre-employment screening

**Policy**

NT: Child care policy  
NT: Child protection policy  
NT: Competition policy  
NT: Early childhood policy  
NT: Economic policy  
NT: Education policy  
NT: Employment policy  
NT: Family policy  
NT: Health policy  
NT: Housing policy  
NT: Immigration policy  
NT: Mental health policy  
NT: Population policy  
NT: Rural policy  
NT: Social policy  
NT: Urban policy  
NT: Youth policy  
RT: Federal government  
RT: Government  
RT: Policy evaluation  
RT: Policy making  
RT: State government  
SN: A course or plan of action to determine present and future decisions. Most frequently refers to government policy. Use a more specific term if possible.

**Policy evaluation**

BT: Evaluation  
 RT: Policy  
 RT: Program evaluation  
 HN: For literature published before 2000  
 combine terms Policy and Evaluation.

**Policy making**

RT: Decision making  
 RT: Federal government  
 RT: Government  
 RT: Law  
 RT: Legislation  
 RT: Policy  
 RT: Research to practice  
 RT: State government

**Political attitudes**

BT: Attitudes  
 RT: Citizenship  
 RT: Nationalism  
 RT: Political ideologies  
 RT: Political parties  
 RT: Politics  
 RT: Public opinion polls  
 RT: Values  
 SN: Beliefs, opinions, attitudes, or values towards  
 governmental action, affairs, or practices.

**Political ideologies**

BT: Ideology  
 NT: Capitalism  
 NT: Communism  
 NT: Conservatism  
 NT: Democracy  
 NT: Liberalism  
 NT: Marxism  
 NT: Nationalism  
 NT: Socialism  
 RT: History  
 RT: Philosophy  
 RT: Political attitudes  
 RT: Political parties  
 RT: Politics

**Political parties**

BT: Organisations  
 RT: Political attitudes  
 RT: Political ideologies  
 RT: Politics

**Politicians**

RT: Politics

**Politics**

RT: Constitutions  
 RT: Government  
 RT: Intergovernmental relations  
 RT: Law  
 RT: Legislation  
 RT: Lobbying  
 RT: Local government  
 RT: Political attitudes  
 RT: Political ideologies  
 RT: Political parties  
 RT: Politicians  
 RT: Public administration

**Polls**

USE: Public opinion polls

**Pollution**

UF: Environmental pollution

RT: Conservation (Natural resources)  
 RT: Diseases  
 RT: Ecology  
 RT: Environment  
 RT: Environmental impact  
 RT: Health  
 RT: Industry  
 RT: Public health  
 RT: Urban environment

**Polygamy**

BT: Marriage  
 SN: Simultaneous plural marriage.

**Poor**

USE: Poverty

**Population ageing**

USE: Ageing

**Population distribution**

UF: Distribution of population  
 UF: Geographic distribution  
 BT: Demography  
 RT: Demographic trends  
 RT: Geographic location  
 RT: Geographic mobility  
 RT: Immigration  
 RT: Population growth  
 RT: Population movement  
 RT: Population size

**Population forecasting**

BT: Forecasting  
 RT: Demography  
 RT: Population policy

**Population growth**

RT: Birth rate  
 RT: Contraception  
 RT: Demographic trends  
 RT: Demography  
 RT: Family size  
 RT: Fertility  
 RT: Population distribution  
 RT: Population size  
 RT: Urbanisation  
 SN: Increase in the number of individuals in a given area  
 due to either natural reproduction or resettlement.

**Population minorities**

USE: Minorities

**Population movement**

UF: Internal migration  
 UF: Migration (Internal)  
 UF: Rural urban migration  
 UF: Urban rural migration  
 RT: Demography  
 RT: Emigration  
 RT: Geographic mobility  
 RT: Immigration  
 RT: Labour mobility  
 RT: Population distribution  
 SN: Population movement within a country.

**Population planning**

USE: Population policy

**Population policy**

UF: Population planning  
 BT: Policy  
 RT: Fertility

RT: Immigration  
RT: Immigration policy  
RT: Population forecasting  
RT: Population size  
RT: Social policy

### **Population size**

RT: Birth rate  
RT: Demography  
RT: Family size  
RT: Fertility  
RT: Population distribution  
RT: Population growth  
RT: Population policy

### *Population studies*

USE: Demography

### **Pornography**

NT: Child pornography  
RT: Sexual behaviour

### **Post adoption contact**

BT: Adoption  
RT: Biological parents  
RT: Reunification  
SN: Contact between a child and their relinquishing or biological family members, after the child was adopted by a new family.

### **Post traumatic stress disorder**

BT: Stress  
RT: Emotional abuse  
RT: Emotional trauma  
RT: Injuries  
SN: Acute, chronic, or delayed reaction to traumatic events.

### **Postnatal depression**

UF: Postpartum depression  
BT: Mental depression  
RT: Mothers  
RT: Parental mental illness  
RT: Pregnancy

### *Postpartum depression*

USE: Postnatal depression

### *Postsecondary education*

USE: Tertiary education

### **Poverty**

UF: Destitution  
UF: Poor  
BT: Economic conditions  
BT: Social problems  
RT: At risk groups  
RT: Disadvantaged groups  
RT: Economics  
RT: Emergency relief  
RT: Financial stress  
RT: Food security  
RT: Homelessness  
RT: Income distribution  
RT: Living standards  
RT: Low income  
RT: Risk factors  
RT: Social classes  
RT: Social exclusion  
RT: Social services  
RT: Wealth

### **Power**

RT: Conflict  
RT: Discipline  
RT: Empowerment  
RT: Matriarchy  
RT: Patriarchy  
RT: Punishment  
RT: Social control  
SN: Social control an individual has over others.

### *Power resources*

USE: Energy resources

### **Pre-employment screening**

UF: Background check  
UF: Employee screening  
UF: Police check  
UF: Screening  
NT: Working with children check  
RT: Child abuse prevention  
RT: Child protection  
RT: Child protection workers  
RT: Foster parents  
RT: Personnel management  
RT: Recruitment

### *Prediction*

USE: Forecasting

### **Preferences**

NT: Sex preference  
RT: Attitudes  
RT: Personality  
RT: Values

### **Pregnancy**

NT: Exnuptial pregnancy  
NT: Unintended pregnancy  
RT: Abortion  
RT: Artificial insemination  
RT: Birth  
RT: Birth centres  
RT: Breast feeding  
RT: Contraception  
RT: Family planning  
RT: Fertility  
RT: Foetuses  
RT: Gynaecology  
RT: In vitro fertilisation  
RT: Maternity leave  
RT: Maternity services  
RT: Postnatal depression  
RT: Premature infants  
RT: Reproduction (Biological)  
RT: Surrogacy (Birth)

### *Prejudice*

USE: Discrimination

### *Premarital agreements*

USE: Marriage agreements

### **Premarital couples**

UF: Engaged couples  
RT: Cohabitation  
RT: Dating (Social customs)  
RT: De facto couples  
RT: Family formation  
RT: Marriage  
RT: Mate selection

### *Premarital intercourse*

USE: Premarital sex

**Premarital sex**

UF: Premarital intercourse  
 BT: Sexual behaviour  
 RT: Cohabitation  
 RT: Sexual intercourse

*Premarriage education*

USE: Marriage education

**Premature infants**

BT: Infants  
 RT: Pregnancy

**Prenatal screening**

UF: Antenatal screening  
 UF: Antenatal testing  
 BT: Health screening  
 RT: Foetuses  
 RT: Pregnancy  
 RT: Risk assessment

**Preschool children**

BT: Children  
 RT: Child care  
 RT: Early childhood education  
 RT: Early childhood policy  
 RT: Play groups  
 SN: Aged 2, to 5 or 6 years - includes all children in the age group, whether or not they attend preschool.

*Preschool education*

USE: Early childhood education

**Preschools**

UF: Kindergartens  
 BT: Schools  
 RT: Child care centres  
 RT: Early childhood education

*Prescription drugs*

USE: Drugs

**Pressure groups**

BT: Groups  
 RT: Law reform  
 RT: Lobbying  
 RT: Peak bodies

**Prevention**

NT: Child abuse prevention  
 NT: Crime prevention  
 RT: Child protection  
 RT: Early intervention  
 RT: Epidemiology  
 RT: Health promotion  
 RT: Intervention  
 RT: Preventive medicine

**Preventive medicine**

BT: Medicine  
 RT: Health services  
 RT: Prevention  
 RT: Public health

*Prices*

USE: Costs

**Primary education**

BT: Education  
 RT: Early childhood education  
 RT: Primary schools  
 RT: Primary students

**Primary schools**

BT: Schools  
 RT: Primary education  
 RT: School readiness

**Primary students**

UF: School children (Primary)  
 BT: Students  
 RT: Primary education

*Priority determination*

USE: Needs assessment

*Prison mothers*

USE: Female prisoners

**Prisoners**

UF: Convicts  
 NT: Female prisoners  
 RT: Children of prisoners  
 RT: Criminals  
 RT: Offenders  
 RT: Prisons  
 RT: Probation

**Prisons**

UF: Gaols  
 BT: Residential institutions  
 RT: Crime  
 RT: Criminals  
 RT: Juvenile corrective institutions  
 RT: Mandatory detention  
 RT: Prisoners  
 RT: Punishment  
 RT: Sentences (Law)

**Privacy**

BT: Human rights  
 RT: Confidential information  
 RT: Disclosure  
 RT: Freedom of information  
 RT: Interpersonal relationship

*Private industry*

USE: Industry

*Private schools*

USE: Independent schools

*Privatisation*

RT: Commercialisation  
 RT: Competition policy  
 RT: Contract services  
 RT: Economic policy  
 RT: Public finance

**Probate law**

BT: Law  
 RT: Death duties  
 RT: Inheritance  
 RT: Wills

**Probation**

RT: Criminal law  
 RT: Criminals  
 RT: Prisoners  
 RT: Punishment  
 RT: Recidivism  
 RT: Sentences (Law)

*Problem children*

USE: Behaviour problems

*Problem gambling:*

USE: Gambling

*Problem sexual behaviour*

USE: Problematic sexual behaviour

### **Problem solving**

BT: Cognitive development

RT: Conflict resolution

RT: Coping behaviour

RT: Decision making

RT: Help seeking behaviour

RT: Mediation

RT: Methodology

RT: Research

RT: Self help techniques

### **Problematic sexual behaviour**

UF: Problem sexual behaviour

UF: Sexually abusive behaviour

BT: Behaviour problems

RT: Child behaviour

RT: Child sexual abuse

RT: Sexual behaviour

RT: Sibling abuse

SN: Problem, abusive, or coercive sexual behaviour displayed by children

*Procedures (Court)*

USE: Court procedures

*Procedures (Legal)*

USE: Legal procedures

*Procedures (Research)*

USE: Methodology

### **Production**

NT: Household production

RT: Consumption (Economics)

RT: Economic development

RT: Economics

RT: Industry

RT: Labour market

RT: Productivity

SN: Production of articles having an exchangeable value.

*Productive living*

USE: Quality of life

### **Productivity**

RT: Costs

RT: Economics

RT: Household production

RT: Production

RT: Time utilisation

*Professional education (Continuing)*

USE: Continuing professional education

### **Professional fees**

BT: Fees

BT: Wages

NT: Legal fees

NT: Medical fees

RT: Costs

RT: Professions

### **Professional personnel**

BT: Personnel

NT: Academic personnel

NT: Counsellors

NT: Judiciary

NT: Legal practitioners

NT: Medical practitioners

NT: Nurses

NT: Psychiatrists

NT: Psychologists

NT: Social workers

NT: Teachers

NT: Therapists

RT: Expert witnesses

RT: Professions

### **Professions**

BT: Occupations

RT: Accreditation

RT: Careers

RT: Continuing professional education

RT: Professional fees

RT: Professional personnel

### **Program evaluation**

BT: Evaluation

RT: Policy evaluation

RT: Programs

HN: For literature published before October

2000 combine terms Programs and Evaluation.

SN: Methodology for evaluating programs, projects or services.

### **Programs**

NT: Educational programs

NT: Job creation programs

NT: Labour market programs

RT: Children's services

RT: Community services

RT: Family support services

RT: Program evaluation

RT: Social services

SN: Used in combination with other terms for activities organised to accomplish specific goals.

*Progress*

USE: Social change

*Promotion (Occupational)*

UF: Advancement

RT: Careers

RT: Employment

RT: Incentives

RT: Occupations

RT: Wages

### **Property**

UF: Assets

UF: Ownership

NT: Estates

RT: Capital

RT: Capital gains tax

RT: Cohabitation agreements

RT: Family law

RT: Family trusts

RT: Financial agreements (Family law)

RT: Income

RT: Inheritance

RT: Marriage agreements

RT: Means test

RT: Superannuation

RT: Third parties (Law)

RT: Trusts

RT: Wealth

SN: Anything that is capable of being owned.

**Prosecution**

BT: Court procedures  
RT: Crime  
RT: Criminal law  
RT: False allegations

*Prostitutes*

USE: Prostitution

**Prostitution**

UF: Prostitutes  
UF: Sex work  
NT: Child prostitution  
RT: Sexual behaviour

*Psychiatrists*

BT: Health workers  
BT: Professional personnel  
RT: Psychiatry  
RT: Psychologists  
RT: Therapists

**Psychiatry**

BT: Medicine  
RT: Mental health services  
RT: Mental illness  
RT: Psychiatrists  
RT: Psychology  
RT: Psychotherapy

*Psychological abuse*

USE: Emotional abuse

**Psychological effects**

BT: Effects  
RT: Psychology  
HN: For documents indexed before December 1990 the term Psychology was used.

**Psychological tests**

UF: Mental tests  
BT: Measures  
RT: Psychology

**Psychologists**

BT: Professional personnel  
RT: Psychiatrists  
RT: Psychology  
RT: Social workers  
RT: Therapists

**Psychology**

BT: Social sciences  
NT: Child psychology  
RT: Behaviour  
RT: Cognitive development  
RT: Counselling  
RT: Emotions  
RT: Gerontology  
RT: Mental health services  
RT: Personality  
RT: Psychiatry  
RT: Psychological effects  
RT: Psychological tests  
RT: Psychologists  
RT: Psychotherapy  
RT: Role  
RT: Social work  
RT: Temperament

*Psychoneuroses*

USE: Neuroses

**Psychoses**

UF: Paranoia  
BT: Mental illness  
NT: Schizophrenia  
RT: Mental depression  
RT: Neuroses

**Psychotherapy**

UF: Aversion therapy  
BT: Therapy  
RT: Behaviour modification  
RT: Couple therapy  
RT: Crisis intervention  
RT: Family therapy  
RT: Group therapy  
RT: Intervention  
RT: Marriage counselling  
RT: Mental illness  
RT: Occupational therapy  
RT: Psychiatry  
RT: Psychology

**Puberty**

RT: Adolescent development  
RT: Life stage transitions  
RT: Physical development  
RT: Sexuality

**Public administration**

UF: Administration (Government)  
BT: Management  
RT: Bureaucracy  
RT: Commercialisation  
RT: Federal government  
RT: Government  
RT: Government advisory bodies  
RT: Local government  
RT: Ombudsman  
RT: Politics  
RT: Public finance  
RT: Public service  
RT: State government

*Public awareness*

USE: Community education

*Public expenditures*

USE: Public finance

**Public finance**

UF: Government finance  
UF: Public expenditures  
BT: Finance  
NT: Subsidies  
RT: Budgets  
RT: Child care fee relief  
RT: Commercialisation  
RT: Competition policy  
RT: Economic policy  
RT: Educational finance  
RT: Employment subsidies  
RT: Expenditure  
RT: Government  
RT: Grants  
RT: Privatisation  
RT: Public administration  
RT: Sponsorship  
RT: State government  
RT: Taxation  
SN: Government funding. For nongovernment funding use Finance.

**Public health**

BT: Health  
RT: Epidemiology  
RT: Health policy  
RT: Health promotion  
RT: Health services  
RT: Hospitals  
RT: Immunisation  
RT: Pollution  
RT: Preventive medicine  
RT: Safety  
RT: Sexually transmitted diseases

**Public housing**

BT: Housing  
RT: Community housing  
RT: Homelessness  
RT: Housing policy  
RT: Rental housing  
RT: Social services  
SN: Government sponsored housing.

*Public opinion*

USE: Attitudes

**Public opinion polls**

UF: Polls  
BT: Measures  
BT: Surveys  
RT: Attitudes  
RT: Methodology  
RT: Political attitudes  
RT: Research

*Public participation*

USE: Community participation

**Public service**

UF: Civil service  
BT: Bureaucracy  
RT: Government  
RT: Public administration

**Public space**

BT: Environment  
RT: Town planning  
RT: Urban environment

**Public transport**

BT: Transport  
RT: Commuting  
RT: Infrastructure

*Public welfare*

USE: Social welfare

**Publishing**

RT: Journalism  
RT: Mass media  
RT: Newspapers

**Punishment**

UF: Correction  
NT: Corporal punishment  
RT: Crime  
RT: Discipline  
RT: Power  
RT: Prisons  
RT: Probation  
RT: Sentences (Law)  
RT: Torture

*Pupils*

USE: Students

**Qualifications**

RT: Ability  
RT: Accreditation  
RT: Education  
RT: Skill development  
RT: Skilled labour  
RT: Skills  
RT: Student assessment  
SN: Abilities, aptitudes, or achievements that suit individuals to particular positions or tasks.

**Quality of life**

UF: Life quality  
UF: Productive living  
NT: Wellbeing  
RT: Conservation (Natural resources)  
RT: Ecology  
RT: Economic conditions  
RT: Job satisfaction  
RT: Lifestyle  
RT: Living standards  
RT: Social impact  
RT: Social indicators  
RT: Social problems  
RT: Social status  
RT: Socioeconomic status  
RT: Technological change  
RT: Technology  
RT: Values  
SN: Any combination of objective standards and subjective attitudes, both other- and self-imposed, by which individuals and groups assess their life situations.

**Questionnaires**

BT: Measures  
RT: Interviewing  
RT: Methodology  
RT: Research  
RT: Surveys  
SN: From 1989 used only when a questionnaire is a focus of the document or a copy is included in the document.

*Race relations*

USE: Community relations

**Racial discrimination**

UF: Racism  
BT: Discrimination  
RT: Affirmative action  
RT: Attitudes  
RT: Community relations  
RT: Cultural assimilation  
RT: Cultural integration  
RT: Employment discrimination  
RT: Ethnicity  
RT: Occupational segregation

*Racial groups*

USE: Ethnic groups

*Racism*

USE: Racial discrimination

**Radio**

BT: Mass media  
BT: Telecommunications

**Rape**

BT: Crime  
BT: Sexual assault

NT: Acquaintance rape  
RT: Child sexual abuse  
RT: False allegations  
RT: Incest  
RT: Sexual abuse  
RT: Sexual harassment  
RT: Sexual intercourse  
RT: Victims  
RT: Violence

### **Rating scales**

BT: Measures

### **Reading**

RT: Comprehension  
RT: Dyslexia  
RT: Language  
RT: Literacy

### *Recession*

USE: Economic recession

### **Recidivism**

RT: Crime  
RT: Offenders  
RT: Probation  
SN: Repeated or habitual relapse into crime.

### *Reciprocal obligation*

USE: Mutual obligation

### *Recovered memory*

USE: Repressed memory

### **Recreation**

NT: Play  
RT: Computer games  
RT: Holidays  
RT: Leisure  
RT: Physical fitness  
RT: Sport  
RT: Tourism

### **Recruitment**

UF: Staff recruitment  
BT: Personnel management  
RT: Careers  
RT: Employment  
RT: Personnel  
RT: Pre-employment screening

### *Redundancy (Employment)*

USE: Retrenchment

### **Refugees**

UF: Displaced persons  
RT: Asylum seekers  
RT: Homelessness  
RT: Migrants  
RT: Social problems  
RT: War

### **Refuges**

UF: Emergency accommodation  
UF: Shelters  
BT: Emergency services  
NT: Women's refuges  
RT: Accommodation  
RT: Crises  
RT: Crisis centres  
RT: Emergency relief  
RT: Homelessness  
RT: Runaways

SN: Temporary, low cost accommodation and support for individuals in emergency situations. Usually designed to serve particular groups, eg. youth, women.

### **Regional development**

RT: Development  
RT: Economic development  
RT: Regional differences  
RT: Regional planning  
RT: Rural conditions

### **Regional differences**

BT: Differences  
RT: Area studies  
RT: Regional development  
RT: Rural urban differences  
RT: Small area statistics

### **Regional planning**

RT: Area studies  
RT: Decentralisation  
RT: Infrastructure  
RT: Regional development  
RT: Town planning  
RT: Urban consolidation

### *Regional studies*

USE: Area studies

### *Registered partnership*

USE: Civil union

### **Regulations**

UF: Codes of rules  
UF: Rules  
RT: Law  
RT: Legal procedures  
RT: Standards

### **Rehabilitation**

BT: Therapy  
RT: Counselling  
RT: Deinstitutionalisation  
RT: Disabled  
RT: Health services  
RT: Intervention  
RT: Normalisation (Disabled)  
RT: Occupational therapy  
RT: Rehabilitation centres  
RT: Retraining  
RT: Social work  
RT: Special education  
RT: Treatment

### **Rehabilitation centres**

RT: Health centres  
RT: Mental health services  
RT: Rehabilitation  
RT: Residential care  
RT: Residential institutions

### **Relationship breakdown**

UF: Marriage breakdown  
RT: Divorce  
RT: Family breakdown  
RT: Interpersonal relationship  
RT: Marital separation

### **Relationship counselling**

UF: Couples counselling  
BT: Counselling  
RT: Couple therapy  
RT: Family counselling



RT: Marriage counselling  
SN: Process of counselling parties in a relationship together, such as family members, siblings, friends, employees. Use more specific counselling term if available.

### **Relationship education**

UF: Family life education  
UF: Human relations education  
BT: Education  
NT: Marriage education  
NT: Parent education  
NT: Parenthood education  
NT: Sex education  
RT: Family  
RT: Family relations  
RT: Health education  
RT: Home economics  
RT: Parent child relationship

### **Relationship satisfaction**

UF: Marital satisfaction  
BT: Interpersonal relationship  
BT: Couple relationship  
RT: Wellbeing

### *Relationships*

USE: Interpersonal relationship

### *Relatives*

USE: Extended family

### **Religion**

NT: Buddhism  
NT: Christianity  
NT: Christians  
NT: Hinduism  
NT: Islam  
NT: Judaism  
RT: Atheism  
RT: Church  
RT: Ethics  
RT: Inter marriage  
RT: Philosophy  
RT: Religious discrimination  
RT: Religious education  
RT: Sects  
RT: Spirituality  
RT: Values

### *Religious cults*

USE: Cults

### **Religious discrimination**

BT: Discrimination  
RT: Religion

### **Religious education**

BT: Education  
RT: Religion

### **Relocation**

RT: Abduction  
RT: Geographic location  
RT: Geographic mobility  
RT: Residence (Children)

### *Remand centres (Youth)*

USE: Juvenile corrective institutions

### **Remarriage**

RT: Annulment  
RT: Divorce

RT: Marriage  
RT: Repartnering  
RT: Step-families

### **Remote area families**

BT: Family  
RT: Remote areas  
RT: Rural families

### **Remote areas**

RT: Geographic location  
RT: Isolated groups  
RT: Remote area families  
RT: Rural communities  
RT: Rural conditions  
RT: Social isolation

### **Rent**

UF: Rent control  
BT: Housing finance  
RT: Rental housing  
RT: Tenants

### *Rent control*

USE: Rent

### **Rental housing**

UF: Landlords  
BT: Housing  
RT: Home ownership  
RT: Public housing  
RT: Rent  
RT: Tenancy law  
RT: Tenants

### **Repartnering**

RT: Remarriage  
RT: Couple formation

### *Representation of children*

USE: Child advocacy

### **Repressed memory**

UF: False memory syndrome  
UF: Recovered memory  
RT: Adult survivors  
RT: Child abuse  
RT: Memory

### **Reproduction (Biological)**

RT: Artificial insemination  
RT: Assisted reproduction  
RT: Birth  
RT: Delayed childbearing  
RT: Fertility  
RT: Gynaecology  
RT: Pregnancy

### **Research**

NT: Action research  
NT: Research methodology  
NT: Research to practice  
RT: Area studies  
RT: Case studies  
RT: Causal factors  
RT: Comparative studies  
RT: Data management  
RT: Evaluation  
RT: Knowledge  
RT: Literature reviews  
RT: Longitudinal studies  
RT: Measures  
RT: Methodology

RT: Problem solving  
RT: Public opinion polls  
RT: Questionnaires  
RT: Social indicators  
RT: Statistical analysis  
RT: Surveys  
RT: Theories  
RT: Theory formulation

#### *Research dissemination*

USE: Research to practice

#### **Research methodology**

UF: Research methods  
BT: Research  
SN: Qualitative and quantitative research techniques

#### *Research methods*

USE: Research methodology

#### **Research to practice**

UF: Evidence-based practice  
UF: Knowledge transfer  
UF: Knowledge translation  
UF: Research dissemination  
UF: Research utilisation  
BT: Research  
RT: Communication  
RT: Knowledge  
RT: Policy making  
RT: Service delivery  
SN: Transferring knowledge from research into actual practice; using research to guide practice development.

#### *Research utilisation*

USE: Research to practice

#### *Re-settlement*

USE: Migrant settlement

#### **Residence (Children)**

RT: Child contact  
RT: Children  
RT: Geographic location  
RT: Parenting plans  
RT: Relocation  
RT: Shared care  
RT: Shared residence (Children)  
RT: Split residence (Children)  
HN: Prior to the 1996 implementation of the Family Law Reform Act 1995, Child custody was the term used.  
SN: Under the Family Law Reform Act 1995 where children live after marital separation.

#### **Residential care**

RT: Aged care  
RT: Community care  
RT: Community visitors  
RT: Family group care  
RT: Hospitals  
RT: Hostels  
RT: Institutionalisation  
RT: Juvenile corrective institutions  
RT: Nursing homes  
RT: Palliative care  
RT: Rehabilitation centres  
RT: Residential institutions  
RT: Out of home care

#### **Residential institutions**

NT: Boarding houses  
NT: Hostels  
NT: Juvenile corrective institutions  
NT: Nursing homes

NT: Prisons  
RT: Accommodation  
RT: Institutional abuse  
RT: Institutionalisation  
RT: Rehabilitation centres  
RT: Residential care  
SN: Facilities that provide health, educational, welfare, or rehabilitative services to their residents.

#### *Residential location*

USE: Geographic location

#### *Residential mobility*

USE: Geographic mobility

#### **Resilience**

RT: Coping behaviour  
RT: Mental health

#### **Respite care**

RT: Aged  
RT: Aged care  
RT: Carers  
RT: Community care  
RT: Community services  
RT: Day care centres  
RT: Disabled  
RT: Home based care  
SN: Short term care of the disabled or aged in or outside the home to provide family relief.

#### **Response style**

RT: Attitudes  
RT: Behaviour  
RT: Methodology  
RT: Test items  
RT: Test reliability  
RT: Test validity  
SN: Test-taking behaviour that is influenced by the individual's attitudes or tendencies and which may distort the meaning of the test score.

#### **Responsibility**

NT: Children's responsibilities  
NT: Family responsibilities  
NT: Individual responsibilities  
NT: Parent responsibilities  
NT: Social responsibility  
RT: Rights  
SN: Context dependent term used in combination with other terms. Use a more specific term if possible.

#### *Rest*

USE: Sleep

#### **Restorative justice**

UF: Circle sentencing  
UF: Non-adversarial justice  
UF: Sentencing circles  
BT: Justice  
RT: Alternative dispute resolution  
RT: Family group conferencing  
RT: Individual responsibilities

#### *Restraining orders*

USE: Injunctions

#### *Retention of students*

USE: Educational participation

#### **Retirement age**

RT: Retirement

**Retirement villages**

BT: Housing  
RT: Aged  
RT: Retirement

**Retirement**

RT: Age pensions  
RT: Aged  
RT: Life stage transitions  
RT: Retirement age  
RT: Retirement villages  
RT: Retrenchment  
RT: Superannuation

**Retraining**

UF: Occupational retraining  
RT: Adult education  
RT: Education  
RT: Employment  
RT: Inservice training  
RT: Job creation programs  
RT: Labour market programs  
RT: Rehabilitation  
RT: Skill development  
RT: Training  
RT: Vocational education  
RT: Vocational guidance

**Retrenchment**

UF: Cutbacks (Employment)  
UF: Dismissals (Staff)  
UF: Redundancy (Employment)  
UF: Staff reduction  
BT: Personnel management  
RT: Personnel  
RT: Retirement  
RT: Unemployment

**Return migration**

RT: Emigration  
RT: Immigration  
RT: Migrants  
SN: Migrants returning permanently to their country of origin.

**Return to work**

UF: Employment re-entry  
RT: Employment  
RT: Maternity leave  
RT: Parental leave  
RT: Work attitudes  
RT: Working mothers

*Returned soldiers*

USE: Veterans

**Reunification**

UF: Family restoration  
RT: Out of home care  
RT: Family support services  
SN: A child's return home to their original family after having been placed in out of home care.

*Reviews (Evaluation studies)*

USE: Evaluation

*Reviews (Literature)*

USE: Literature reviews

**Rights**

NT: Children's rights  
NT: Human rights  
NT: Land rights

NT: Legal rights  
NT: Parent rights  
NT: Women's rights  
RT: Equality  
RT: Freedom  
RT: Justice  
RT: Responsibility  
RT: Social justice  
SN: A context dependent term. Use a more specific term if possible.

**Risk assessment**

UF: Parenting assessment  
UF: Parenting capacity  
RT: At risk children  
RT: Child protection  
RT: Domestic violence  
RT: Evaluation

**Risk factors**

RT: At risk children  
RT: At risk groups  
RT: Causal factors  
RT: Disadvantaged groups  
RT: Poverty  
RT: Social problems  
SN: Internal or external factors predisposing individuals to physical, mental, financial, social or behavioural problems.

**Risk taking**

BT: Behaviour  
RT: Alcohol abuse  
RT: Behaviour problems  
RT: Drug abuse  
RT: Gambling  
RT: Self harm  
RT: Social problems  
RT: Substance abuse

**Ritual abuse**

BT: Abuse  
RT: Child abuse  
RT: Child sexual abuse  
RT: Cults

*Road accidents*

USE: Traffic accidents

**Role**

NT: Father role  
NT: Mother role  
NT: Parent role  
NT: School role  
NT: Sex role  
NT: Teacher role  
RT: Behaviour  
RT: Participation  
RT: Psychology  
RT: Role conflict  
RT: Role expectations  
RT: Role models  
RT: Socialisation  
RT: Sociology

**Role conflict**

RT: Conflict resolution  
RT: Role

**Role expectations**

RT: Role  
RT: Sex role  
SN: Functional patterns or types of behaviour

expected from an individual in a specific social or professional position or situation.

### **Role models**

RT: Mentoring  
RT: Models  
RT: Role  
RT: Sex role  
RT: Socialisation  
SN: Individuals, real or theoretical, chosen for emulation.

### *Rules*

USE: Regulations

### **Runaways**

BT: Leaving home  
BT: Social problems  
RT: Adolescents  
RT: Children  
RT: Refugees  
RT: Youth homelessness

### **Rural communities**

BT: Communities  
RT: Farm families  
RT: Farmers  
RT: Neighbourhoods  
RT: Remote areas  
RT: Rural conditions  
RT: Rural families  
RT: Rural policy  
RT: Rural urban differences  
RT: Towns

### **Rural conditions**

UF: Country life  
RT: Agriculture  
RT: Economic conditions  
RT: Isolated groups  
RT: Regional development  
RT: Remote areas  
RT: Rural communities  
RT: Rural families  
RT: Rural policy  
RT: Rural urban differences

### **Rural families**

BT: Family  
NT: Farm families  
RT: Farmers  
RT: Remote area families  
RT: Rural communities  
RT: Rural conditions

### **Rural policy**

BT: Policy  
RT: Rural communities  
RT: Rural conditions  
HN: For references prior to May 1995 use the terms Rural conditions and Policy.

### **Rural urban differences**

UF: Urban rural differences  
BT: Differences  
RT: Regional differences  
RT: Rural communities  
RT: Rural conditions  
RT: Urban differences  
RT: Urban environment

### *Rural urban migration*

USE: Population movement

### **Safety**

NT: Personal safety  
RT: Accidents  
RT: Injuries  
RT: Occupational health  
RT: Public health

### *Salaries*

USE: Wages

### **Sales tax**

BT: Taxation  
RT: Consumer goods  
RT: Consumption tax  
RT: Indirect tax

### *Same-sex couple families*

USE: Same-sex couples  
USE: Same-sex parented families

### **Same-sex couples**

UF: Gay couples  
UF: Homosexual couples  
RT: Civil union  
RT: Cohabitation  
RT: Homosexuality

### *Same-sex families*

USE: Same-sex couples  
USE: Same-sex parented families

### **Same-sex parented families**

UF: Same-sex couple families  
UF: Same-sex families  
BT: Family  
RT: Same-sex parents

### **Same-sex parents**

UF: Gay parents  
UF: Homosexual parents  
BT: Parents  
RT: Homosexuality  
RT: Same-sex parented families

### **Samoans**

BT: Ethnic groups

### **Sampling**

RT: Methodology  
RT: Statistical analysis  
HN: Two separate terms, Sampling (Experimental) and Biased sampling, were used prior to Aug 2011

### **Savings**

BT: Investment  
RT: Banking  
RT: Debt  
RT: Finance  
RT: Income

### **Schizophrenia**

BT: Mental illness  
BT: Psychoses  
RT: Mental depression

### *Scholarships*

USE: Student allowances

### *School children (Primary)*

USE: Primary students

### *School children (Secondary)*

USE: Secondary students

*School counselling*  
USE: Student counselling

### **School counsellors**

BT: Counsellors  
RT: Schools  
RT: Student services

*School enrolment*  
USE: Enrolment

*School fees*  
USE: Educational fees

*School home relationship*  
USE: Home school relationship

### **School leavers**

RT: Adolescents  
RT: Educational participation  
RT: School work transition  
RT: Schools  
RT: Secondary education  
RT: Secondary students  
RT: Youth

*School phobia*  
USE: School refusal

### **School readiness**

UF: Starting school  
UF: Transition from home to school  
RT: Cognitive development  
RT: Personal development  
RT: Primary schools  
RT: School transition  
RT: Schools  
SN: Cognitive, physical and psychological maturity necessary for learning in a school setting.

### **School refusal**

UF: School phobia  
BT: Phobias  
RT: Child behaviour  
RT: Schools  
RT: Truancy

*School retention*  
USE: Educational participation

### **School role**

BT: Role  
RT: Schools  
RT: Teacher role

*School size*  
USE: Enrolment

*School teaching*  
USE: Teaching

### **School transition**

UF: Starting school  
UF: Transition from home to school  
BT: Life stage transitions  
RT: Adjustment  
RT: School readiness  
SN: The period and adjustment of starting school, or moving from one level of schooling to the next

### **School work transition**

UF: Transition from school to work  
UF: Work school transition

RT: Employment  
RT: Life stage transitions  
RT: School leavers  
RT: Secondary students  
RT: Vocational education  
RT: Vocational guidance  
RT: Work experience

### **Schools**

BT: Educational institutions  
NT: Ethnic schools  
NT: Independent schools  
NT: Preschools  
NT: Primary schools  
NT: Secondary schools  
NT: Special schools  
RT: Education  
RT: Educational fees  
RT: Educational programs  
RT: Enrolment  
RT: Home school relationship  
RT: Home schooling  
RT: Parent teacher relationship  
RT: Playgrounds  
RT: School counsellors  
RT: School leavers  
RT: School readiness  
RT: School refusal  
RT: School role  
RT: Student services  
RT: Students  
RT: Teachers

### **Science**

NT: Biology  
NT: Medicine  
RT: Technology

### *Screening*

USE: Health screening  
USE: Pre-employment screening

### **Secondary education**

BT: Education  
RT: School leavers  
RT: Secondary schools  
RT: Secondary students  
RT: Vocational education

### **Secondary schools**

UF: High schools  
BT: Schools  
RT: Secondary education

### **Secondary students**

UF: High school students  
UF: School children (Secondary)  
BT: Students  
RT: Adolescents  
RT: School leavers  
RT: School work transition  
RT: Secondary education

### *Secrecy*

USE: Confidential information

### **Sects**

RT: Religion

### **Security**

RT: Crime prevention  
RT: Housing  
RT: Shoplifting

RT: Vandalism

### *Sedentary activity*

USE: Physical activity

### **Self care**

UF: Home alone

UF: Independent living

UF: Latchkey children

RT: After school care

RT: Aged care

RT: Child care

RT: Child neglect

RT: Children's responsibilities

RT: Home based care

RT: Self determination

SN: Applied to children at home alone or for the aged or people with a disability when support services enable them to care for themselves at home.

### *Self concept*

USE: Identity

### **Self control**

BT: Personality traits

RT: Behaviour modification

RT: Self help techniques

### **Self determination**

RT: Community participation

RT: Empowerment

RT: Independence

RT: Self care

SN: The power of individuals or groups to determine their own destiny or actions.

### *Self development*

USE: Personal development

### **Self employment**

BT: Employment

RT: Small business

### **Self esteem**

BT: Self perception

RT: Happiness

RT: Interpersonal relationship

RT: Personality traits

### **Self harm**

UF: Deliberate self harm

UF: Self injury

UF: Self mutilation

RT: Alcohol abuse

RT: Drug abuse

RT: Risk taking

RT: Suicide

### **Self help groups**

BT: Groups

RT: Group counselling

RT: Group therapy

RT: Help seeking behaviour

RT: Helping behaviour

RT: Self help techniques

RT: Self perception

RT: Social support networks

### **Self help techniques**

RT: Behaviour modification

RT: Counselling

RT: Empowerment

RT: Personal development

RT: Problem solving

RT: Self control

RT: Self help groups

SN: Techniques, materials or processes designed to assist individuals in solving their own problems.

### *Self injury*

USE: Self harm

### *Self mutilation*

USE: Self harm

### **Self perception**

UF: Egoism

NT: Self esteem

RT: Attribution

RT: Body image

RT: Ethnicity

RT: Identity

RT: Perception

RT: Personality

RT: Self help groups

### **Self representation (Law)**

RT: Advocacy

RT: Law

RT: Legal aid

RT: Legal procedures

RT: Legal rights

RT: Litigation

### *Self sufficiency*

USE: Independence

### *Senior citizens' clubs*

USE: Elderly citizens' clubs

### *Sensation*

USE: Senses

### **Senses**

UF: Sensation

RT: Hearing impaired

RT: Perception

RT: Visually impaired

### **Sentences (Law)**

BT: Court procedures

RT: Crime

RT: Law

RT: Prisons

RT: Probation

RT: Punishment

### *Sentencing circles*

USE: Restorative justice

### *Separate representation (Children)*

USE: Child advocacy

### **Separation**

NT: Marital separation

RT: Father absence

RT: Independence

RT: Loss

RT: Mother absence

RT: Parental absence

### **Sequestration**

RT: Family law

RT: Maintenance payments

SN: A writ issued against a person who is in contempt of court, for example, for not making maintenance

payments, which enables property belonging to the person to be seized and held until such time as the court order is complied with.

### **Service delivery**

NT: Hard to reach families  
RT: Best practice  
RT: Complex needs  
RT: Needs assessment  
RT: Research to practice  
RT: Service utilisation  
RT: Services  
RT: Standards

### **Service utilisation**

RT: Hard to reach families  
RT: Help seeking behaviour  
RT: Service delivery  
RT: Services  
SN: Consumer use of services.

### **Services**

NT: Children's services  
NT: Community services  
NT: Contract services  
NT: Emergency services  
NT: Family support services  
NT: Health services  
NT: Information services  
NT: Legal services  
NT: Mental health services  
NT: Social services  
NT: Student services  
RT: Service delivery  
RT: Service utilisation  
SN: Context dependent term. Select a more specific term or combine with other terms.

### **Sex:**

USE: Gender  
USE: Sexual behaviour  
USE: Sexuality

### **Sex differences**

USE: Gender differences

### **Sex discrimination**

UF: Sexism  
BT: Discrimination  
RT: Affirmative action  
RT: Employment discrimination  
RT: Equal opportunity  
RT: Feminism  
RT: Gender  
RT: Gender differences  
RT: Occupational segregation  
RT: Sex role  
RT: Sexual harassment  
SN: Restriction or devaluation of rights, privileges or choice because of one's sex.

### **Sex education**

BT: Education  
BT: Family life education  
RT: Health education  
RT: Sexual behaviour

### **Sex offender registration**

USE: Offender registration

### **Sex offender registries**

USE: Offender registration

### **Sex preference**

UF: Parental preferences for sex of children  
BT: Preferences

### **Sex reassignment**

BT: Transsexualism

### **Sex role**

BT: Role  
RT: Division of labour  
RT: Family structure  
RT: Father role  
RT: Gender  
RT: Gender differences  
RT: Men  
RT: Mother role  
RT: Role expectations  
RT: Role models  
RT: Sex discrimination  
RT: Stereotypes  
RT: Women  
SN: Pattern of attitudes and behaviour that is deemed appropriate to one sex rather than the other.

### **Sex therapy**

BT: Therapy  
RT: Sexual dysfunction  
SN: Treatment of sexual dysfunction or therapy aimed at improving sexual relationships.

### **Sex trafficking**

USE: Human trafficking

### **Sex work**

USE: Prostitution

### **Sexism**

USE: Sex discrimination

### **Sexting**

BT: Sexual behaviour  
RT: Child pornography  
RT: Social media

### **Sexual abuse**

USE: Sexual assault

### **Sexual assault**

UF: Sexual abuse  
UF: Sexual violence  
BT: Assault  
NT: Rape  
RT: Adult survivors  
RT: Child sexual abuse  
RT: Family violence  
RT: Intimate partner violence  
RT: Sexual harassment  
SN: Individual acts of sexual violence.

### **Sexual behaviour**

BT: Sexuality  
BT: Behaviour  
NT: Premarital sex  
NT: Sexting  
NT: Sexual intercourse  
NT: Transvestism  
RT: AIDS  
RT: Bisexuality  
RT: Condom usage  
RT: Contraception  
RT: Heterosexuality  
RT: Homosexuality  
RT: Paedophilia

RT: Pornography  
RT: Problematic sexual behaviour  
RT: Prostitution  
RT: Sex education  
RT: Sexual abuse  
RT: Sexual dysfunction  
RT: Sexual harassment  
RT: Sexually transmitted diseases  
RT: Transsexualism  
SN: Human sexual behaviour which includes both mental and somatic aspects of sexuality.

*Sexual division of labour*  
USE: Division of labour

**Sexual dysfunction**  
RT: Sex therapy  
RT: Sexual behaviour

**Sexual harassment**  
RT: Rape  
RT: Sex discrimination  
RT: Sexual assault  
RT: Sexual behaviour  
RT: Stalking

**Sexual intercourse**  
BT: Sexual behaviour  
RT: Incest  
RT: Premarital sex  
RT: Rape

*Sexual orientation*  
USE: Sexuality

*Sexual violence*  
USE: Sexual assault

**Sexuality**  
UF: Sexual orientation  
NT: Bisexuality  
NT: Heterosexuality  
NT: Homosexuality  
NT: Intersexuality  
NT: Sexual behaviour  
NT: Transsexualism  
RT: Gender  
RT: Puberty  
RT: Reproduction (Biological)  
RT: Sex role  
SN: Broad term for the condition and characteristics of reproductive elements and sexual attitudes and behaviours. Prefer more specific term.

*Sexually abusive behaviour*  
USE: Problematic sexual behaviour

**Sexually transmitted diseases**  
UF: Venereal diseases  
BT: Diseases  
RT: AIDS  
RT: Public health  
RT: Sexual behaviour

**Shared care**  
UF: Care time arrangements  
UF: Joint custody  
UF: Shared care time  
UF: Shared parenting  
RT: Child contact  
RT: Child rearing  
RT: Family law  
RT: Parent responsibilities

RT: Parent rights  
RT: Parent role  
RT: Parents  
RT: Residence (Children)  
RT: Shared residence (Children)  
SN: Term introduced under the Family Law Reform Act 1995, where parents share all duties, powers, responsibilities and authority in relation to their children. Use for works about child care time arrangements.

*Shared care time*  
USE: Shared care

**Shared housing**  
BT: Housing  
RT: Households  
SN: Households of at least two persons who share facilities and who are not related by blood or sexual relations.

**Shared residence (Children)**  
RT: Parenting plans  
RT: Residence (Children)  
RT: Shared care  
RT: Split residence (Children)  
HN: Prior to the 1996 implementation of the Family Law Reform Act 1995, Joint custody was the term used.  
SN: Children residing on an equal time basis with each parent following marital separation.

*Shared parenting*  
USE: Shared care

*Shelters*  
USE: Refuges

**Shift work**  
BT: Employment  
RT: Fly-in fly-out employment  
RT: Occupations  
RT: Working hours

**Shoplifting**  
BT: Crime  
RT: Juvenile delinquency  
RT: Security  
RT: Theft

**Sibling abuse**  
BT: Child abuse  
RT: Child sexual abuse  
RT: Problematic sexual behaviour  
RT: Siblings

**Siblings**  
UF: Brothers  
UF: Sisters  
NT: Twins  
RT: Biological children  
RT: Daughters  
RT: Family  
RT: Family relations  
RT: Family structure  
RT: Kinship system  
RT: Sibling abuse  
RT: Sons  
RT: Split residence (Children)

*Sick leave*  
USE: Leave of absence

*Sickness*  
USE: Physical illness



**Sickness benefits**

BT: Benefits  
RT: Health  
RT: Mental illness  
RT: Physical illness

**SIDS**

USE: Sudden infant death syndrome

**Single fathers**

UF: Lone fathers  
BT: Fathers  
BT: Single parents  
RT: One parent families  
RT: Single mothers

**Single mothers**

UF: Lone mothers  
BT: Mothers  
BT: Single parents  
RT: One parent families  
RT: Single fathers

**Single parent families**

USE: One parent families

**Single parents**

UF: Lone parents  
UF: Sole parents  
BT: Parents  
BT: Marital status  
RT: One parent families  
RT: Single fathers  
RT: Single mothers

**Single people**

UF: Bachelors  
UF: Singles  
UF: Spinsters  
BT: Marital status  
RT: One parent families  
RT: Single fathers  
RT: Single mothers  
RT: Single mothers  
RT: Widowers  
RT: Widows

**Singles**

USE: Single people

**Sisters**

USE: Siblings

**Skill development**

RT: Competence  
RT: Development  
RT: Personal development  
RT: Qualifications  
RT: Retraining  
RT: Skilled labour  
RT: Skills  
RT: Training  
RT: Vocational education

**Skilled labour**

UF: White collar workers  
BT: Personnel  
RT: Employment  
RT: Labour market  
RT: Occupations  
RT: Qualifications  
RT: Skill development  
RT: Skills

RT: Unskilled labour

**Skills**

UF: Life skills  
BT: Ability  
RT: Competence  
RT: Gifted  
RT: Human resources  
RT: Qualifications  
RT: Skill development  
RT: Skilled labour  
RT: Training

**Sleep**

UF: Insomnia  
UF: Rest  
RT: Health

**Small area statistics**

RT: Area studies  
RT: Regional differences  
RT: Statistical analysis  
RT: Statistics  
SN: Statistical data at a regional or local government area level.

**Small business**

BT: Business  
RT: Self employment

**Smoking**

RT: Drug abuse  
RT: Health education  
RT: Substance abuse

**Social capital**

RT: Community participation  
RT: Community relations  
RT: Family support services  
RT: Social exclusion  
RT: Social inclusion  
RT: Social interaction  
RT: Social responsibility  
RT: Social support networks  
RT: Trust  
SN: Aspects of social relations characterised by reciprocity and trust that enable individuals, groups and institutions to interact and work together successfully.

**Social change**

UF: Cultural change  
UF: Progress  
BT: Change  
RT: Attitude change  
RT: Demographic trends  
RT: Educational change  
RT: Empowerment  
RT: Forecasting  
RT: History  
RT: Industrialisation  
RT: Social impact  
RT: Social indicators  
RT: Social policy  
RT: Sociology  
RT: Technological change

**Social classes**

UF: Class distinction  
UF: Social stratification  
BT: Groups  
RT: Family background  
RT: Poverty

RT: Social mobility  
RT: Social order  
RT: Social status  
RT: Socioeconomic status  
RT: Wealth

### **Social control**

RT: Behaviour modification  
RT: Discipline  
RT: Law  
RT: Power  
RT: Social exclusion  
RT: Social order  
RT: Social policy  
RT: Social responsibility  
RT: Values  
SN: Power of institutions, organisations, or laws of society to influence or regulate behaviour or attitudes of groups or individuals.

### **Social exclusion**

RT: Disadvantaged groups  
RT: Poverty  
RT: Social capital  
RT: Social control  
RT: Social inclusion  
RT: Social interaction  
RT: Social isolation  
RT: Social policy  
RT: Social welfare  
SN: Deprivation caused by being unable to participate in activities considered culturally obligatory in a society.

### *Social groups*

USE: Groups

### **Social impact**

RT: Effects  
RT: Environmental impact  
RT: Environmental planning  
RT: Evaluation  
RT: Quality of life  
RT: Social change  
RT: Social indicators  
RT: Social policy  
RT: Technological change

### **Social inclusion**

RT: Equality  
RT: Social capital  
RT: Social exclusion  
RT: Social interaction  
RT: Social isolation  
RT: Social justice  
RT: Social welfare

### **Social indicators**

UF: Indicators (Social)  
RT: Demographic trends  
RT: Economic indicators  
RT: Forecasting  
RT: Living standards  
RT: Measures  
RT: Methodology  
RT: Quality of life  
RT: Research  
RT: Social change  
RT: Social impact  
RT: Social policy  
RT: Social problems  
RT: Socioeconomic status

### **Social interaction**

NT: Conflict  
NT: Double bind interaction  
NT: Help seeking behaviour  
NT: Helping behaviour  
RT: Communication  
RT: Community relations  
RT: Conflict resolution  
RT: Friendship  
RT: Interpersonal relationship  
RT: Social capital  
RT: Social exclusion  
RT: Social inclusion  
RT: Social isolation  
RT: Social support networks  
RT: Socialisation  
RT: Trust

### **Social isolation**

RT: Alienation  
RT: Isolated groups  
RT: Loneliness  
RT: Remote areas  
RT: Social exclusion  
RT: Social inclusion  
RT: Social interaction  
SN: Voluntary or involuntary absence of contact with others.

### **Social justice**

UF: Equity  
BT: Justice  
RT: Aboriginal reconciliation  
RT: Equal pay  
RT: Equality  
RT: Human rights  
RT: Inequality  
RT: Juvenile justice  
RT: Rights  
RT: Social inclusion  
RT: Social responsibility  
RT: Social welfare  
RT: Values  
RT: Welfare state

### **Social media**

RT: Computer applications  
RT: Internet  
NT: Sexting  
RT: Technology  
RT: Telecommunications

### **Social mobility**

UF: Mobility (Social)  
RT: Achievement  
RT: Generation differences  
RT: Social classes  
RT: Social status  
RT: Socioeconomic status  
SN: Change in the social status of individuals or groups.

### **Social order**

UF: Disorganisation (Social)  
UF: Social structure  
RT: Social classes  
RT: Social control  
RT: Social policy  
RT: Social responsibility  
RT: Sociology  
SN: Coherence and continuity in the social environment, and rational cooperation among individuals and social institutions.

**Social policy**

BT: Policy  
RT: Child care policy  
RT: Child protection policy  
RT: Education policy  
RT: Family policy  
RT: Health policy  
RT: Housing policy  
RT: Population policy  
RT: Social change  
RT: Social control  
RT: Social exclusion  
RT: Social impact  
RT: Social indicators  
RT: Social order  
RT: Social problems  
RT: Social responsibility  
RT: Social services  
RT: Social welfare  
RT: Urban policy  
RT: Welfare reform  
RT: Welfare state  
RT: Youth policy

**Social problems**

NT: Abuse  
NT: Alcohol abuse  
NT: Crime  
NT: Discrimination  
NT: Drug abuse  
NT: Family breakdown  
NT: Family violence  
NT: Homelessness  
NT: Gambling  
NT: Poverty  
NT: Runaways  
NT: Substance abuse  
NT: Unemployment  
NT: Violence  
RT: At risk groups  
RT: Counselling  
RT: Crisis centres  
RT: Disadvantaged groups  
RT: Disasters  
RT: Divorce  
RT: Family support services  
RT: Quality of life  
RT: Refugees  
RT: Risk factors  
RT: Risk taking  
RT: Social indicators  
RT: Social policy  
RT: Social services  
RT: Social work  
RT: Sociology  
RT: Suicide

**Social responsibility**

BT: Responsibility  
RT: Accountability  
RT: Citizenship  
RT: Community participation  
RT: Ethics  
RT: Helping behaviour  
RT: Individual responsibilities  
RT: Mutual obligation  
RT: Social capital  
RT: Social control  
RT: Social justice  
RT: Social order  
RT: Social policy  
RT: Social services  
RT: Social welfare

RT: Socialisation  
RT: Welfare reform

**Social return on investment analysis**

USE: Cost effectiveness

**Social sciences**

UF: Social studies  
NT: Anthropology  
NT: Demography  
NT: Economics  
NT: Gerontology  
NT: History  
NT: Law  
NT: Psychology  
NT: Social work  
NT: Sociology  
RT: Medicine

**Social security**

USE: Social services

**Social services**

UF: Social security  
UF: Welfare  
BT: Services  
NT: Benefits  
NT: Children's services  
NT: Community services  
NT: Emergency relief  
NT: Emergency services  
NT: Family support services  
NT: Income management  
NT: Pensions  
RT: Appeals  
RT: Case management  
RT: Charities  
RT: Child welfare  
RT: Health services  
RT: Help seeking behaviour  
RT: Home based care  
RT: Income support  
RT: Legal services  
RT: Mental health services  
RT: Mutual obligation  
RT: Needs assessment  
RT: Poverty  
RT: Programs  
RT: Public housing  
RT: Social policy  
RT: Social problems  
RT: Social responsibility  
RT: Social support networks  
RT: Social welfare  
RT: Social work  
RT: Welfare reform  
RT: Welfare state  
SN: Activities or programs designed to promote social welfare, usually associated with government or helping organisations.

**Social status**

UF: Status (Social)  
RT: Family background  
RT: Peer groups  
RT: Quality of life  
RT: Social classes  
RT: Social mobility  
RT: Socioeconomic status

**Social stigma**

USE: Stigma

### *Social stratification*

USE: Social classes

### *Social structure*

USE: Social order

### *Social studies*

USE: Social sciences

### **Social support networks**

UF: Support networks

RT: Carers

RT: Community services

RT: Crisis intervention

RT: Extended family

RT: Family support services

RT: Friendship

RT: Helping behaviour

RT: Home based care

RT: Kinship system

RT: Neighbourhoods

RT: Self help groups

RT: Social capital

RT: Social interaction

RT: Social services

SN: Persons, groups, organisations or institutions providing social and emotional support to an individual.

### *Social values*

USE: Values

### **Social welfare**

UF: Public welfare

RT: Child welfare

RT: Social exclusion

RT: Social inclusion

RT: Social justice

RT: Social policy

RT: Social responsibility

RT: Social services

RT: Welfare reform

RT: Welfare state

RT: Wellbeing

SN: Conceptual, issues based term. For services and programs offered by the State and other organisations use the term Social services.

### **Social workers**

BT: Professional personnel

RT: Child protection workers

RT: Counsellors

RT: Health workers

RT: Psychologists

RT: Social work

RT: Therapists

RT: Youth workers

### **Social work**

BT: Social sciences

RT: Case management

RT: Counselling

RT: Crisis centres

RT: Emergency services

RT: Helping behaviour

RT: Intervention

RT: Psychology

RT: Rehabilitation

RT: Social problems

RT: Social services

RT: Social workers

RT: Volunteering

RT: Youth workers

### **Socialisation**

RT: Child development

RT: Cognitive development

RT: Education

RT: Ethnicity

RT: Learning

RT: Moral development

RT: Personality

RT: Role

RT: Role models

RT: Social interaction

RT: Social responsibility

SN: The process of acquiring social roles, identity and the skills necessary to function in society.

### **Socialism**

BT: Political ideologies

RT: Communism

RT: Marxism

### *Societies*

USE: Associations

### *Sociobiology*

USE: Biology

### *Socioeconomic level*

USE: Socioeconomic status

### **Socioeconomic status**

UF: Socioeconomic level

UF: Status (Socioeconomic)

RT: Disadvantaged groups

RT: Economic conditions

RT: Family background

RT: Living standards

RT: Low income

RT: Quality of life

RT: Social classes

RT: Social indicators

RT: Social mobility

RT: Social status

RT: Wealth

### **Sociology**

BT: Social sciences

NT: Urban sociology

RT: Communities

RT: Culture

RT: Groups

RT: Ideology

RT: Role

RT: Social change

RT: Social order

RT: Social problems

### *Sole parent families*

USE: One parent families

### *Sole parents*

USE: Single parents

### *Solicitors*

USE: Legal practitioners

### *Solvent abuse*

USE: Inhalant abuse

### **Somalis**

BT: Ethnic groups

### **Sons**

RT: Boys

RT: Children  
RT: Daughters  
RT: Family  
RT: Parents  
RT: Siblings

#### *Sorrow*

USE: Grief

#### **South Sea Islanders**

BT: Ethnic groups

#### **Spaniards**

BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Europeans

#### **Special education**

BT: Education  
RT: Disabled children  
RT: Gifted  
RT: Integration (Disabled students)  
RT: Normalisation (Disabled)  
RT: Rehabilitation  
RT: Special schools

#### **Special schools**

BT: Schools  
RT: Special education

#### **Speech**

BT: Language  
RT: Communication

#### *Spending*

USE: Expenditure

#### *Sperm donors*

USE: Gamete donors

#### *Spinsters*

USE: Single people

#### **Spirituality**

RT: Religion

#### **Split residence (Children)**

RT: Parenting plans  
RT: Residence (Children)  
RT: Shared residence (Children)  
RT: Siblings  
SN: After marital separation where at least one child in the family lives with each parent.

#### **Sponsorship**

RT: Finance  
RT: Immigration  
RT: Immigration policy  
RT: Migrants  
RT: Public finance

#### **Sport**

RT: Leisure  
RT: Lifestyle  
RT: Physical activity  
RT: Physical education  
RT: Physical fitness  
RT: Recreation

#### **Spousal maintenance**

BT: Maintenance payments  
RT: Child support  
RT: Divorce  
RT: Economic dependency

RT: Family law  
SN: Payments to one spouse by the other after divorce.

#### *Spouse dependency (Economic)*

USE: Economic dependency

#### **Spouses**

NT: Husbands  
NT: Wives  
RT: Couple relationship  
RT: Couples  
RT: Marriage  
RT: Economic dependency  
SN: Partners in a marriage, considered separately.

#### **Squatting (Housing)**

RT: Homelessness  
RT: Housing

#### **Sri Lankans**

BT: Asians  
BT: Ethnic groups

#### *Staff*

USE: Personnel

#### *Staff reduction*

USE: Retrenchment

#### *Staff recruitment*

USE: Recruitment

#### **Stalking**

RT: Crime  
RT: Injunctions  
RT: Sexual harassment

#### *Standard of living*

USE: Living standards

#### **Standards**

NT: Living standards  
RT: Accountability  
RT: Achievement  
RT: Best practice  
RT: Ethics  
RT: Evaluation  
RT: Law  
RT: Regulations  
RT: Values

#### *Starting school*

USE: School readiness  
USE: School transition

#### *State aid*

USE: Grants

#### *State federal relations*

USE: Intergovernmental relations

#### **State government**

BT: Government  
RT: Federal government  
RT: Interagency collaboration  
RT: Intergovernmental relations  
RT: Local government  
RT: Policy  
RT: Policy making  
RT: Public administration  
RT: Public finance

*State wards*  
USE: Wards

### **Statistical analysis**

NT: Cluster analysis  
NT: Discriminant analysis  
NT: Error analysis  
NT: Factor analysis  
RT: Methodology  
RT: Research  
RT: Sampling (Experimental)  
RT: Small area statistics  
RT: Statistics  
SN: Application of statistical procedures to the interpretation of numerical data. Use for works discussing methodology.

### **Statistics**

UF: Incidence  
RT: Census  
RT: Demography  
RT: Econometrics  
RT: Small area statistics  
RT: Statistical analysis  
SN: Used for collections of quantitative data.

### *Status (Marital)*

USE: Marital status

### *Status (Social)*

USE: Social status

### *Status (Socioeconomic)*

USE: Socioeconomic status

### **Step-families**

UF: Blended families  
UF: Stepfamilies  
BT: Family  
RT: Remarriage  
RT: Step-parents  
SN: Families where there is a child or children from a previous marriage.

### **Step-parents**

BT: Parents  
RT: Step-families

### *Stepfamilies*

USE: Step-families

### **Stereotypes**

RT: Attitudes  
RT: Discrimination  
RT: Sex role

### **Sterilisation**

UF: Vasectomy  
BT: Contraception  
RT: Family planning

### *Sterility*

USE: Infertility

### **Stigma**

UF: Social stigma  
RT: Attitudes  
RT: Discrimination

### **Stillbirth**

RT: Birth

*Stolen Generations*  
USE: Aboriginal child removal

### *Street kids*

USE: Youth homelessness

### **Stress**

UF: Burnout  
UF: Mental strain  
UF: Tension  
NT: Post traumatic stress disorder  
RT: Anxiety  
RT: Coping behaviour  
RT: Crises  
RT: Diseases  
RT: Emotions  
RT: Fear  
RT: Financial stress  
RT: Health  
RT: Neuroses  
RT: Occupational health  
RT: Wellbeing

### **Strikes**

RT: Industrial arbitration  
RT: Industrial relations  
RT: Trade unions

### *Stroke*

USE: Cerebrovascular diseases

### **Student allowances**

UF: Allowances (Student)  
UF: Scholarships  
BT: Youth allowances  
RT: Education  
RT: Educational fees  
RT: Educational finance  
RT: Students

### **Student assessment**

UF: Assessment (Students)  
UF: Grading of students  
UF: Examinations  
BT: Evaluation  
RT: Ability  
RT: Academic achievement  
RT: Qualifications  
RT: Students  
RT: Teaching

### **Student counselling**

UF: School counselling  
BT: Counselling  
RT: Home school relationship  
RT: Student services

### **Student services**

BT: Services  
RT: School counsellors  
RT: Schools  
RT: Student counselling  
RT: Students  
RT: Vocational guidance  
SN: Student services offered by a school, college or university, covering health, social relationships, housing, employment etc.

### **Students**

UF: Pupils  
NT: Mature age students  
NT: Primary students  
NT: Secondary students

NT: Tertiary students  
RT: Apprenticeships  
RT: Education  
RT: Educational participation  
RT: Schools  
RT: Student allowances  
RT: Student assessment  
RT: Student services  
RT: Truancy

### **Subculture**

BT: Culture  
RT: Alternative lifestyle  
RT: Attitudes  
RT: Cultural assimilation  
RT: Cultural integration  
RT: Minorities  
RT: Multiculturalism

### **Subsidies**

BT: Public finance  
NT: Employment subsidies  
RT: Child care fee relief  
RT: Grants  
SN: Payments by government to specific industries to keep down the price of commodities or to compensate for losses.

### *Substance abuse*

USE: Drug abuse

### *Substitute care*

USE: Out of home care

### **Suburban life**

RT: Cities  
RT: Communities  
RT: Neighbourhoods  
RT: Suburbs  
RT: Towns  
RT: Urban environment

### **Suburbs**

BT: Communities  
NT: Inner suburbs  
NT: Outer suburbs  
RT: Cities  
RT: Geographic location  
RT: Neighbourhoods  
RT: Suburban life  
RT: Towns  
RT: Urban environment

### **Sudanese**

BT: Ethnic groups

### **Sudden infant death syndrome**

UF: Cot deaths  
UF: SIDS  
BT: Death  
RT: Infants  
SN: An as yet unexplained phenomenon where infants in their first year stop breathing and die.

### **Suicidal ideation**

RT: Suicide  
SN: Thoughts about or an unusual preoccupation with suicide.

### **Suicide**

BT: Death  
NT: Suicide methods  
RT: Homicide

RT: Mental depression  
RT: Self harm  
RT: Social problems  
RT: Suicidal ideation

### **Suicide methods**

BT: Suicide  
RT: Firearms

### **Superannuation**

RT: Age pensions  
RT: Income  
RT: Life insurance  
RT: Pensions  
RT: Property  
RT: Retirement

### **Supervision**

BT: Management  
BT: Personnel management  
RT: Evaluation  
RT: Personnel  
SN: The process or function of directing and evaluating activities in progress, and of providing leadership and guidance.

### *Support centres*

USE: Crisis centres

### *Support networks*

USE: Social support networks

### **Supporting parents benefits**

BT: Benefits  
RT: One parent families  
SN: Regular payment from the Federal government to single parents for child support.

### *Surgeons*

USE: Medical practitioners

### *Surnames*

USE: Name registration

### **Surrogacy**

RT: Adoption  
RT: Assisted reproduction  
RT: Biological parents  
RT: Birth  
RT: Gamete donors  
RT: In vitro fertilisation  
RT: Infertility  
RT: Pregnancy  
RT: Surrogate mothers

### **Surrogate mothers**

BT: Mothers  
RT: Adoption  
RT: Biological parents  
RT: Infertility  
RT: Surrogacy (Birth)  
SN: Women who bear a child for another woman or couple.

### **Surveys**

UF: Feasibility studies  
BT: Measures  
NT: Public opinion polls  
NT: Telephone surveys  
RT: Interviewing  
RT: Methodology  
RT: Questionnaires  
RT: Research

*Survivors*

USE: Victims

*Syllabus*

USE: Curriculum

*Systems abuse*

USE: Institutional abuse

*TAFE*

USE: Technical colleges

**Tax avoidance**

UF: Tax evasion

RT: Income tax

RT: Informal economy

RT: Taxation

**Tax deductions**

RT: Fringe benefits

RT: Income tax

*Tax evasion*

USE: Tax avoidance

**Tax reform**

RT: Taxation

**Taxation**

NT: Capital gains tax

NT: Consumption tax

NT: Death duties

NT: Income tax

NT: Indirect tax

NT: Sales tax

RT: Economic policy

RT: Fringe benefits

RT: Public finance

RT: Tax avoidance

RT: Tax reform

**Teacher attitudes**

BT: Attitudes

RT: Teachers

SN: Attitudes of, not towards, teachers.

**Teacher education**

UF: Teacher training

BT: Education

BT: Tertiary education

RT: Teachers

RT: Teaching

*Teacher parent relationship*

USE: Parent teacher relationship

**Teacher role**

BT: Role

RT: School role

RT: Teachers

*Teacher training*

USE: Teacher education

**Teachers**

BT: Professional personnel

RT: Parent teacher relationship

RT: Schools

RT: Teacher attitudes

RT: Teacher education

RT: Teacher role

RT: Teaching

**Teaching**

UF: Instruction

UF: School teaching

RT: Communication

RT: Curriculum

RT: Education

RT: Learning

RT: Learning problems

RT: Mentoring

RT: Student assessment

RT: Teacher education

RT: Teachers

**Technical colleges**

UF: TAFE

BT: Educational institutions

RT: Technical education

**Technical education**

BT: Education

RT: Apprenticeships

RT: Technical colleges

RT: Vocational education

*Techniques*

USE: Methodology

**Technological change**

BT: Change

RT: Economic development

RT: Educational change

RT: Industrialisation

RT: Information technology

RT: Quality of life

RT: Social change

RT: Social impact

RT: Technology

**Technology**

UF: Applied science

NT: Information technology

NT: Medical technology

RT: Industry

RT: Quality of life

RT: Science

RT: Technological change

RT: Telecommunications

*Teenage fathers*

USE: Adolescent fathers

*Teenage mothers*

USE: Adolescent mothers

*Teenagers*

USE: Adolescents

**Telecommunications**

UF: Communications systems

UF: Electronic communications

NT: Internet

NT: Radio

NT: Telephones

NT: Television

RT: Communication

RT: Computers

RT: Information technology

RT: Mass media

RT: Social media

RT: Technology

*Telecommuting*

USE: Home based employment



**Telephone counselling**

BT: Counselling  
RT: Telephones

**Telephone surveys**

BT: Surveys  
RT: Phone-ins  
RT: Telephones  
SN: Use for methodological issues, not for the findings of such a survey.

**Telephones**

BT: Telecommunications  
RT: Phone-ins  
RT: Telephone counselling  
RT: Telephone surveys

**Television**

BT: Mass media  
BT: Telecommunications  
RT: Films  
RT: Television programs  
RT: Television viewing

**Television programs**

RT: Television  
RT: Television viewing

**Television viewing**

RT: Leisure  
RT: Television  
RT: Television programs

*Teleworking*

USE: Home based employment

**Temperament**

BT: Psychology  
RT: Child development  
RT: Personality

**Temporary labour immigration**

BT: Immigration  
RT: Geographic mobility  
RT: Labour market

**Tenancy law**

BT: Law  
RT: Rental housing  
RT: Tenants

**Tenants**

RT: Rent  
RT: Rental housing  
RT: Tenancy law

*Tension*

USE: Stress

**Terminal illness**

RT: Cancer  
RT: Chronic illness  
RT: Death  
RT: Diseases  
RT: Euthanasia  
RT: Health  
RT: Hospices  
RT: Palliative care  
RT: Physical illness  
RT: Withholding treatment

**Terrorism**

BT: Crime  
RT: Abduction  
RT: Violence  
SN: Violence or threats of violence in order to achieve political, economic or social goals.

**Tertiary education**

UF: Higher education  
UF: Postsecondary education  
BT: Education  
NT: Teacher education  
RT: Academic personnel  
RT: Continuing education  
RT: Graduates  
RT: Tertiary students  
RT: Universities

**Tertiary students**

UF: University students  
BT: Students  
RT: Graduates  
RT: Mature age students  
RT: Tertiary education

**Test items**

RT: Measures  
RT: Methodology  
RT: Response style  
RT: Test validity  
SN: Units of a test that elicit responses which can be scored separately and related to the skill the test is measuring as a whole.

*Test tube fertilisation*

USE: In vitro fertilisation

**Test validity**

RT: Evaluation  
RT: Measures  
RT: Methodology  
RT: Response style  
RT: Test items  
RT: Test reliability  
SN: Extent to which a test measures what it was designed to measure.

**Thais**

BT: Asians  
BT: Ethnic groups

**Theft**

BT: Crime  
RT: Fraud  
RT: Shoplifting

**Theories**

RT: Concepts  
RT: Ideology  
RT: Knowledge  
RT: Methodology  
RT: Research

**Theory formulation**

RT: Concept formation  
RT: Methodology  
RT: Research

**Therapists**

BT: Professional personnel  
RT: Counsellors  
RT: Psychiatrists  
RT: Psychologists

RT: Social workers  
RT: Therapy

### Therapy

BT: Treatment  
NT: Bibliotherapy  
NT: Family therapy  
NT: Group therapy  
NT: Occupational therapy  
NT: Physiotherapy  
NT: Psychotherapy  
NT: Rehabilitation  
NT: Sex therapy  
RT: Behaviour modification  
RT: Informed consent  
RT: Medicine  
RT: Therapists

### Third parties (Law)

RT: Family law  
RT: Insurance  
RT: Law  
RT: Liability  
RT: Property

### Time use

RT: Family mealtimes  
RT: Leisure  
RT: Productivity  
RT: Unpaid work in the home  
HN: Replaced 'time utilisation' in March 2009

### Timorese

BT: Asians  
BT: Ethnic groups

### Tongans

BT: Ethnic groups

### Torres Strait Islanders

BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Indigenous people  
RT: Indigenous Australians

### Torts

UF: Civil wrongs  
BT: Civil law  
NT: Liability  
NT: Negligence  
RT: Compensation (Law)  
SN: Any wrong, other than a criminal wrong.

### Torture

BT: Deviant behaviour  
RT: Punishment  
RT: Victims  
RT: Violence

### Tourism

BT: Industry  
RT: Holidays  
RT: Infrastructure  
RT: Leisure  
RT: Recreation

### Town planning

UF: City planning  
UF: Urban planning  
RT: Cities  
RT: Environmental planning  
RT: Housing  
RT: Infrastructure  
RT: Public space

RT: Regional planning  
RT: Towns  
RT: Urban consolidation  
RT: Urban environment  
RT: Urban policy  
RT: Urban sociology

### Towns

RT: Cities  
RT: Communities  
RT: Geographic location  
RT: Neighbourhoods  
RT: Rural communities  
RT: Suburban life  
RT: Suburbs  
RT: Town planning  
RT: Urbanisation

### Toys

RT: Child development  
RT: Play

### Trade unions

UF: Unions  
BT: Organisations  
RT: Enterprise bargaining  
RT: Industrial relations  
RT: Industry  
RT: Strikes

### Traffic accidents

UF: Road accidents  
BT: Accidents  
RT: Motor vehicles

### Training

NT: Inservice training  
RT: Educational programs  
RT: Retraining  
RT: Skill development  
RT: Skills  
RT: Vocational education  
SN: Instructional process aimed at the acquisition of defined skills relating to particular functions or activities.

### *Transgenerational transmission*

USE: Intergenerational transmission

### *Transition from home to school*

USE: School readiness  
USE: School transition

### *Transition from school to work*

USE: School work transition

### *Transitions (Life stage)*

USE: Life stage transitions

### *Transplants*

USE: Organ transplants

### Transport

NT: Public transport  
RT: Commuting  
RT: Motor vehicles

### Transsexualism

UF: Sex changes  
UF: Transgender  
BT: Sexuality  
NT: Sex reassignment  
RT: Bisexuality

RT: Heterosexuality  
RT: Homosexuality  
RT: Sexual behaviour  
RT: Transvestism

### **Transvestism**

UF: Transvestites  
BT: Sexual behaviour  
RT: Bisexuality  
RT: Homosexuality  
RT: Transsexualism

### *Transvestites*

USE: Transvestism

### *Trauma (Emotional)*

USE: Emotional trauma

### *Trauma (Physical)*

USE: Injuries

### **Treatment**

NT: Counselling  
NT: Medical treatment  
NT: Therapy  
RT: Case management  
RT: Health services  
RT: Intervention  
RT: Mental health services  
RT: Rehabilitation  
RT: Withholding treatment  
SN: Context dependent term. Use a more specific term or combine with another term.

### **Tribunals**

RT: Appeals  
RT: Courts

### **Truancy**

BT: Absenteeism  
RT: Behaviour problems  
RT: School refusal  
RT: Students

### **Trust**

RT: Friendship  
RT: Interpersonal relationship  
RT: Social capital  
RT: Social interaction  
RT: Values

### **Trusts**

NT: Family trusts  
RT: Charities  
RT: Family law  
RT: Property

### **Turks**

BT: Ethnic groups

### **Twins**

BT: Siblings  
RT: Children  
RT: Multiple births

### **Ukrainians**

BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Europeans

### **Underemployment**

BT: Employment  
RT: Job sharing  
RT: Labour force participation

RT: Part time employment  
RT: Unemployment  
SN: Employment that is less than the number of hours employees want to work or below their demonstrated skills or earning levels.

### *Underprivileged*

USE: Disadvantaged groups

### *Understanding*

USE: Comprehension

### **Unemployment**

BT: Social problems  
NT: Long term unemployment  
NT: Youth unemployment  
RT: Economic recession  
RT: Employment  
RT: Employment policy  
RT: Employment subsidies  
RT: Job creation programs  
RT: Labour force participation  
RT: Labour market programs  
RT: Older workers  
RT: Retrenchment  
RT: Underemployment  
RT: Unemployment benefits  
RT: Unemployment duration

### **Unemployment benefits**

UF: Dole  
BT: Benefits  
RT: Long term unemployment  
RT: Unemployment

### **Unemployment duration**

RT: Labour force participation  
RT: Long term unemployment  
RT: Unemployment

### *Unintended conception*

USE: Unintended pregnancy

### **Unintended pregnancy**

UF: Unintended conception  
UF: Unplanned pregnancy  
UF: Unwanted pregnancy  
UF: Wrongful birth  
UF: Wrongful conception  
UF: Wrongful life  
UF: Wrongful pregnancy  
BT: Pregnancy  
RT: Birth  
RT: Civil law  
RT: Contraception  
RT: Disabled children  
RT: Negligence  
RT: Value of children  
SN: Legal, ethical, and social issues surrounding a conception, pregnancy, or birth deemed unwanted, unplanned, unintended or 'wrongful' by the parents, the child, or others.

### *Unions*

USE: Trade unions

### **Universities**

BT: Educational institutions  
RT: Academic personnel  
RT: Tertiary education

### *University fees*

USE: Educational fees

*University graduates*

USE: Graduates

*University students*

USE: Tertiary students

**Unpaid work in the home**

RT: Division of labour  
RT: Family economics  
RT: Househusbands  
RT: Housewives  
RT: Housework  
RT: Parenting  
RT: Time utilisation  
SN: Home duties including housework.

*Unplanned pregnancy*

USE: Unintended pregnancy

**Unskilled labour**

UF: Blue collar workers  
RT: Employment  
RT: Labour market  
RT: Occupations  
RT: Personnel  
RT: Skilled labour

*Unwanted pregnancy*

USE: Unintended pregnancy

**Urban consolidation**

RT: Infrastructure  
RT: Regional planning  
RT: Town planning  
RT: Urban environment  
RT: Urban policy

**Urban differences**

BT: Differences  
RT: Rural urban differences  
RT: Urban environment  
RT: Urbanisation

**Urban economics**

BT: Economics  
RT: Urban policy

**Urban environment**

UF: Suburban environment  
BT: Environment  
RT: Neighbourhoods  
RT: Pollution  
RT: Public space  
RT: Rural urban differences  
RT: Suburban life  
RT: Suburbs  
RT: Town planning  
RT: Urban consolidation  
RT: Urban differences  
RT: Urbanisation

*Urban planning*

USE: Town planning

**Urban policy**

BT: Policy  
RT: Environmental planning  
RT: Housing policy  
RT: Social policy  
RT: Town planning  
RT: Urban consolidation  
RT: Urban economics  
RT: Urban sociology

*Urban rural differences*

USE: Rural urban differences

*Urban rural migration*

USE: Population movement

**Urban sociology**

BT: Sociology  
RT: Cities  
RT: Town planning  
RT: Urban policy  
RT: Urbanisation

**Urbanisation**

RT: Cities  
RT: Economic development  
RT: Industrialisation  
RT: Population growth  
RT: Towns  
RT: Urban differences  
RT: Urban environment  
RT: Urban sociology

*Utility services*

USE: Infrastructure

*Vacations*

USE: Holidays

*Vaccination*

USE: Immunisation

**Value of children**

RT: Childlessness  
RT: Children  
RT: Culture  
RT: Family formation  
RT: Unintended pregnancy  
RT: Values

**Values**

UF: Cultural values  
UF: Social values  
RT: Attitudes  
RT: Behaviour  
RT: Ethics  
RT: Freedom  
RT: Ideology  
RT: Moral development  
RT: Political attitudes  
RT: Preferences  
RT: Quality of life  
RT: Religion  
RT: Social control  
RT: Social justice  
RT: Standards  
RT: Trust  
RT: Value of children  
RT: Work ethic

**Vandalism**

BT: Crime  
RT: Juvenile delinquency  
RT: Security

*Vasectomy*

USE: Sterilisation

*Venereal diseases*

USE: Sexually transmitted diseases

**Veterans**

UF: Ex-servicemen

UF: Returned soldiers  
RT: Defence force  
RT: War

### **Vicarious trauma**

UF: Compassion fatigue  
UF: Trauma (Vicarious)  
BT: Emotional trauma  
BT: Occupational health  
RT: Working conditions  
SN: The effect on professionals due to the repeated exposure to - or empathetic engagement with - traumatic material, people, or situations.

### **Victims**

UF: Survivors  
NT: Adolescent survivors  
NT: Adult survivors  
NT: Crime victims  
NT: Male victims  
RT: Abuse  
RT: Crime  
RT: False allegations  
RT: Rape  
RT: Torture  
RT: Violence

### **Vietnamese**

BT: Asians  
BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Indochinese

### **Violence**

BT: Behaviour  
BT: Social problems  
NT: Family violence  
NT: Intimate partner violence  
RT: Abuse  
RT: Aggression  
RT: Assault  
RT: Conflict  
RT: Crime  
RT: Homicide  
RT: Rape  
RT: Terrorism  
RT: Torture  
RT: Victims  
RT: War

### *Visitation (Children)*

USE: Child contact

### **Visually impaired**

UF: Blind  
BT: Physically disabled  
RT: Disabled  
RT: Senses

### **Vocational education**

UF: Career education  
UF: Job training  
UF: Vocational training  
BT: Education  
RT: Apprenticeships  
RT: Occupations  
RT: Retraining  
RT: School work transition  
RT: Secondary education  
RT: Skill development  
RT: Technical education  
RT: Training  
RT: Vocational guidance  
RT: Work experience

### **Vocational guidance**

UF: Occupational guidance  
BT: Counselling  
RT: Career choice  
RT: Careers  
RT: Occupations  
RT: Retraining  
RT: School work transition  
RT: Student services  
RT: Vocational education

### *Vocational training*

USE: Vocational education

### *Volatile substance abuse*

USE: Inhalant abuse

### *Voluntary work*

USE: Volunteering

### **Volunteering**

UF: Voluntary work  
BT: Community services  
RT: Charities  
RT: Mutual obligation  
RT: Nongovernment organisations  
RT: Social work

### *Wage equality*

USE: Equal pay

### **Wage fixation**

RT: Employment  
RT: Employment policy  
RT: Enterprise bargaining  
RT: Income  
RT: Indexation  
RT: Industrial awards  
RT: Wages  
RT: Working conditions

### *Wage indexation*

USE: Indexation

### **Wages**

UF: Salaries  
BT: Income  
BT: Working conditions  
NT: Minimum wages  
NT: Professional fees  
RT: Employment  
RT: Enterprise bargaining  
RT: Equal pay  
RT: Fringe benefits  
RT: Incentives  
RT: Income distribution  
RT: Indexation  
RT: Industrial awards  
RT: Living standards  
RT: Promotion (Occupational)  
RT: Wage fixation

### **Wards**

UF: State wards  
RT: Guardianship  
RT: Leaving care  
RT: Out of home care

### **War**

BT: Conflict  
RT: Adult survivors  
RT: Defence force  
RT: History

RT: Refugees  
RT: Veterans  
RT: Violence

### **Wealth**

BT: Economic conditions  
RT: Capital  
RT: Economics  
RT: Family trusts  
RT: Income  
RT: Income distribution  
RT: Living standards  
RT: Money  
RT: Poverty  
RT: Property  
RT: Social classes  
RT: Socioeconomic status

### *Weather*

USE: Climate

### *Weight*

USE: Body weight

### Welfare

USE: Social services

### **Welfare reform**

RT: Mutual obligation  
RT: Social policy  
RT: Social responsibility  
RT: Social services  
RT: Social welfare  
RT: Welfare state

### **Welfare state**

RT: Social justice  
RT: Social policy  
RT: Social services  
RT: Social welfare  
RT: Welfare reform

### *Well being*

USE: Wellbeing

### **Wellbeing**

UF: Well being  
BT: Quality of life  
RT: Adjustment  
RT: Child welfare  
RT: Coping behaviour  
RT: Happiness  
RT: Health  
RT: Lifestyle  
RT: Mental health  
RT: Physical fitness  
RT: Social welfare  
RT: Stress  
SN: Condition of existence, or state of awareness, in which physical and psychological needs are satisfied.

### **Western Samoans**

BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Pacific Islanders

### *White collar workers*

USE: Skilled labour

### **Widowers**

BT: Marital status  
BT: Men  
RT: Death

RT: One parent families  
RT: Single people  
RT: Widows

### **Widows' pensions**

BT: Pensions  
RT: Widows

### **Widows**

BT: Marital status  
BT: Women  
RT: Death  
RT: One parent families  
RT: Single people  
RT: Widowers  
RT: Widows' pensions

### *Wife bashing*

USE: Family violence

### **Wills**

RT: Estates  
RT: Inheritance  
RT: Probate law

### *Wishes, Children's*

USE: Children's wishes

### **Withholding treatment**

RT: Death  
RT: Decision making  
RT: Euthanasia  
RT: Terminal illness  
RT: Treatment

### *Witnesses, Children*

USE: Child witnesses

### *Witnesses, Expert*

USE: Expert witnesses

### **Wives**

BT: Spouses  
BT: Women  
NT: Housewives  
RT: Couples  
RT: Couple relationship  
RT: Husbands  
RT: Marriage

### **Women**

UF: Females  
NT: Female offenders  
NT: Female prisoners  
NT: Mothers  
NT: Widows  
NT: Wives  
RT: Femininity  
RT: Feminism  
RT: Gender  
RT: Girls  
RT: Men  
RT: Sex role  
RT: Women's refuges  
RT: Women's rights  
RT: Women's studies

### *Women prisoners*

USE: Female prisoners

### *Women's liberation*

USE: Women's rights

**Women's movement**

- RT: Feminism
- RT: Men's movement
- RT: Women's rights

**Women's refuges**

- BT: Refuges
- RT: Crisis centres
- RT: Family violence
- RT: Homelessness
- RT: Women

**Women's rights**

- UF: Emancipation of women
- UF: Women's liberation
- BT: Human rights
- BT: Rights
- RT: Affirmative action
- RT: Feminism
- RT: Women
- RT: Women's movement
- RT: Women's studies

**Women's studies**

- RT: Curriculum
- RT: Feminism
- RT: Men's studies
- RT: Women
- RT: Women's rights
- SN: Curriculum or subject area encompassing the history and contemporary social, political and cultural situation of women.

**Work**

- USE: Employment

**Work attitudes**

- BT: Attitudes
- NT: Work ethic
- RT: Job satisfaction
- RT: Occupational aspirations
- RT: Return to work
- RT: Working conditions

**Work based child care**

- UF: Employer sponsored child care
- BT: Child care
- RT: Working conditions

**Work ethic**

- BT: Work attitudes
- RT: Ethics
- RT: Job satisfaction
- RT: Values

**Work experience**

- RT: Career choice
- RT: Careers
- RT: Employment
- RT: School work transition
- RT: Vocational education

**Work family relationship**

- RT: Employee assistance
- RT: Employers
- RT: Employment
- RT: Family responsibilities
- RT: Personnel
- RT: Working conditions
- RT: Working mothers
- RT: Working parents

**Work school transition**

- USE: School work transition

**Worker participation**

- UF: Employee participation
- UF: Employee share plans
- UF: Industrial democracy
- BT: Participation
- RT: Industrial relations
- RT: Management
- RT: Working conditions

**Workers' compensation**

- BT: Benefits
- RT: Compensation (Law)
- RT: Insurance
- RT: Occupational health
- RT: Working conditions

**Workforce**

- USE: Labour market

**Working conditions**

- NT: Family leave
- NT: Leave of absence
- NT: Maternity leave
- NT: Parental leave
- NT: Paternity leave
- NT: Wages
- NT: Working hours
- RT: Absenteeism
- RT: Employee assistance
- RT: Employment
- RT: Employment policy
- RT: Enterprise bargaining
- RT: Fly-in fly-out employment
- RT: Industrial awards
- RT: Job satisfaction
- RT: Job sharing
- RT: Occupational health
- RT: Outworkers
- RT: Vicarious trauma
- RT: Wage fixation
- RT: Work attitudes
- RT: Work based child care
- RT: Work family relationship
- RT: Worker participation
- RT: Workers' compensation

**Working hours**

- UF: Hours of work
- BT: Working conditions
- RT: Absenteeism
- RT: Employment
- RT: Leisure
- RT: Part time employment
- RT: Shift work

**Working mothers**

- RT: Dual careers
- RT: Foregone earnings
- RT: Mothers
- RT: Return to work
- RT: Work family relationship
- RT: Working parents

**Working parents**

- BT: Parents
- RT: Dual careers
- RT: Employment
- RT: Foregone earnings
- RT: Work family relationship
- RT: Working mothers

**Working with children check**

BT: Pre-employment screening  
RT: Child safe organisations

**Working women**

BT: Women

*Workplace bargaining*

USE: Enterprise bargaining

*Wrongful birth*

USE: Unintended pregnancy

*Wrongful conception*

USE: Unintended pregnancy

*Wrongful life*

USE: Unintended pregnancy

*Wrongful pregnancy*

USE: Unintended pregnancy

**Young offenders**

UF: Juvenile offenders  
BT: Offenders  
RT: Criminals  
RT: Juvenile corrective institutions  
RT: Juvenile courts  
RT: Juvenile delinquency  
RT: Juvenile justice

**Youth allowances**

UF: Allowances (Youth)  
BT: Benefits  
NT: Student allowances  
RT: Educational finance  
RT: Youth  
RT: Youth unemployment

**Youth employment**

BT: Employment  
RT: Apprenticeships  
RT: Labour market programs  
RT: Youth  
RT: Youth unemployment  
SN: For references prior to 1993 combine the terms Youth and Employment.

**Youth health**

BT: Health  
RT: Adolescent health  
RT: Youth

**Youth homelessness**

UF: Homeless youth  
UF: Street kids  
BT: Homeless  
RT: Family breakdown  
RT: Leaving home  
RT: Runaways  
RT: Youth

**Youth policy**

BT: Policy  
RT: Education policy  
RT: Social policy  
RT: Youth

**Youth unemployment**

BT: Unemployment  
RT: Labour market programs  
RT: Youth  
RT: Youth allowances

RT: Youth employment

HN: For references prior to 1993 combine the terms Youth and Unemployment.

**Youth workers**

BT: Personnel  
RT: Social work  
RT: Social workers  
RT: Youth  
SN: Professional and non professional personnel involved in welfare work with youth and adolescents.

**Youth**

RT: Adolescent fathers  
RT: Adolescent mothers  
RT: Adolescents  
RT: Children  
RT: Leaving home  
RT: Life cycle  
RT: School leavers  
RT: Youth allowances  
RT: Youth employment  
RT: Youth health  
RT: Youth homelessness  
RT: Youth policy  
RT: Youth unemployment  
RT: Youth workers  
SN: Individuals or time of life between late adolescence and early adulthood, from about 15 to 24 years.

**Yugoslavs**

BT: Ethnic groups  
BT: Europeans